

Munich Re Group

Société Générale - ESG SRI Conference



Munich Re approach to decarbonisation Group Ambition 2025 and beyond



Today —	2025	Long-term	As per financial year 2023
Assets Financed GHG emmissions ¹	Target	Target	Achievement
No direct investment in listed companies with >15% revenue thermal coal ² >10% revenue oil sands	Thermal coal ⁷ –35% emissions	Thermal coal Full exit by 2040	Thermal coal –54% emissions
Oil and gas companies³ No new direct investment in pure-play oil and gas⁴ Net-zero commitment from integrated oil and gas companies required as of 2025 ⁵	Oil and gas ⁷ –25% emissions		Oil and gas –55% emissions
No direct illiquid investments in new oil and gas fields, midstream oil infrastructure and oil-fired power plants ⁶	Total ⁷ –25% to –29% emissions	Total Net-zero by 2050	Total –47% emissions
Liabilities Insurance-related GHG emissions ⁸	Target	Target	Achievement
Thermal coal No insurance for new coal mining, power plants, related infrastructure9	Thermal coal -35% emissions ¹²	Thermal coal Full exit by 2040 (incl. treaty business)	Coal-fired power plants -41% emissions Thermal coal mining -41% emissions
Oil and gas – exploration and production No insurance for new and existing oil sand sites and related infrastructure ¹⁰ , arctic exposure and infrastructure ¹¹ No insurance for new oil and gas fields, midstream oil infrastructure and oil-fired power plants ⁶	Oil and gas –5% emissions ¹³	Total Net-zero by 2050	Oil and gas –80% emissions
Own Operations GHG emissions from business operations ¹⁴	Target	Target	Achievement
Group headquarters in Munich: GHG net-zero (via GHG emissions removal certificates) All other Group's recognised GHG emissions from business activities: GHG-neutral (through GHG emissions reduction certificates)	Per employee –12% emissions	Total Net-zero by 2030	Per employee -34% emissions

All Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions are measured in CO₂-equivalent (CO₂e). Base year 2019 for all target and achievement numbers. Exceptions to policies can only be granted by a committee at Board level.

- 6 Applies to contracts/projects exclusively covering the planning, financing, construction or operation which have not yet been under production (oil & gas fields) or construction or operation (infrastructure and plants) as at 31 December 2022.
- 7 Listed equities, corporate bonds and for total direct real estate.
- 8 Applies to primary insurance, direct and facultative (re)insurance business.
- 9 For single location stand-alone risks.

10 For single location stand-alone risks; for mixed coverage above a certain threshold. 11 For exclusive coverages also incl. treaty business; for mixed coverages above a certain threshold.

GHG emissions).

- 12 Metric tonnes of thermal coal produced annually by insureds/installed operational capacity (in MW) of insured coal-fired power plants of insureds (used as an equivalent for approximate development of the
- 13 Operational property business, scope 1-3 life-cycle emissions 14 Scope 1, 2 and 3 (business travel, paper, water, waste)

¹ Scope 1 and 2.

² Exceptions are possible in individual cases for companies with revenues in thermal coal

between 15% and 30% on the basis of an active engagement dialogue.

³ Direct investments in equities or corporate bonds from listed oil and gas companies. 4 Publicly traded companies listed under the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) Oil

[&]amp; Gas sub-industries with the exception of Integrated Oil & Gas. 5 For companies with the highest relative and absolute emissions.

Our Low-Carbon insurance solutions and ESG-focused investments aim to contribute positively to our ESG strategy



Low-Carbon Solutions

To qualify as Low-Carbon Solutions in the environmental dimension, the solution must directly and exclusively cover one of the following activities:

- Generating, transmitting, storing, distributing or using renewable energy
- Increasing clean or climate-neutral mobility
- Switching to the use of responsibly sourced renewable materials
- Establishing energy infrastructure required to enable the decarbonisation of energy systems
- Use of environmentally safe carbon capture and utilisation (CCU) and carbon capture and storage (CCS) technologies

This includes e.g. Green-Tech Solutions which aim to support the energy transition by absorbing the technical risks involved.

ESG-focused Investments

Munich Re uses economically sound investment opportunities to create potential positive externalities. These include investments in renewable energy, forests with certified management, certified buildings, and green bonds.

	31.12.2023 €m
Green bonds	3,633
Renewables	3,130
Certified real estate	2,565
Certified forestry management	1,928

Close to €450m premium by low carbon solutions in 2023

Target for €3bn investments in renewables by 2025 was overachieved in 2023

Gender ambition 2025 Approaching the targeted 40% women in leadership roles



Share of women at management level

Achievements in 2023



Governance Structures at Board and Management level



Supervisory Board



<u>Audit Committee</u> Monitoring ESG risks



Praesidium and Sustainability Committee

Regularly addresses sustainability-related issues

ESG Committee



- Group CEO¹
- Group CFO
- Reinsurance CEO
- ERGO CEO

- Chief Investment Officer
- Head of Economics, Sustainability and Public Affairs (non-voting)

ESG Management Team



Members

- Head of Economics, Sustainability and Public Affairs¹
- Head of Sustainability
- Chief Underwriting Officer Reinsurance
- Chief Underwriting Officer ERGO

- Head of Strategic Asset Allocation Group
- Head of Corporate Underwriting Reinsurance
- Head of Financial and Regulatory Reporting



Overall responsibility for ESG-related strategic decisions



Tasks

Ensuring group-wide ESG strategy implementation

Group Sustainability Department

Supporting ESG Management Team/Committee, and business units

Insurance

Topic experts and ESG teams of business fields

Investment

ESG teams at Group Investment Management and MEAG

Central functions

Including HR, Risk Management, Legal and Compliance, Services, Communication, Reporting, etc.

1 Chair. Munich Re investor dialogue March 2024 5

ESG criteria are integrated into the remuneration system for the Board of Management



ESG targets account for 20% of the multi-year bonus and focus on at least one of the dimensions E, S, or G:

2022-2025 multi-year bonus:

- Environmental: targets related to Munich Re's climate strategy, including goals for insurance, asset management and own emissions
- Social: 40% of managers to be women by 2025
- Governance: share of overdue audit measures below 5%

2023-2026 multi-year bonus:

- Environmental: Define a climate ambition for 2030 in line with the 2050 net-zero target and deliver on climate commitments
- Social: 40% share of women in management positions at all levels across the Group until end of the financial year 2026
- Governance: The average share of audit findings not implemented in a timely manner in relation to the total number of open audit findings is to be no higher than 5% Groupwide at the end of quarters in the assessment period.

 Senior Leaders within the Group ensure through regular tone-from-the-top activities within their areas of accountability that the compliance culture continues to be on a high level.

2024-2027 multi-year bonus:

- Environmental: Define a climate ambition for 2030 in line with the 2050 net-zero target and deliver on climate commitments:
- Governance: Advancing Munich Re's own cyber security and compliance with relevant regulatory requirements

Remuneration system for members of the Board of Management



Relative	share	Component	Performance criteria	Target corridor	Evaluation		Payment (form, time)	Further components	
Fixed	~ 49%	Basic remuneration	FunctionResponsibilityLength of service on Board		-		Cash remuneration, monthly	Shareholding obligation (Share Ownership Guidelines)	
Fix	~ 1%	Regular fringe benefits/rer	As of 1 January 2021, no employer-financed pension scheme for new members of the Board of members of the Board of Management who were members of the Board before 2021 and decided their voting rigths to switch to the new system					100% of annual gross basic remuneration during the period of service on the BoM	
	~ 15%	Annual bonus (AB)	IFRS consolidated result	Scaling 0-100%/100-200% 0% = T - (2*X)	Achievement of annual target	Overall performance assessment for AB + MYB (bonus/malus aspects)	Cash remuneration, in the year after the one- year plan term	 5-year build-up phase or 2 years if service on the BoM commenced before 2019 obligation to provide proof 	
evaluat			100% = T 200% = T + X		Adjustment of target achievement by Supervisory Board, taking into account		Assessment of appropriateness of total remuneration		
				T = Target in €m X = Deviation in €m (T and X determined annually)		based on success and performance criteria (including		 in comparison with the market → DAX30 companies within the Company → upper management and staff 	
	~ 35% Multi-year bonus (MYB) (thereof	Multi-year bonus (MYB)	80% Total Shareholder Return (TSR) of Munich Re shares in comparison with a defined peer group (Peer group: Allianz, AXA,	Linear scaling 0–200%	Performance of Munich Re shares in comparison with peer group		Cash remuneration, in the year after the four- year plan term	overall (also over time)	
		Term: 4 years		0% = lowest TSR in peer group				Malus/Clawback → retention and compensation of variable remuneration possible	
		Generali, Hannover Re, SCOR, Swiss Re, Zurich Insurance Group)	200% = highest TSR in peer group		situation, performance and future prospects of the Company)		Remuneration for seats held on other boards \rightarrow to be paid over to Company		
			20% ESG-Target(s)	Scaling 0–200% 100% = Target	Achievement of multi- year target(s)			Severance payment cap → two years' remuneration, no more	
No subsequent adjustment of target values/comparative parameters for annual and multi-year bonus							than remaining term of the Board member's contract if that term is shorter		
Target overall remuneration (total remuneration for 100% evaluation of the variable remuneration components)								In the event of post-contractual non- competition agreement	
The defined maximum remuneration for the BoM function groups Chair (€9.5m) and ordinary member (€7.0m) limits the overall remuneration (including irregular/event-related fringe benefits, e.g. removal costs, compensation for bonuses forfeited at previous employers) allocable to a financial year.							Severance payments are taken into account in compensation for the period of competitive restriction		

Disclosure of taxonomy eligibility and alignment



Non-life insurance revenues ¹	100 % €37.0bn		100 % €156.1bn	Assets within the scope of application of the taxonomy KPI ³		
			~61%	Assets not used to assess taxonomy eligibility Non-EU and SME exposures and derivatives		
Non-eligible business Lines of business not explicitly related to climate-risk perils	~44%	Taxonomy regulation	Turnover- based ~16%	CapEx- based ~14%	Non-eligible assets ⁴ Assets assessed as non-eligible mainly in financial assets and infrastructure	
Taxonomy-eligible business Munich Re's eligible lines of business ²	~56%	Activities which have	~21 %	~20%	Taxonomy-eligible assets Includes direct investments in non- financial assets (e.g., real estate, forest), mortgage loans and financial assets	
Taxonomy-aligned business Munich Re's taxonomy aligned business (climate related)	~7.9%	been identified as eligible/aligned in accordance with the EU taxonomy	~2.2%	~2.5%	Taxonomy-aligned assets Includes direct investments, e.g., mortgage loans, real estate	

¹ Only non-life insurance revenues are relevant for taxonomy reporting. 2 LoBs: marine, aviation and transport; other than MTPL motor; fire and other damage to property. 3 Taxonomy regulation excludes government exposure, as well as other assets (e.g., receivables on reinsurance business, DTAs and cash) from numerator and denominator.

⁴ Assets from financial investee undertakings not used to assess taxonomy-eligibility are excluded from the eligibility assessment (- 3% for turnover- and 5% for CapEx-based).

Disclaimer



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