

Munich Re's Statement on the Australian Modern Slavery Act

This statement is made pursuant to Part II, section 14 of the Australian Modern Slavery Act 2018 and constitutes Munich Re's joint Modern Slavery statement for the financial year ending 31 December 2020 for the following entities:

- Münchener Rückversicherungs-Gesellschaft Aktiengesellschaft in München ("MR AG") (ABN: 90 009 763 526)

And its wholly owned subsidiaries:

- Munich Holdings of Australasia Pty Limited ("MHA") (ABN: 80 000 159 651)
- Munich Reinsurance Company of Australasia Limited ("MRA") (ABN: 51 004 804 013)
- Great Lakes Insurance SE ("GLISE") (ABN: 18 964 580 576)

The organisation's structure, its business and its supply chains

MR AG is the ultimate parent of the Munich Re Group which operates from more than 50 locations around the world. Munich Re (Group) is one of the world's leading risk carriers and provides both insurance and reinsurance under one roof. This enables the Group to cover large stretches of the value chain in the risk market. Almost all reinsurance units operate under the uniform brand of Munich Re. Munich Re's investments world-wide are mainly managed by Munich ERGO Asset Management GmbH ("MEAG"), which also offers its expertise to private and institutional investors outside the Group.

In reinsurance, we operate in life, health and property-casualty business. Under reinsurance, we also include specialised primary insurance activities that are handled by the reinsurance organisation and business from managing general agencies (MGAs). Munich Re does business with over 4,000 corporate clients from more than 160 countries. We write our business in direct collaboration with primary insurers, but also via brokers and within the framework of strategic partnerships. In addition to traditional reinsurance business, we participate in insurance pools, public-private partnerships, business in specialist niche segments, and as a primary insurer.

MR AG writes non-life reinsurance business in Australia primarily through its Australian Branch ("MRAU"). Life reinsurance business is conducted via MRA. GLISE maintains an Australian branch, Great Lakes Australia ("GLA"), offering primary insurance. MRAU, and GLA are authorised by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) to operate as general insurers in Australia. MRA is authorised by APRA to operate as a life insurer in Australia. MHA acts as a holding company for MRA and employs all staff in Australia.

As a globally operating organisation, Munich Re procures many different goods and services throughout the world. By purchasing at best total value in terms of quality, time and cost, while ensuring compliance at all times, the procurement functions throughout the Group seek to deliver a substantial and lasting contribution to the success of Munich Re. Munich Re has established a due diligence process for identifying, analysing, assessing, and managing potential risks of modern slavery within our supply chains, which we describe in more detail for all identified dimensions below.

All "Munich Re" processes and rules described below apply to all reporting entities. Measures that apply only to GLISE are described as such.

Munich Re's policies in relation to slavery and human trafficking

Munich Re is convinced that its business model can only be successfully realised in the future through long-term and responsible action.

Therefore, we are committed to upholding human rights as defined in the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, in the International Bill of Human Rights¹, and in the Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work issued by the International Labour Organization (ILO). In addition, we emphasised and embraced our responsibility to uphold human rights by committing to the ten principles of the United Nations Global Compact in 2007. These same principles are incorporated in our Group Code of Conduct.

As a signatory to the UN Global Compact, Munich Re is committed to:

- Promoting and observing the protection of internationally recognised human rights
- Making sure that the Group is not complicit in human rights abuses
- Upholding the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining
- Advocating the elimination of all types of forced labour
- Championing the abolition of child labour
- Helping put an end to discrimination in hiring and employment

The Munich Re Board of Management has formulated its own position on human rights, which you can find on the [Munich Re website](#).

Munich Re's due diligence processes in relation to slavery and human trafficking in its business and supply chains

In order to bring our commitment to respecting human rights to life, Munich Re has developed a due diligence process that covers the key components of human-rights due diligence:

- Policy commitment of the Board of Management to respect human rights
- Identifying and assessing human rights risks and impacts
- Implementing measures and monitoring
- Reporting and communicating
- Remedy and grievance mechanism

Assessment of human rights risks

In a systematic evaluation of potential risks, Munich Re defined the following four dimensions as critical to upholding human rights: employees, procurement, our insurance business (primary insurance and reinsurance), and investment management. For each of these dimensions, we identify, assess and, if necessary, mitigate potential risks with regard to the infringement of human rights.

We place particular emphasis on our core business and investments. We are conscious of the fact that there is a range of industries and projects that may have a major impact on the environment, local communities and other stakeholder groups. The systematic anchoring of environmental, social and governance (ESG) aspects in core business enables us to identify these risks and, in cooperation with our clients, to minimise them as far as possible. With this in mind, we have specific analysis tools in place. We established twelve generally applicable ESG aspects which explicitly include human rights and labour rights. These aspects help to identify industrial sectors with high ESG risk exposure, thus allowing sensitive business topics to be recognised. Questionnaires specially tailored to these topics were integrated into an ESG tool, which helps our underwriters systematically take ESG aspects into account when performing risk assessments.

In addition, we have created a risk mapping tool specifically for human rights. This tool is designed to aid our employees in categorising and evaluating countries and economic sectors as per various indices and human rights topics. We consider the following topics when mapping risks by country: child labour and forced labour;

¹ Including the Universal Declaration of Human Rights; the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights; and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.

discrimination on the basis of gender, sexuality or religion; corruption; threats to communities; restrictions on people's liberty or freedom; international and domestic conflicts. When we analyse sector risks, we focus on working conditions, child labour and forced labour, occupational health risks, and the sources of commodities.

Measures to manage human rights risks in Munich Re's supply chains

a) Measures for each risk dimension

For each of the four risk dimensions that we have defined – employees, procurement, our (re)insurance business and investment management – we have implemented measures, norms (incl. underwriting guidelines), and governance instruments. This enables us to reduce or mitigate risks with regard to violations of human rights; these approaches also guide our decision-making in line with conscientious management practices.

As an employer, Munich Re observes international human rights standards and provides optimum working conditions for its staff with special focus on occupational health and safety, promoting diversity, and equal opportunities. Our Group-wide Diversity Policy sets down the most important principles in this action field and forms the basis for overarching and comprehensive diversity management. The focus areas of gender, different generations and internationality are key for our activities. Equal treatment is an inherent part of our corporate culture. Our Code of Conduct and additional self-commitments for responsible behaviour specify that we expect our employees to observe the personal dignity, privacy and personality rights of every individual. We do not tolerate any discrimination (on grounds of age, sex, ethnic origin, nationality, political opinion, race, religion or the like), sexual harassment, other personal harassment, or insulting behaviour.

With regard to all our **procurement** decisions and activities, we always observe the principles of compliance, and we embrace corporate responsibility throughout the value chain. Environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria play a pivotal role in our procurement of goods and services. We ensure compliance with ESG criteria and acceptance of the ten principles of the UN Global Compact in our day-to-day interaction with suppliers. To ensure compliance with the UN Global Compact within the supplier relationship, Munich Re implements a Corporate Responsibility (CR) clause into its standard contracts. If we believe the principles of the UN Global Compact have been breached, Munich Re reserves the right to cancel the contractual relationship by way of extraordinary termination for good cause. If a new supplier wishes to do business with Munich Re, it must first complete a supplier registration process. Using a self-disclosure questionnaire, it is requested to provide key information on the subject of sustainability. This information also addresses aspects relevant for exclusion criteria (refusal to sign the CR clause can be an exclusion criterion). Within the supplier registration process, it is mandatory for the supplier to confirm compliance with the UN Global Compact.

Munich Re has signed up to the Principles for Sustainable Insurance (PSI) and as such is committed to implementing ESG aspects that are relevant for our **(re-)insurance** business. The Munich Re human-rights risk mapping tool makes it possible to categorise all countries and sectors according to various human rights aspects, especially in the areas of child labour and modern slavery. This tool enables all our employees to carry out an initial risk analysis quickly and easily. A set of underwriting guidelines defines how all underwriters and client managers are to handle ESG risks in insurance transactions. These binding guidelines as well as best-practice recommendations were drawn up for sensitive topics and industry sectors; they are applicable for reinsurance, primary insurance and investment. These documents place particular emphasis on child labour and forced labour in mining, farming, and along their respective value chains, as well as the forced resettlement of indigenous communities. Human rights risks that threaten our reputation are presented as part of due diligence to the Reputational Risk Committee, which then takes a decision, possibly rejecting the risky course of action.

GLISE operates an agency model for accessing insurance business but recognises delegated authority can present greater risk due to the operational separation of such arrangements. GLISE includes contractual obligations on agents to not commit any criminal activity. It also expressly instructs agents to exercise care and skill in sub-delegating or performing their duties. The need for personnel to have professional qualification and experience is part of this duty, which is accepted to reduce the likeliness of working conditions that could constitute an offence. Our Agency function conducts due diligence when onboarding (re)insurance business and any concerns around modern slavery or human trafficking are escalated. Our dedicated Agency Audit function also includes the topic of Modern Slavery to the scope of audits.

Because Munich Re's business model as an insurer has a long-term focus, sustainability criteria play a key, strategic role in **investment**. We are obligated to invest our clients' money sensibly and profitably in a manner that adheres to strict security and return requirements. Therefore we have committed to observing the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) and consider it essential to integrate ESG aspects in our investment processes. For the majority of Munich Re's investments, our target is to be sustainable in accordance with our Group-wide Responsible Investment Guideline (RIG), and we track our progress in this regard in an internal sustainability index. Over 80% of our relevant investments were invested sustainably in 2020. We systematically incorporate individually defined ESG criteria into the selection process for the different asset classes. For investments in equities and bonds we use sustainability indices, ratings and specific ESG research by MSCI, which also includes human rights issues. In the asset classes of infrastructure, renewable energies, forestry and farmland, ESG aspects including human rights issues are reviewed in the due diligence process for investments. We regularly review our sustainability criteria for all assets.

b) General measures

Monitoring systems help us examine the effectiveness of our measures. We strive to continually improve our processes of due diligence and expand our screening of risks. For the monitoring in (re-)insurance business and investment, we use renowned external ESG databases to subject sensitive projects to a comprehensive review (also particularly with regard to human rights criteria). The active tender process of GLISE is periodically reviewed at contract renewal, where a supplier's ethics and risk of modern slavery and human trafficking offences are part of GLISE's overall consideration to conduct business. The review of the Corporate Responsibility clause in Munich Re's procurement contracts and the contractually guaranteed possibility of termination in the event of violations is carried out by our Compliance Department.

If a violation of human rights is reported, or we learn of it by any other means, the Munich Re compliance units responsible will look into the violation. An **investigation** is launched, which follows a procedure defined in an internal set of guidelines. Every potential instance of misconduct will be investigated and responded to. If we learn of human rights violations in an existing contractual relationship, we will engage in dialogue with the responsible stakeholders and seek to put risk-mitigating measures into practice.

Employees have the opportunity to report incidents directly to their line managers, the Compliance Officer or to Internal Audit. To additionally strengthen the compliance system, an independent external ombudsman has been appointed. Furthermore, Munich Re and GLISE offers its staff members, clients, suppliers, and other business partners a **whistleblowing portal** – publicly accessible on the Munich Re website – to report potential or actual compliance breaches. Here, relevant information can be exchanged safely and confidentially – globally and around the clock. The compliance unit receives this information and is responsible for processing it further. Everyone can provide information anonymously or under their own name.

Training and capacity building on slavery and human trafficking

All Munich Re staff worldwide are required to attend training on the Code of Conduct every two years so that they are familiar with the standards of ethical conduct in our daily work and are aware of the need to observe these rules day to day. This training includes, for example, reporting of infringements, data protection and corruption.

In the reinsurance sector, our corporate responsibility experts coordinate the implementation of the Principles for Sustainable Insurance (PSI) and the integration of ESG aspects in our reinsurance business. With this in mind, these experts on corporate responsibility provide relevant training for managers, underwriters and client managers in the different divisional units. In addition, a "Corporate Responsibility in Business" coordinators' network was established in the reinsurance sector and the coordinators were made aware of the topic. More than 800 staff members have been sensitised to ESG aspects and, in their role as multipliers, are now transferring their knowledge within their own departments, in risk assessments, client discussions and in exchanges with other units.

Employees responsible for human rights issues within the Group regularly attend external seminars and webinars in order to deepen their knowledge. Munich Re is also an active member of the Peer Learning Group of the German Global Compact Network.

Process of consultation

MR AG maintains a series of measures to ensure consistency across the Munich Re Group. All Munich Re Group **investments** are managed centrally by MEAG. Our Corporate Underwriting department conducts regular audits to ensure that all applicable rules and guidelines in **(re-)insurance business** are adhered to in all entities worldwide. The group-wide **Human Resources** and **Procurement** Policies of Munich Re constitute a binding set of rules for all entities worldwide. With the help of Group-wide reporting lines and control principles, compliance with these binding rules is ensured by all local units.

MR AG has engaged with senior leaders from the subsidiary reporting entities, MHA, MRA and GLISE outlining the Munich Re Group approach for identifying and assessing modern slavery risks and these senior leaders have reviewed this statement prior to its publication.

Activities in the financial year 2020

We will continue to work on the implementation of human and labour rights aspects and to consider our obligations under the Australian Modern Slavery Act 2018.

- In 2020, we offered training courses on compliance topics and ESG integration in business, raising awareness of human rights issues and possible human rights violations. Due to the special situation resulting from the coronavirus pandemic, only a few training courses were completed in 2020, with most postponed to 2021.
- Additionally, we built the global core-model for digital supplier management and went live with this solution at our Munich headquarters in 2020. The core-model will be rolled out globally over the next few years, and will enable us to improve accessibility, acceptance and documentation of the UN Global Compact Principles among our global supply base.
- The human right to health was obviously a particular concern for Munich Re in 2020. In the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic, Munich Re developed a comprehensive hygiene concept at an early stage to protect staff against infection with SARS-CoV-2 through a variety of work-safety measures. The plan included strict rules for behaviour in office buildings (including meeting rooms, restrooms, cafeterias and canteens), mandatory wearing of mouth and nose protection, guidance for unavoidable business travel including quarantine rules, and many more measures. This hygiene concept was continuously adapted to the current pandemic

situation across all locations worldwide. Several mouth-and-nose masks were distributed to each employee who entered an office building. From the beginning of the government-imposed lockdown measures, Munich Re made it possible for a large part of the workforce to work from home. Only around 10% of employees worked in the office during the lockdown periods. Increased flexibility in working hours has enabled parents to balance childcare, home schooling and work while following all social distancing rules.

This Statement has been approved by the Board of Management of MR AG on 20 May 2021.



Dr. Joachim Wenning
Chairman of the Board of Management
Munich Re