

Munich Re Group
Solvency II disclosure 2020

17 March 2021



SII ratio influenced by EOF decrease and SCR increase Adverse impact of COVID-19 and capital markets





¹ Opening adjustments mainly from M&A activity and model changes at ERGO. 2 Operating impact and market variances pre-tax. 3 Change in eligibility restrictions and other items. 4 Foreseeable dividend for 2020 (-€1.4bn), redemption of foreseeable share buy-back programme 2020/21 (€1.0bn), issuance of subordinated bond (€1.25bn).

Comments on EOF and SCR roll-forward



Munich Re Group 2020

EOF €39.9bn Decrease of €1.6bn;
thereof economic
earnings -€2.2bn,
capital management
€0.9bn positive

- Opening adjustments (-€0.2bn) mainly from M&A activity and model changes at ERGO.
- Operating impact (€2.1bn) includes €2.5bn of expected in-force contribution, and positive new business contribution of €0.8bn despite COVID-19. Operating variances from in-force business are mainly driven by Covid-19 losses, negative impact from model and assumption changes at RI L/H, partly compensated by reserve releases at RI P-C and overall positive variances at ERGO.
- Market variances (-€2.9bn) reflect negative economic earnings contribution versus expected real-world return on in-force business (€1.9bn, included in operating impact). Negative impacts from devaluation of foreign currencies against the euro as well as equity, credit and inflation.
- Other, including tax (-€1.4bn) consists of various minor negative non-operating items in all segments and tax expenses on operating impact and market variances which are presented pre-tax.
- Change in eligibility restrictions (-€0.1bn) resulting from changes of fungibility and transferability of own funds.
- Capital management (€0.9bn) includes foreseeable dividend for 2020 to be paid out in 2021 (-€1.4bn), withdrawal of share buy-back programme 2020/21 (€1.0bn) in Q2 and issuance of subordinated bond (€1.25bn) in Q3 2020.

SCR €19.2bn - Increase of €1.6bn

- Operating impact (€0.7bn): Mainly business growth, partially offset by de-risking of investments.
- Market variances (€1.3bn): Declining interest rates and higher risk charges for financial risk partly offset by foreign currency
 effects.
- Other incl. taxes (-€0.3bn): Mainly risk mitigating effect of taxes.

Outlook 2021 higher than IFRS result outlook • Economic earnings >€2.8bn based on the assumption of stable environment and capital markets, normal major losses – except for additional COVID-19 losses of €0.5bn in 2021 – and unchanged modelling parameters.

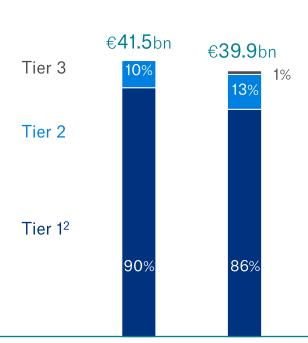
Breakdown of SCR and EOF



SCR by risk category

	Grou	ıp qı		RI	ERGO	Div.
€bn	2019	2020	Delta	2020	2020	2020
Property-casualty	8.8	9.4	+0.6	9.3	0.6	-0.5
Life and Health	6.4	7.0	+0.6	6.1	1.3	-0.4
Market	10.1	10.7	+0.7	5.6	6.6	-1.5
Credit	4.2	5.2	+1.0	2.8	2.6	-0.2
Operational risk	1.1	1.2	+0.1	0.8	0.6	-0.3
Other ¹	0.7	0.8	+0.1	0.5	0.3	-
Simple sum	31.2	34.3	+3.1	25.0	12.1	-2.8
Diversification	-10.7	-11.7	-1.1	-9.3	-1.2	-
Tax	-3.0	-3.4	-0.4	-3.0	-0.9	-
Total SCR	17.5	19.2	+1.6	12.8	10.0	-3.5

EOF by tier



Positive operating impact across all business units



Profit and loss attribution

2020 €bn	Reinsurance L/H	Reinsurance P-C	ERGO L/H Germany	ERGO P-C Germany	ERGO International	Munich Re Group
Operating impact	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.8	2.1
New business contribution	1.5	-1.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.8
Expected in-force contribution	0.6	1.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	2.5
Operating variances in-force business	-1.4	0.4	-0.1	0.0	0.5	-0.6
Debt costs	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.2
Other, including holding costs	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.5
Market variances	-0.5	-1.4	-0.5	-0.1	-0.4	-2.9
Other, including tax	-0.3	-0.2	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	-1.4
Other, non-operating and non-market changes	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-1.1
Tax	0.0	0.1	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	-0.3
Economic earnings	-0.2	-1.5	-0.6	-0.1	0.2	-2.2

Munich Re Group

Economic earnings



€bn			Operating impact
	2020	2019	
Operating impact	2.1	5.9	 New business contribution at previous year's level Due to COVID-19, operating variances in in-force business negative
New business contribution	0.8	0.8	overall
Expected in-force contribution	2.5	2.4	New business contribution
Operating variances in-force business	-0.6	3.5	 Strong new business in L/H reinsurance, even exceeding high previous-year amount
Debt costs	-0.2	-0.2	 P-C reinsurance impacted by COVID-19 losses and structurally by
Other, including holding costs	-0.5	-0.5	prudency margin; improved underlying performance vs. prior year Positive new business contribution at ERGO, higher than 2019
Market variances	-2.9	2.8	
Other, including tax	1 /	-1.3	Operating variances in-force business
Other, including tax	-1.4	-1.3	 Contribution from L/H reinsurance negative due to COVID-19 as well
Other, non-operating and non-market changes	-1.1	0.2	as negative impact from further assumption and model changes
Tax	-0.3	-1.5	 Main drivers for P-C reinsurance variances are reserve releases and outlier impact including further COVID-19 burden
Economic earnings	-2.2	7.4	 ERGO with solid portfolio performance in L/H and P-C Germany as well as improved assumptions for International health business

Life and health reinsurance

Economic earnings



€bn	2020	2019	Operating impact
Operating impact	0.6	1.9	 Exceptionally strong new business contribution Expected in-force contribution at previous year's level
New business contribution	1.5	1.3	 Very negative operating variances in in-force business
Expected in-force contribution	0.6	0.6	New business contribution
Operating variances in-force business	-1.4	0.1	 Beyond expectations; even higher than very strong previous year
Debt costs	-0.1	-0.1	 Very successful year in terms of financially motivated reinsurance High contribution from two in-force transactions
Other, including holding costs	-0.1	-0.1	 Regional concentration on North America and Asia
Market variances	-0.5	1.2	Operating variances in-force business
Other, including tax	-0.3	-0.4	 Negative variance from COVID-19, reflecting current year experience and projected claims beyond 2020
Other, non-operating and non-market changes	-0.3	0.2	 Positive experience excl. directly/indirectly attributable COVID-19 claims
Tax	0.0	-0.6	 Adjustments to old-age mortality contributed in particular to negative aggregate assumption changes
Economic earnings	-0.2	2.7	Negative model changes driven by risk margin and diversification updates

Property-casualty reinsurance



Economic earnings

€bn			Operating impost
	2020	2019	Operating impactHigh outlier losses due to the coronavirus pandemic burden the overall
Operating impact	0.1	1.5	result
New business contribution	-1.6	-1.2	New business contribution
Expected in-force contribution	1.4	1.2	 Considerable outliers, including the majority of COVID-19-related
Operating variances in-force business	0.4	1.7	claims, affecting new business beyond expectations and above the level of previous year
Debt costs	-0.1	-0.1	 Prudency margin (~ -€0.9bn; 4% of NEP) similar to 2019 due to
Other, including holding costs	-0.1	-0.1	 continued reserving discipline along with top-line growth Both drivers mentioned above overlap the strong growth driven by rate
Market variances	-1.4	2.3	increases and improved terms and conditions
Other, including tax	-0.2	0.0	Operating variances in-force business
Other, non-operating and non-market changes	-0.3	0.3	 Reserve releases for basic losses and outlier run-off profits reflect Munich Re's prudent reserving approach
Tax	0.1	-0.3	 COVID-19 outliers partly impacting in-force business
Economic earnings	-1.5	3.8	

ERGOEconomic earnings



€bn

ebii	2020	2019
Operating impact	1.4	2.5
New business contribution	0.9	0.7
Expected in-force contribution	0.5	0.5
Operating variances in-force business	0.4	1.7
Debt costs	-0.1	-0.1
Other, including holding costs	-0.3	-0.4
Market variances	-1.0	-0.7
Other, including tax	-0.9	-0.9
Other, non-operating and non-market changes	-0.4	-0.3
Tax	-0.5	-0.6
Economic earnings	-0.5	1.0

Operating impact

 Overall favourable development in 2020 despite difficult market environment

New business contribution

- Increased new business contribution in German health and P-C business
- Stable new business contribution in International segment

Operating variances in-force business

- Stable portfolio performance in L/H and P-C Germany
- Improved assumptions for International health business

Market variances

 Negative market variances predominantly resulting from a further decrease in risk-free interest rates affecting mainly life business