



Strong balance sheet – Strong returns

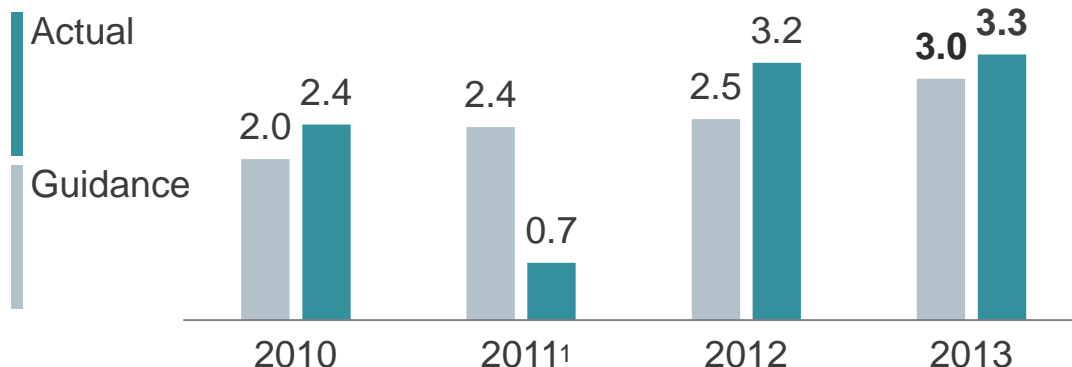
Analysts' conference 2014

Munich, 20 March 2014

Strong balance sheet – Strong returns	Nikolaus von Bomhard	2
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Delivering on promised net result ...

€bn

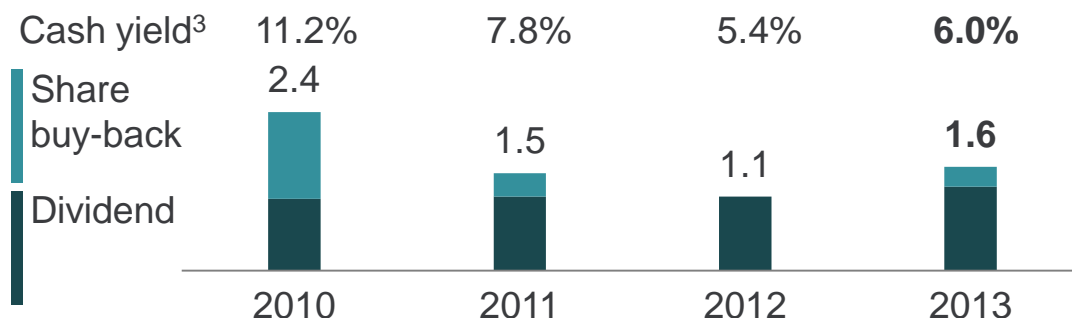


Outlook 2014

- Expected net result: €3bn
- Technical profitability becoming even more relevant ...
- ... in an environment of low interest rates and competitive reinsurance markets

... facilitating attractive shareholder participation²

€bn



- Strong capital position according to all metrics
- Dividend increase: from €7.00 to €7.25 per share
- Continuation of share buy-back: €1bn between AGM 2014 and AGM 2015

High level of diversification and disciplined bottom-line focus facilitating reliable earnings generation

¹ Assuming normal nat cat claims based on 8.5% budget, net result would have exceeded guidance.

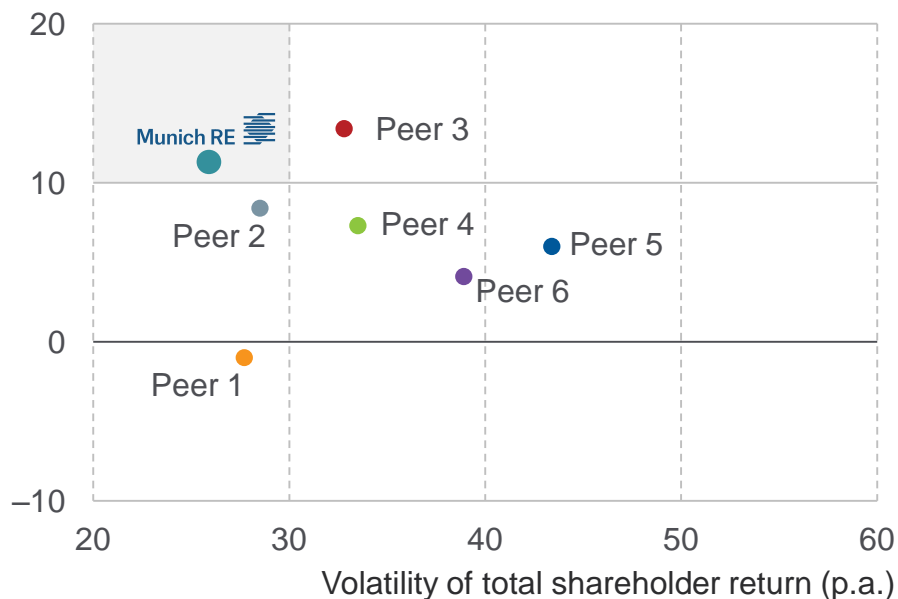
² Cash-flow view. ³ Total payout (dividend and buy-back) divided by average market capitalisation.

... resulting in stable long-term shareholder returns throughout different market phases

Attractive risk/return profile¹ ...

%

Total shareholder return (p.a.)

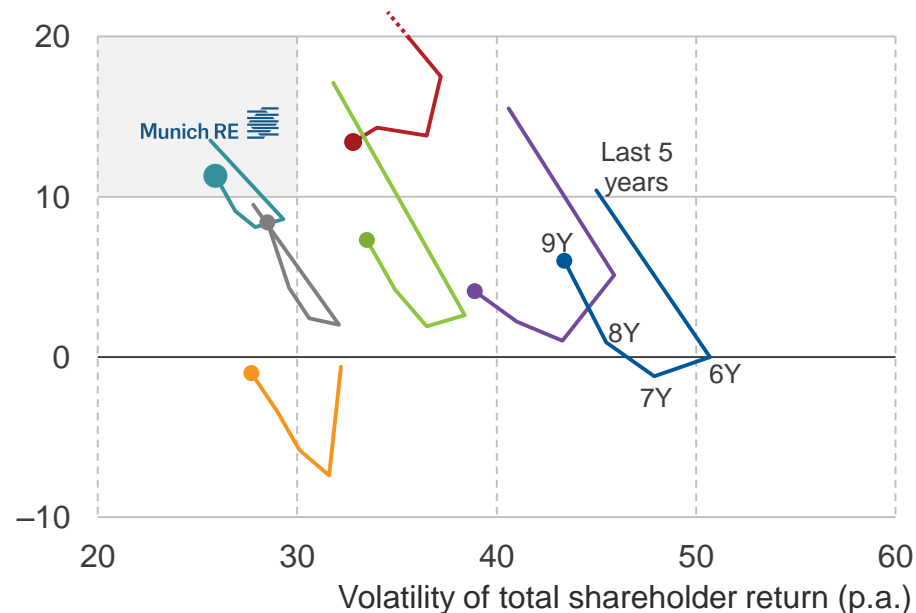


Below-average volatility leading to lower cost of capital

... throughout multiple time periods²

%

Total shareholder return (p.a.)



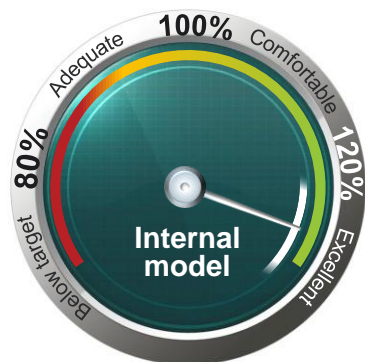
Performing well – irrespective of fluctuations in the capital markets

Munich Re shareholders enjoy attractive returns with comparatively low volatility

¹ Annualised total shareholder return defined as price performance plus dividend yield over the period from 1.1.2005 until 31.12.2013; based on Datastream total return indices in local currency; volatility calculation with 250 trading days per year. Peers: Allianz, Axa, Generali, Hannover Re, Swiss Re, ZIG. ² Same calculation as left chart with different starting points until 31.12.2013.

Stability reflected in solid financial position

Excellent economic solvency ratio further improved



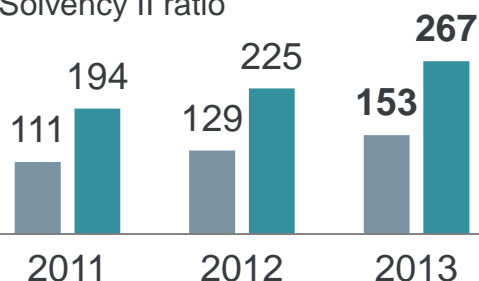
Substantial capital buffer supporting AA rating



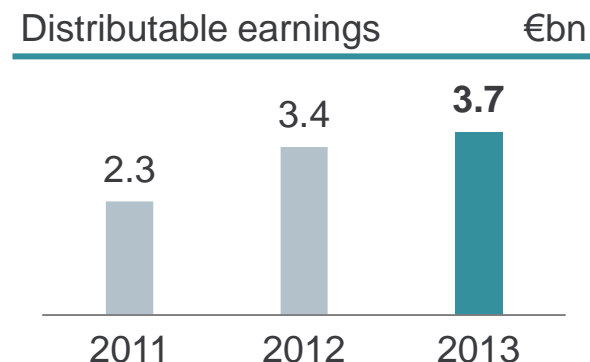
Strengthened German GAAP capital position



■ Economic solvency ratio
■ Solvency II ratio



Agency	Rating
A.M. Best	A+ (Superior)
Fitch	AA– (Very strong)
Moody's	Aa3 (Excellent)
S&P	AA– (Very strong)

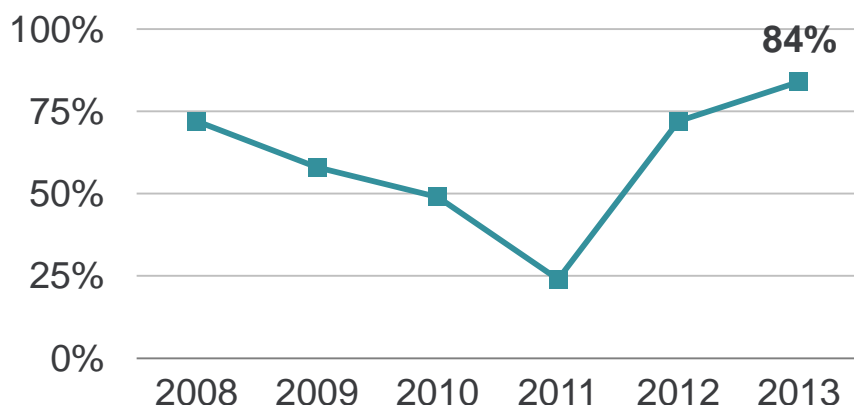


Strong capitalisation according to all metrics facilitating financial flexibility

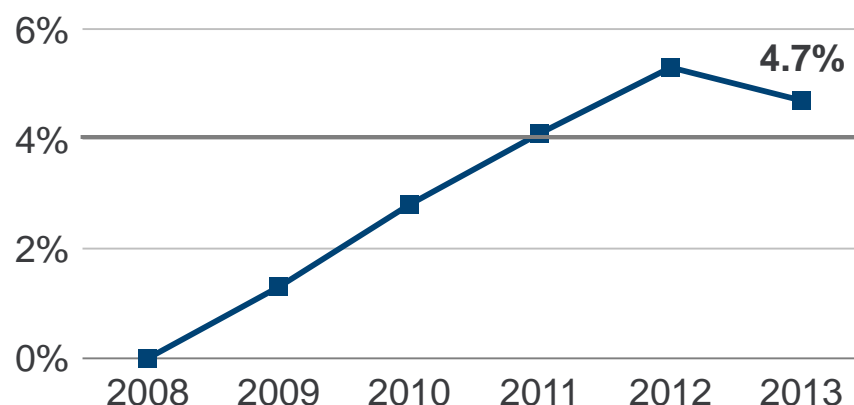
¹ German statutory accounting standards.

Low interest rates – Technical profitability becoming even more relevant




Increasing earnings contribution from underwriting¹






Run-off result²: Profitability in p-c reinsurance supported by strong reserving position



Low sensitivity to interest-rate changes

Net DV01 ³		€m
Reinsurance	-7.7	
Primary insurance	10.3	
Munich Re (Group)	2.6	

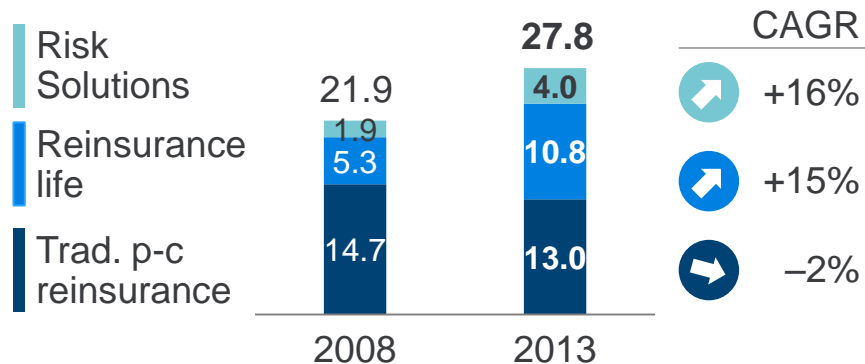
IFRS net result ⁴		€bn
+100bps		 0.2
+50bps		 0.1
-50bps	-0.1	

Becoming less dependent on investment income – focus remains on creating value in core underwriting business

¹ Contribution of technical result as a percentage of operating result. ² Run-off result in % of net earned premiums in property-casualty reinsurance (incl. large losses). ³ As at 31.12.2013. Net DV01: Sensitivity to parallel upward shift of yield curve by one basis point reflecting portfolio size. ⁴ Rough calculation with limited reliability assuming unchanged portfolio as at 31.12.2013.

Reinsurance – Competitive environment in property-casualty following increasing supply of capacity

Structural increase of business diversification¹ €bn

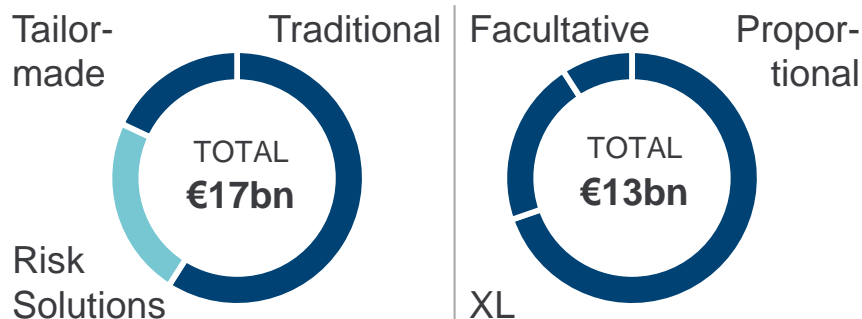


Munich Re well prepared

Diversification

- Risk Solutions – Profitable specialty business largely detached from reinsurance market
- Reinsurance life – Global market leading position stabilising overall results
- Flexibility – Swiftly adjusting to client demand (e.g. regions, perils, proportional and XL)

Property-casualty – Diversified business portfolio¹



Know-how and client proximity

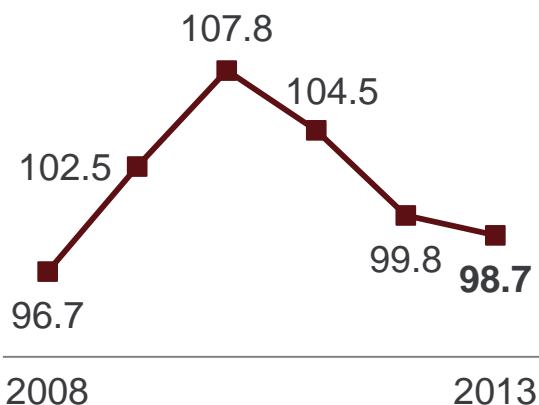
- Structuring expertise – Providing holistic tailor-made solutions beyond pure capacity
- Innovation – Creating solutions for new and emerging risks
- Achieving differential terms and conditions

Increasing share of business largely decoupled from reinsurance cycle and competition in traditional reinsurance

¹ Gross premiums written.

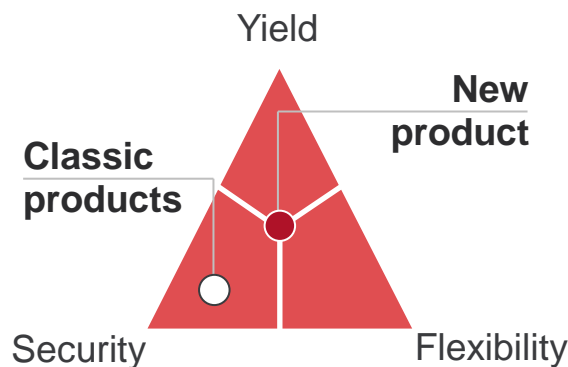
Primary insurance – Proactively tackling challenges

International – Combined ratio %



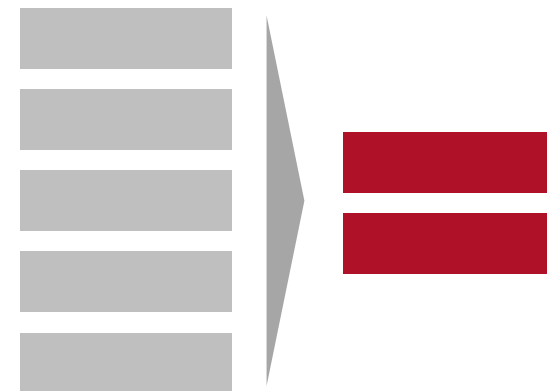
- Getting back to normal – Management measures bearing fruit, reflected in further improving technical profitability
- Combined ratio close to mid-term target of ~98%

German life – New product



- Successful introduction of new life product – Already making up ~50% of new business in private pensions¹
- Continuously improving risk/return-profile

Reorganisation

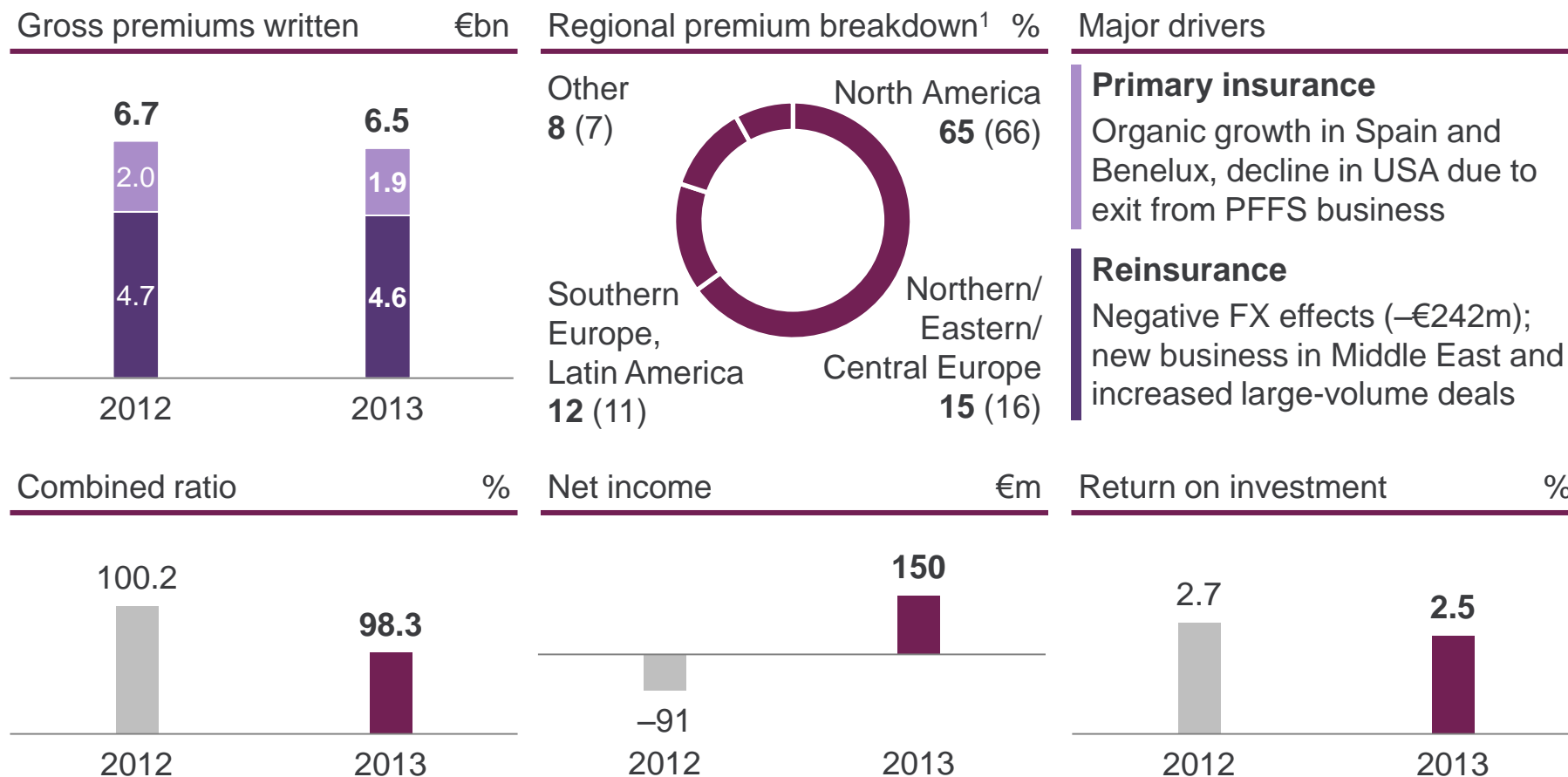


- Streamlining of sales completed
- Organisational changes aiming for leaner structures and stronger customer orientation
- Improving cost efficiency over the coming years

Well on track to continuously increase earnings contribution

¹ Annual premium equivalent (APE), only third-layer private provision and tied agent organisations.

Munich Health – Key financials



2013 results driven by improved US Medicare business and release of premium deficiency reserve in the USA

¹ Gross premiums written as at 31.12.2013 (31.12.2012).

Munich Health – Strong earnings 2013 after fixing problems in the US primary business

	Recent key findings	Management measures
Excellence Strengthen core capabilities	Reinsurance <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Underwriting results too volatile▪ Portfolio highly concentrated	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Strengthen underwriting and client management capabilities in Europe and the US▪ Foster international know-how exchange and intensify use of primary insurance capabilities for reinsurance
Execution Manage downsides, improve effectiveness	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Missing scale in US primary insurance business▪ High steering complexity	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Sale of Windsor Health Group and revised US strategy focused on reinsurance▪ Streamline organisational structure
Expansion Realise prioritised growth opportunities	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Reinsurance: Limited growth▪ Primary insurance: Limited attention on growth due to focus on turnaround challenges	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Reinsurance: Focus on capital relief transactions▪ Primary insurance: Expansion through leveraging existing platforms in emerging markets

Focus on excellence, execution and expansion to strengthen profitability and participate in growth of selected health markets

Main implications of Solvency II

- Catalyst for the introduction of risk/value-based steering
- Stimulus for product innovation and corresponding (risk) management actions
- Improved comparability within financial services industry



Impact on the insurance industry

- Fostering a paradigm change towards economic steering concepts
- Development of products balancing capital needs and client demand for suitable retirement solutions
- Higher capital requirements and transparency may drive consolidation and increase reinsurance demand

Impact on Munich Re

Reinsurance

- Internal economic model adequately reflecting portfolio diversification effects
- Providing know-how and structuring expertise becoming even more important for our clients
- Business potential as strong partner for holistic capital management solutions

Primary insurance

- Adjustments for valuation of long-term guarantees leading to comparatively lower regulatory capital requirements
- Expansion of less capital-intensive new life products launched in July 2013
- Building on new brand approach

Munich Re well positioned for the introduction of Solvency II – ready for regulatory requirements while providing clients with capital management solutions

Outlook 2014

Munich Re (Group)

GROSS PREMIUMS WRITTEN

2013	€51bn
Target 2014 ¹	~€50bn

Focus on bottom-line growth prevails

RETURN ON INVESTMENT

2013	3.5%
Target 2014	~3.3%

Solid return given ongoing low interest-rate environment

NET RESULT

2013	€3.3bn
Target 2014	€3bn

RoRaC target of 15% after tax over the cycle to stand

Reinsurance

COMBINED RATIO

2013	92.1%
Target 2014	~94%

NET RESULT

2013	€2.8bn
Target 2014	€2.3–2.5bn

Primary insurance

COMBINED RATIO

2013	97.2%
Target 2014	~95%

NET RESULT

2013	€433m
Target 2014	€400–500m

Munich Health

COMBINED RATIO

2013	98.3%
Target 2014	~99%

NET RESULT

2013	€150m
Target 2014	~€100m

¹ By segment: Reinsurance ~€28bn, primary insurance slightly above €16.5bn, Munich Health slightly above €5.5bn.

Strong balance sheet – Strong returns

Nikolaus von Bomhard

Munich Re (Group)

Jörg Schneider

Risk management

Bernhard Kaufmann

Primary insurance

Torsten Oletzky

Reinsurance property-casualty

Torsten Jeworrek

Reinsurance life

Joachim Wenning

Backup

All segments contributing to strong Group result

Munich Re (Group) – FY 2013

NET RESULT

€3,342m (€1,198m in Q4)

Delivering good net result supported by sound core business and low tax rate

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

€26.2bn (+1.4% vs. 30.9.)

Strong capital position according to all metrics allowing for dividend increase and share buy-back

INVESTMENT RESULT

Rol of 3.5% (3.7% in Q4)

Solid result given low interest rates and moderate risk profile

Reinsurance

NET RESULT

€2,797m (€1,089m in Q4)

2,384

413

P-C

Combined ratio 92.1% (89.3% in Q4) – Better than target of 94%

LIFE

Technical result close to target – mix of positive and adverse developments

Primary insurance

NET RESULT

€433m (€73m in Q4)

169

134

130

P-C

Combined ratio 97.2% (97.5% in Q4) – Nat cats in Germany

LIFE

Result in line with expectations

HEALTH

Solid, stable performance

Munich Health

NET RESULT

€150m (€56m in Q4)

150

PRIMARY INSURANCE

Combined ratio 93.5% (93.7% in Q4) – Good result largely driven by improved US Medicare business

FY 2013 – Actual vs. expected net result

FY 2013 – Major drivers of difference between actual and expected net result¹

€m

Net result (actual)	3,342
Taxes on income (actual)	+108
Pre-tax profit	3,450
Differences in the operating result	
Reinsurance: Investment result	–165
Reinsurance: Combined ratio	+308
Primary insurance: Combined ratio	–116
Primary insurance: Life tax refund ²	–167
Total difference	–140
Total deviation from expected operating result	+140
FX losses	+310
Pre-tax profit adjusted for operating and FX deviation	3,900
Tax (expectation: ~20%)	–780
As-if net result adjusted for deviations	~3,100

Reinsurance	Actual	Expected	Diff.
RoI	3.1%	~3.3%	–0.2%
Average investments			82,269
Difference			–165

Reinsurance	Actual	Expected	Diff.
Combined ratio	92.1%	~94%	–1.9%
Net earned premiums			16,236
Difference			+308

Prim. insurance	Actual	Expected	Diff.
Combined ratio	97.2%	~95%	+2.2%
Net earned premiums			5,260
Difference			–116

Slightly above €3bn profit target, even after adjusting for "special factors"

¹ This is a very informal calculation to consider major drivers that influenced the FY 2013 result in order to carve out the "underlying profitability", bearing in mind there is no one single accurate approach to normalising earnings.

² Elimination of policyholder participation in tax refund. Assumption: ~85% of €197m tax refund from prior years.

Strong IFRS capital position

Equity		€m
Equity 31.12.2012	27,439	Change Q4
Consolidated result	3,342	1,198
Changes		
Dividend	–1,255	–
Unrealised gains/losses	–2,612	–307
Exchange rates	–714	–276
Share buy-backs	–189	–296
Other	215	38
Equity 31.12.2013	26,226	357

UNREALISED GAINS/LOSSES

Fixed-interest securities

2013: –€2,921m

Q4: –€460m

Non-fixed-interest securities

2013: €321m

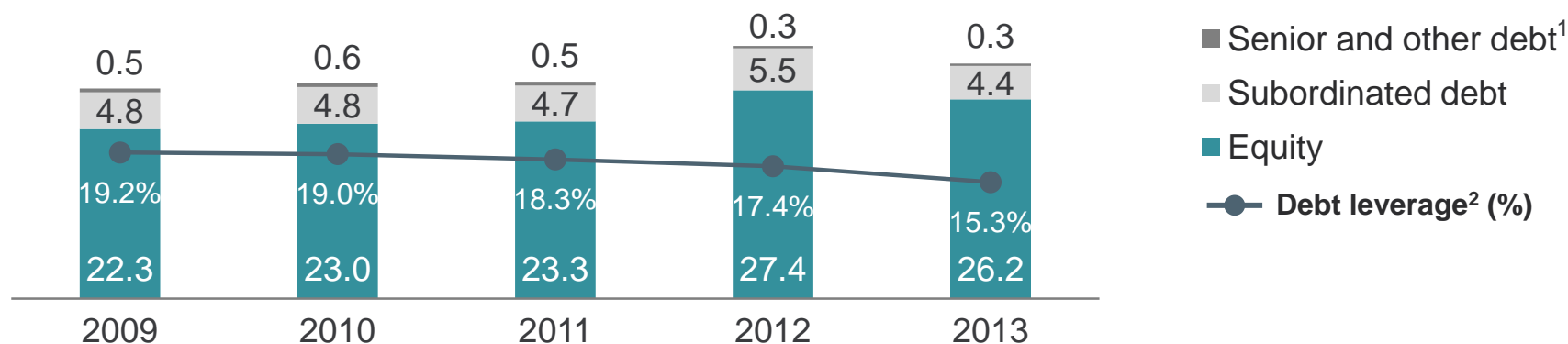
Q4: €161m

EXCHANGE RATES

Negative FX contribution
mainly driven by US\$

Capitalisation

€bn

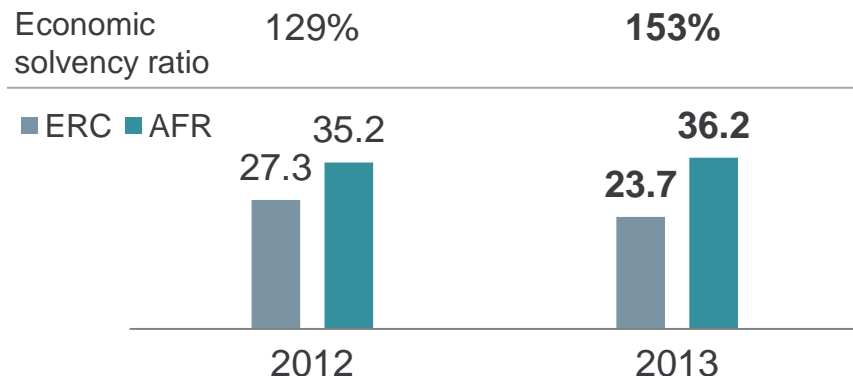


¹ Other debt includes bank borrowings of Munich Re and other strategic debt.

² Strategic debt (senior, subordinated and other debt) divided by total capital (strategic debt + equity).

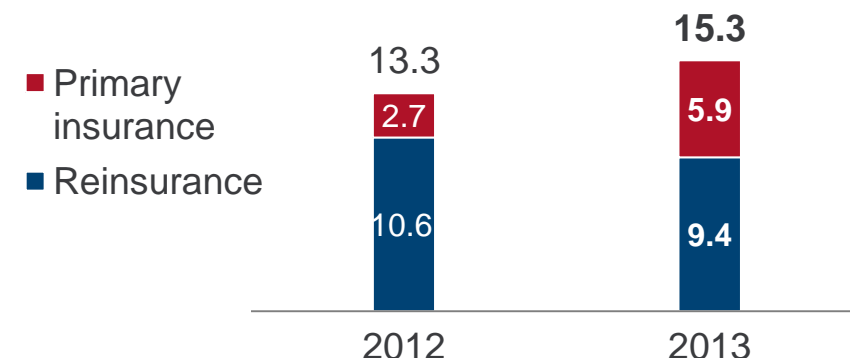
Economic capital base further improved

Improving economic solvency position¹ ... €bn



- Economic solvency ratio increasing to 153% (267% with Solvency II VaR 99.5% calibration)
- Higher interest rates, strong euro and declining volatilities reducing capital requirements
- More realistic assumptions in primary life insurance (adjusted policyholder behaviour) increasing economic equity and reducing capital requirements

... supported by higher MCEV in primary life €bn



Reinsurance

Again strong VNB (€577m) offsetting adverse development in US and Australian business; negative FX impact (–€917m)

Primary insurance

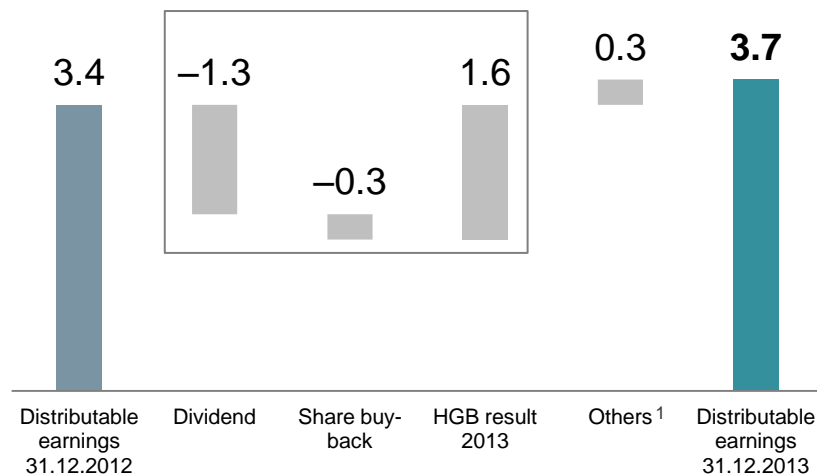
Adjusted model assumptions and benign capital markets significantly increasing MCEV

Very substantial economic capital buffer

¹ Solvency II capital based on VaR 99.5%, Munich Re internal risk model based on 175% of Solvency II capital. After announced dividend payout of ~€1.3bn for 2013 to be paid in April 2014 and outstanding share buy-backs of ~€0.7bn.

Distributable earnings of parent company very solid even after strengthening of equalisation reserves

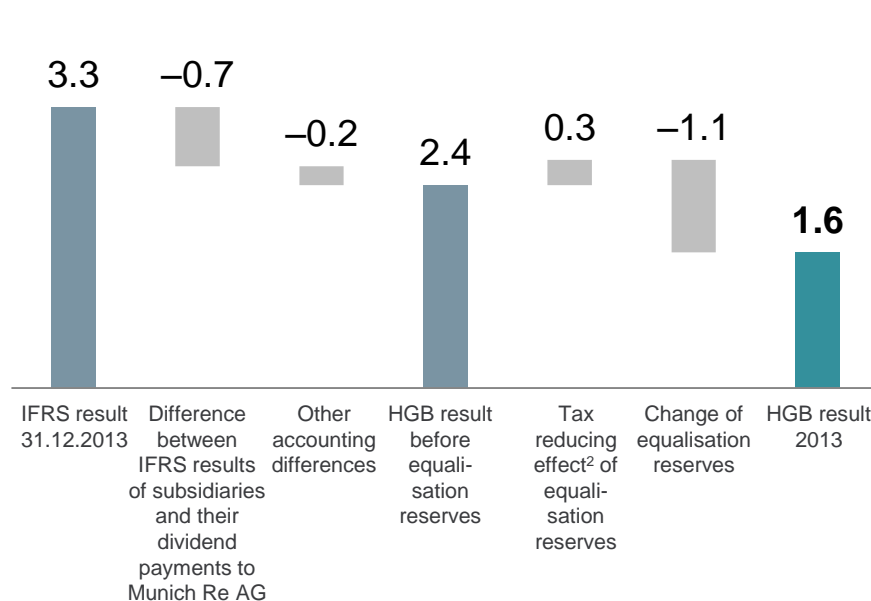
HGB earnings financing capital repatriation €bn



Average 2009–2013

-1.1	-0.5	1.8
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Reconciliation IFRS to HGB result in 2013 €bn



Average 2009–2013

2.5	-1.0	0.2	1.7	0.0	0.1	1.8
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Solid cash at Group level – Increasing distributable earnings protected by strong equalisation reserves

¹ Disposal of own shares as well as changes in restrictions on distribution.

² Assuming a tax rate of 33% for Munich Re AG.

Investment result – Disposal gains partly compensating for higher write-downs and declining regular income

Investment result							€m	
	2013		Return ¹	2012		Return ¹	Q4 2013	Return ¹
Regular income	7,498	<div></div>	3.4%	7,761	<div></div>	3.6%	1,812	3.3%
Write-ups/write-downs	-670	<div></div>	-0.3%	8	<div></div>	0.0%	-129	-0.2%
Disposal gains/losses	1,059	<div></div>	0.5%	652	<div></div>	0.3%	330	0.6%
Other income/expenses ²	-230	<div></div>	-0.1%	21	<div></div>	0.0%	-18	0.0%
Investment result	7,657	<div></div>	3.5%	8,442	<div></div>	3.9%	1,995	3.7%

Regular income	Write-ups/write-downs	2013	2012	Disposal gains/losses	2013	2012
3-month average reinvestment yield increased to ~2.5% in Q4 2013 (~2.2% in Q4 2012)	Equities	-108	-23	Fixed-income	921	216
	Derivatives	-232	38	Equities	849	313
	t/o swaptions	-134	-23	Derivatives	-701	-210
	Other	-330	-144	Other	-10	11

Pleasant investment result given low interest rates and moderate risk profile

¹ Return on quarterly weighted investments (market values) in % p.a.

² Including impact from unit-linked business. 2013: €400m (0.2%-points). 2012: €603m. Q4 2013: €159m (0.3%-points).

Managing investment risks on an economic basis sometimes leading to short-term IFRS accounting volatility

Asset-liability management guiding portfolio structure

- Aligning investments to the term and FX structure of insurance liabilities
- Derivatives used for
 - Hedging of interest-rate, FX and inflation risks
 - Swiftly adjusting asset allocations to changing market conditions



Accounting mismatch

Market value changes of derivatives usually considered in the P&L, unlike most changes in corresponding liabilities or underlying exposures

IFRS P&L sensitivity

€bn

Inflation derivatives
Inflation +100bps

0.3

Interest-rate derivatives
Yields +100bps

0.1

Equity derivatives
Equities –30%

0.1

Credit default swaps
Spreads +100bps

–0.1

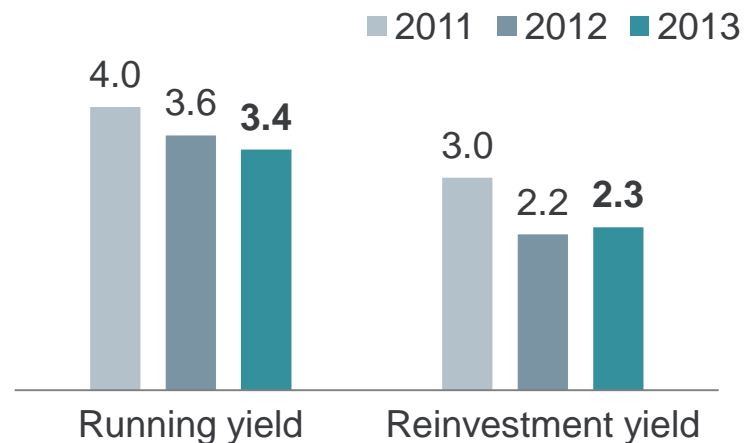
Commodity derivatives
Commodity prices –30%

–0.2

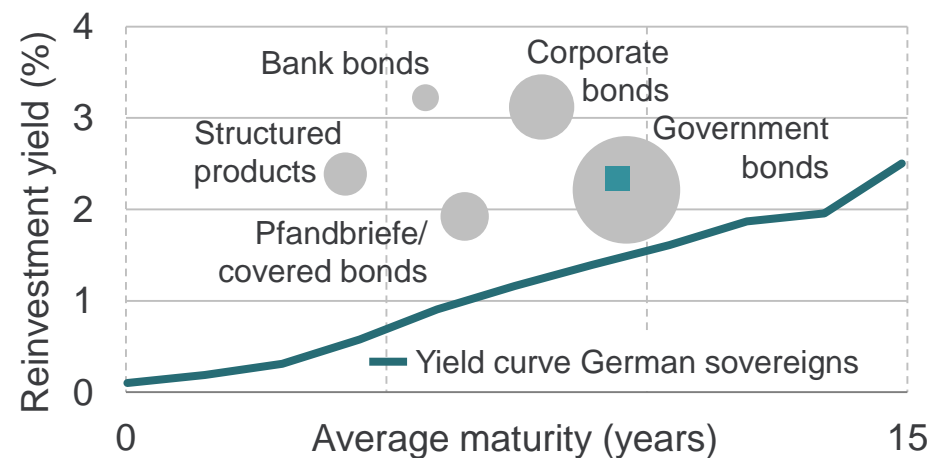
Accounting mismatch not jeopardising sustainable earnings generation

Well-balanced investment management in low-interest-rate environment

Running and reinvestment yield %



- Assets serving insurance liabilities – duration matching proving beneficial throughout recent years
- Solid results and reinvestment yields from well-balanced portfolio with limited economic exposures

Composition of reinvestment yield 2013¹

Expansion

- Corporate and emerging market bonds
- Renewable energies and new technologies
- Real estate

Reduction

- Select developed market bonds
- Inflation-linked bonds

No need for yield hunting or re-risking in times of inflated asset prices

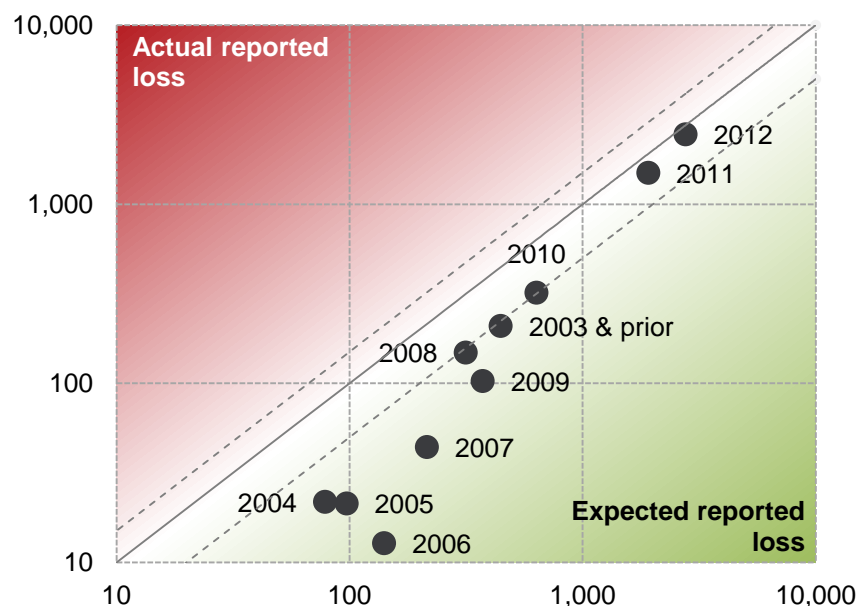
¹ Bubble size reflecting reinvestment volume. Yield curve as at 31.12.2013.

Actual versus expected comparison – Loss monitoring yields consistent picture across years

Reinsurance group – Comparison of incremental expected losses with actual reported losses¹

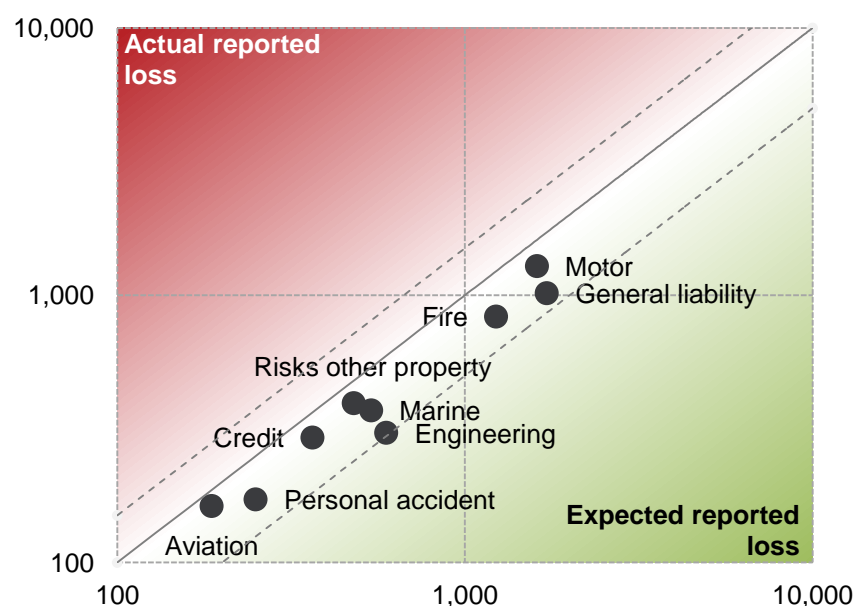
€m

By exposure year



Legend:
Green Actuals below expectation
Red Actuals above expectation

By line of business



Solid line Actuals equal expectation
Dotted line Actuals are 50% above/below expectations

**Actual losses consistently below actuarial expectations –
 Very strong reserve position**

¹ Reinsurance group losses as at Q4 2013, not including parts of Risk Solutions, special liabilities and major losses (i.e. events over €10m or US\$ 15m for Munich Re's share).

Positive run-off result without weakening our ability to absorb potential future volatility

Ultimate losses (adjusted to exchange rates as at 31.12.2013)

€m

Date	Accident year											Total
	≤2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
31.12.2003	40,967											
31.12.2004	41,420	11,096										
31.12.2005	41,817	11,218	12,129									
31.12.2006	41,903	11,247	12,180	10,648								
31.12.2007	42,304	11,021	12,321	10,453	11,614							
31.12.2008	42,567	10,698	11,920	10,338	11,802	12,649						
31.12.2009	42,467	10,424	11,885	10,164	11,721	12,869	12,480					
31.12.2010	42,899	10,154	11,498	9,906	11,649	12,862	12,451	12,921				
31.12.2011	42,888	10,154	11,333	9,819	11,610	12,601	12,056	13,124	16,684			
31.12.2012	42,841	10,077	11,146	9,673	11,266	12,498	11,982	13,017	16,727	13,684		
31.12.2013	42,834	9,999	11,072	9,705	11,069	12,314	11,990	13,099	16,452	13,517	13,772	
CY 2013 run-off change	7	78	74	–32	197	184	–8	–82	275	167	–	860
CY 2013 run-off change (%)	0.0	0.8	0.7	–0.3	1.8	1.5	–0.1	–0.6	1.7	1.2	–	0.6

Ultimate reduction

Reinsurance basic losses:
€845m – Main drivers

Property

Releases spread across lines, with some caution exercised on long-tail project business

Specialty²

Reserve releases primarily in marine and aviation, following the benign loss emergence

Casualty

Moderate releases in most segments, partly offset by some strengthening for legacy liabilities and unwinding of discount in workers' compensation (–€54m)

Ultimate reduction

Reinsurance ¹	€759m
Primary insurance	€101m

¹ Thereof €845m basic losses (including planned unwinding of discount in workers' compensation) and –€86m large losses.

² Aviation, credit and marine.

Balance sheet strength strictly adhered to for many years, supporting resilience of future profits

Immediate response to early signs of adverse development, e. g. for

Tax assets

Goodwill

Claims reserves

- Provisions to absorb adverse impact even from those scenarios that are difficult to analyse and measure
- Reserve releases are not booked to earnings until manifestation confirmed

In hindsight: Performance was better than originally anticipated – higher base level for the future

No intention to embellish current earnings

Strong balance sheet providing further resilience against event risk and bad surprises

Future profitability dependant on market performance – but in any case solidly supported by strong balance sheet

Dividend increase after strong financial result 2013

Financial resultsNET INCOME
€3.3bn

Strong net income in 2013 driven by sound underwriting performance

Investment portfolioROI
3.5%

Continued diversification of investment portfolio and active duration management

ReservingCOMBINED RATIO¹
92.1%

Careful reserving protects solid balance sheet and facilitates strong underwriting results

Capital positionDIVIDEND
+3.6%

Strong capital position continuously built up over years establishing the basis for future earnings power

¹ Reinsurance property-casualty.

Strong balance sheet – Strong returns

Nikolaus von Bomhard

Munich Re (Group)

Jörg Schneider

Risk management

Bernhard Kaufmann

Primary insurance

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Reinsurance property-casualty

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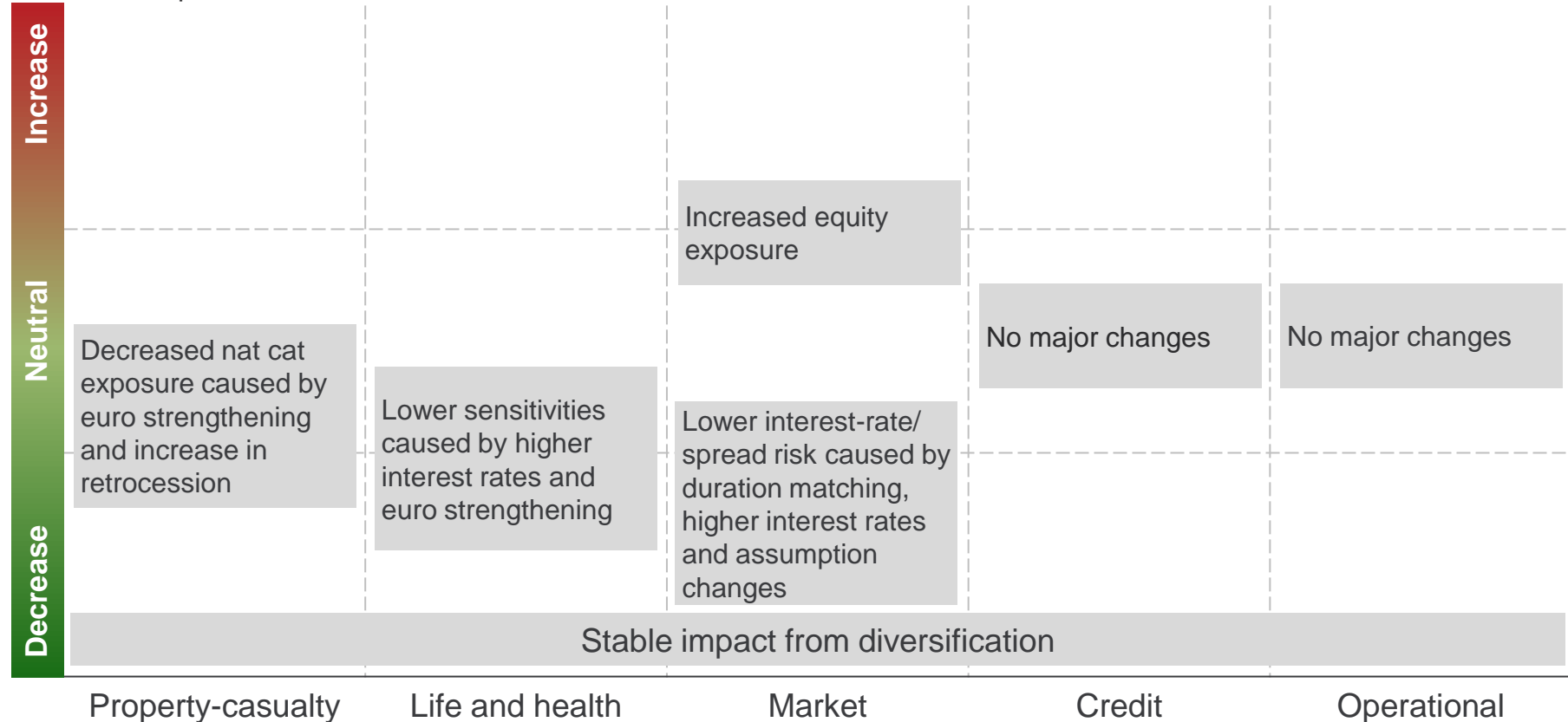
Reinsurance life

Joachim Wenning

Backup

Major developments at Group level

Effect on risk profile



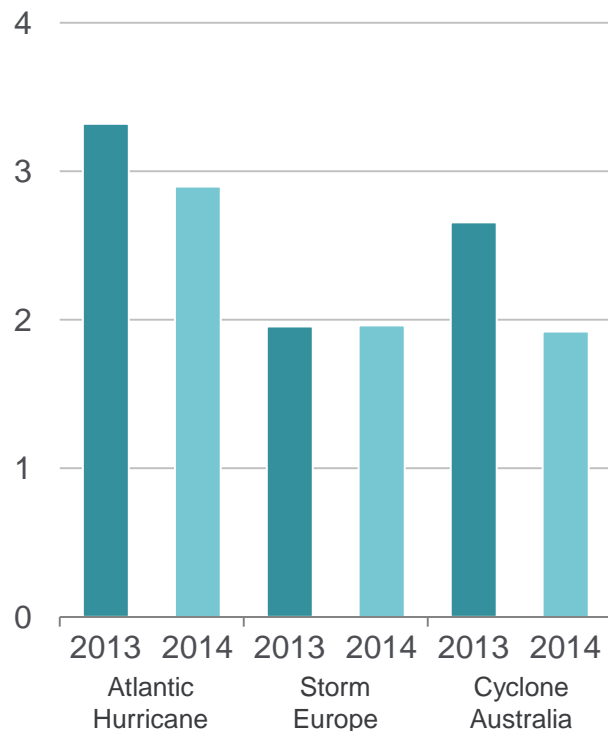
Reduction in market risk leads to a more balanced risk profile

Property-casualty risks: Natural catastrophe exposure

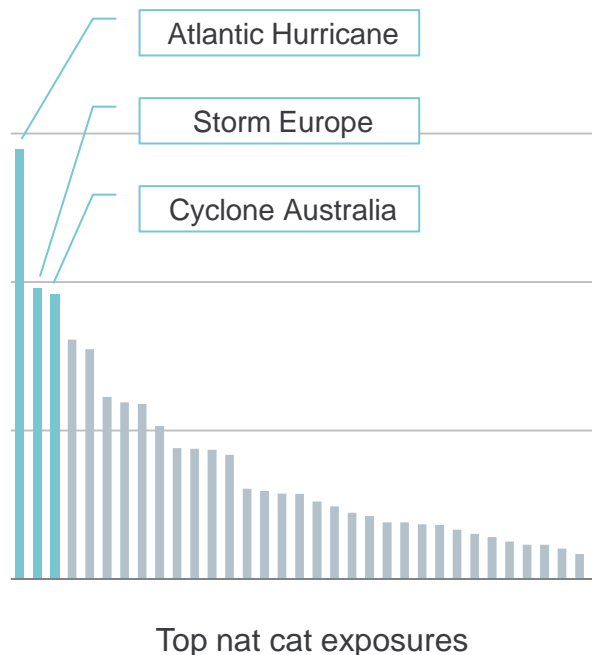
Munich Re Group's nat cat exposures (net of retrocession)¹

€bn

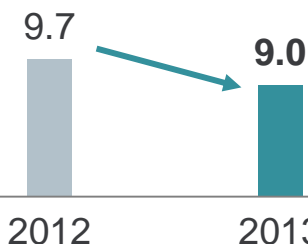
AggVaR (return period 200 years)
(pre-tax)



AggVaR (return period 200 years)
(pre-tax)



ERC property-casualty €bn



Atlantic Hurricane

Depreciation of US\$;
increase of retrocession

Cyclone Australia

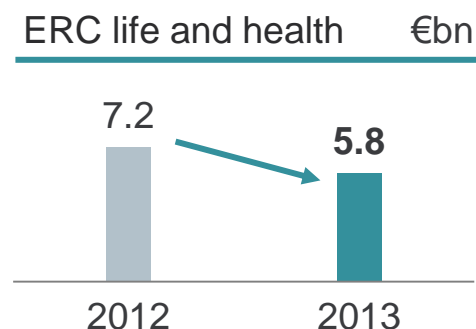
Depreciation of AUD and
US\$; increase of
retrocession

Munich Re benefits from strong diversification between natural catastrophe risks

¹ Exposures relate to the full year, e.g. 2014 relates to the period from 1.1.2014 to 31.12.2014.

Life and health risks

Risk type	Predominant risk types			ERC by risk type	€bn
	Reinsurance life	Primary life/health	Munich Health		
Mortality	✓			<div> <div>4.5</div> <div>3.8</div> </div>	
Morbidity	✓	✓		<div> <div>3.5</div> <div>2.6</div> </div>	
Longevity		✓		<div> <div>2.1</div> <div>2.4</div> </div>	
Health			✓	<div> <div>1.1</div> <div>0.8</div> </div>	<div> <div>2012</div> <div>2013</div> </div>



Mortality/morbidity

Primary life/health:
Higher interest rates and
reduced volatilities

Reinsurance life:
Higher interest rates and
stronger euro

Health

Sale of Windsor Health
Group

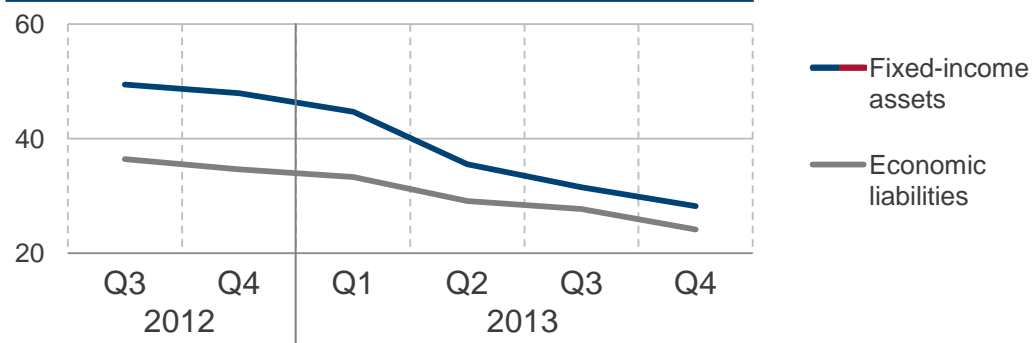
Decrease in life and health risks driven by favourable market conditions and assumption changes for deriving technical provisions

Decrease in market risk driven by improved ALM and favourable market conditions

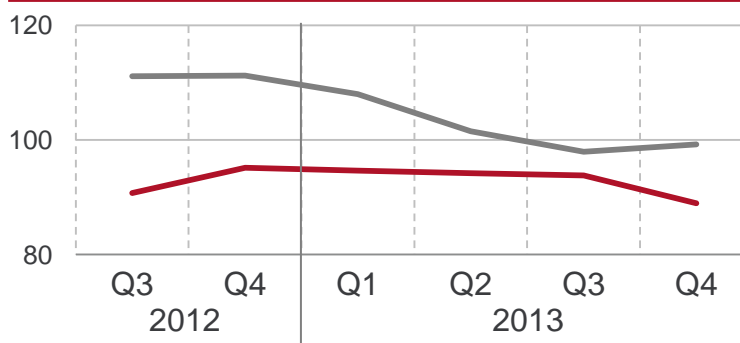
Risk category	Group		RI	PI	Div.	Explanation
Year-end €bn	2012	2013	2013	2013	2013	
Equity	5.7	6.5	5.0	1.5	±0.0	Higher net equity exposure (3.4% to 4.5%)
General interest rate	8.3	5.1	2.7	4.9	-2.5	Improved duration matching, favourable market conditions (increased interest rates, reduced implied volatilities) and assumption changes
Credit spread	6.1	4.6	1.7	3.5	-0.6	
Real estate	2.1	2.4	1.4	1.1	-0.1	Rising market values and refined model
Currency	1.9	1.5	1.4	0.2	-0.1	Decrease of FX mismatch (change in asset allocation)
Simple sum	24.1	20.1	12.2	11.2	-3.3	
Diversification	-10.1	-8.5	-5.6	-4.1	-	Reduced diversification due to overall ERC decrease
Total ERC	14.0	11.6	6.6	7.1	-2.1	

DV01 – Sensitivity to parallel upward shift of yield curve by one basis point reflecting portfolio size €m

Reinsurance



Primary insurance



Group economic risk capital (ERC)

Breakdown by risk category

Economic risk capital – Breakdown by risk category €bn

Risk category	Group		RI	PI	MH	Div.
	2012	2013	2013	2013	2013	2013
Prop.-casualty ¹	9.7	9.0	8.9	0.6	0.0	–0.5
Life and health	7.2	5.8	4.4	2.1	0.5	–1.2
Market	14.0	11.6	6.6	7.1	0.0	–2.1
Credit ²	6.7	6.3	4.3	2.1	0.0	–0.1
Operational risk	1.4	1.4	1.1	0.5	0.1	–0.3
Simple sum	39.0	34.1	25.3	12.4	0.6	–4.2
Diversification	–11.7	–10.4	–8.5	–2.8	–0.1	–
Total ERC	27.3	23.7	16.8	9.6	0.5	–3.2

Development of Group ERC €bn



Improved balance between insurance and capital market risks leads to decrease of economic risk capital

¹ Credit (re)insurance included.

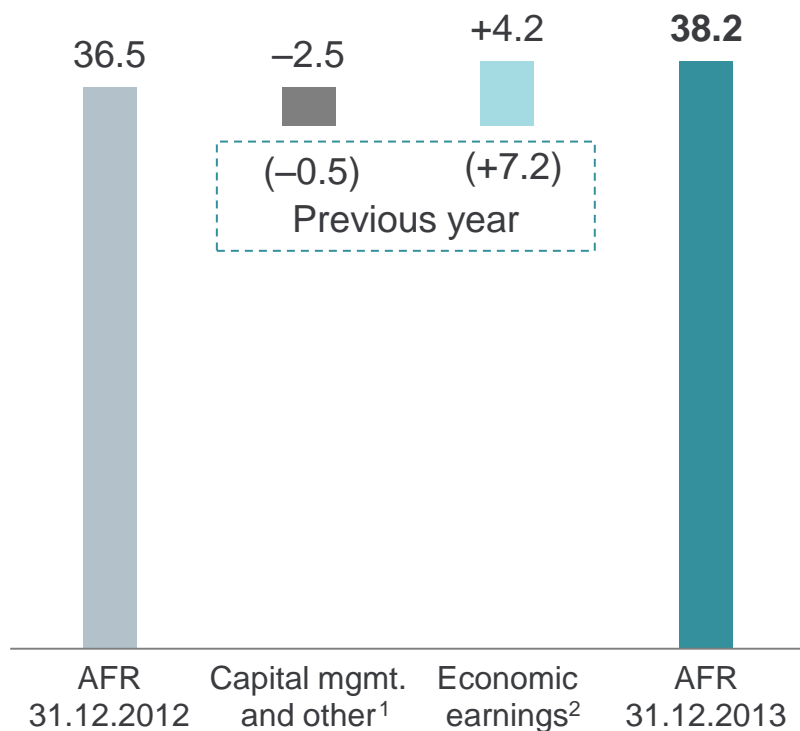
² Default and migration risk.

Available financial resources (AFR)

Change and relation to economic earnings

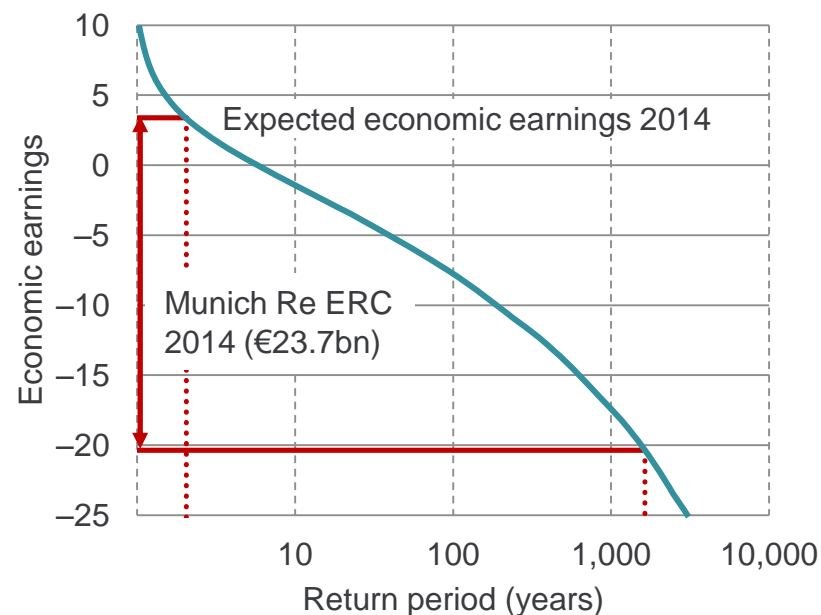
AFR development in 2013

€bn



Probability distribution of economic earnings

€bn

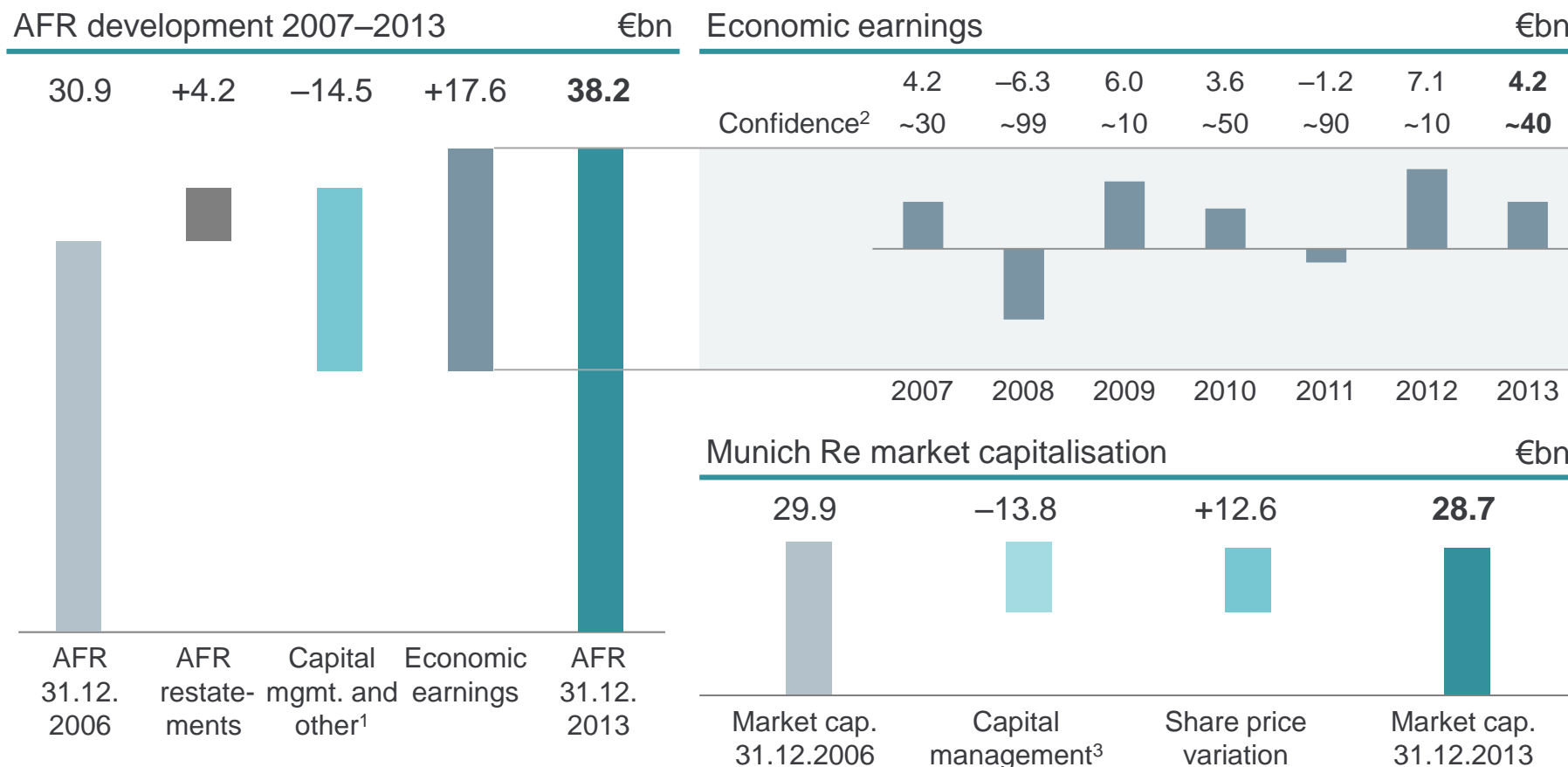


Economic earnings in 2013, adjusted to eliminate special factors, are in line with expectations for a "normal" year

¹ Mainly dividends (–€1.3bn), share buy-back (–€0.3bn) and change in hybrid capital (–€1.1bn).

² Includes MCEV model changes.

Strong increase in AFR over the last seven years despite capital repatriation and difficult economic environment



Strong performance despite highly adverse environment, but economic earnings not yet matched by share performance

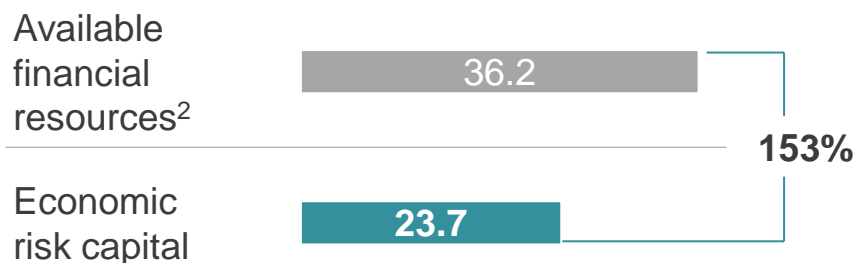
¹ Dividends, share buy-back, hybrid capital replacement and other.

² Probability of achieving at least the corresponding economic earnings. ³ Dividends, share buy-back.

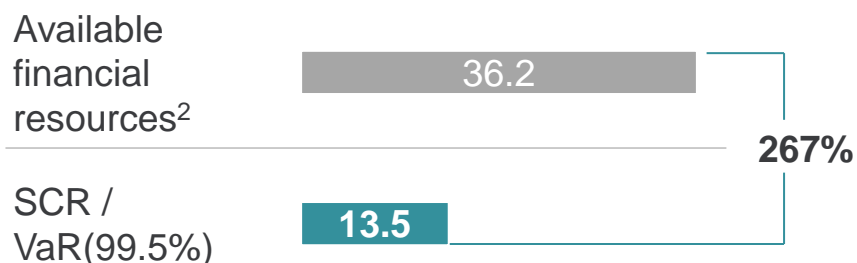
Summary of economic capital disclosure

Solvency ratio as at 31 December 2013 €bn

Internal model¹

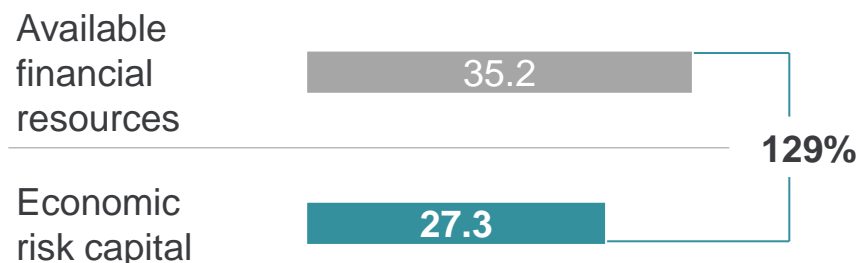


Solvency II risk measure

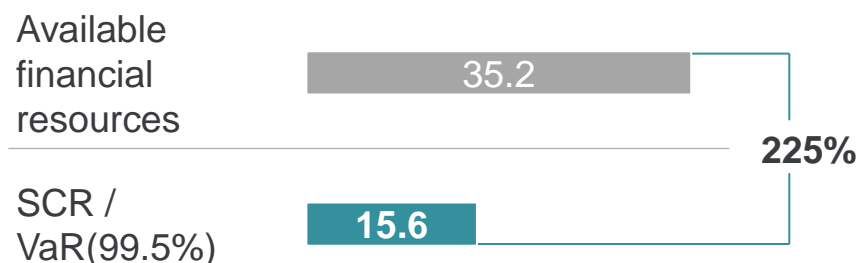


Solvency ratio as at 31 December 2012 €bn

Internal model¹



Solvency II risk measure



Capitalisation remains very strong: Economic solvency ratio at 153% according to internal model and 267% applying Solvency II risk tolerance

¹ Solvency II capital based on VaR 99.5%, Munich Re internal risk model based on 175% of Solvency II capital.

² After announced dividend payout of ~€1.3bn for 2013 to be paid in April 2014 and outstanding share buy-backs of ~€0.7bn.

Munich Re actions ¹	Munich Re solvency ratio (ESR)	ESR ¹ – Sensitivity	%
>120% Excellent capitalisation <ul style="list-style-type: none">Capital repatriationIncreased risk-takingHolding excess capital to meet external constraints	<div><div>MRCM</div><div>Solvency II</div><p>Solvency ratio adjusted for capital repatriation</p><p>Actual solvency ratio</p><p>120% 100% 80% 140% 175% 210%</p><p>2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013</p></div>	Ratio as at 31.12.13	153
100%–120% Comfortable capitalisation		Interest rate +100bps	170
		Interest rate –100bps	132
		Spread +100bps	133
80%–100% Adequate capitalisation <ul style="list-style-type: none">Tolerate and monitor(Partial) suspension of capital repatriation		Equity markets +30%	159
		Equity markets –30%	147
<80% Below target capitalisation <ul style="list-style-type: none">Risk transferScaling down of activitiesRaising of (hybrid) capital		FX –10%	151
		Atlantic Hurricane ²	145

² Based on 200-year event.

³ MCR = minimum capital requirement, typically between 25% and 45%; for groups, called "Group SCR floor".

Key takeaways

Risk profile	Improved balance between insurance and capital market risks leading to decrease of economic risk capital
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Profitability	Economic earnings are in line with expectations for a "normal" year
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Solvency position	Sustainably strong economic solvency ratio (ESR) to withstand stress scenarios – ESR expected to remain very strong in the Solvency II regime
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Business strategy	Focus on profitable underwriting and liability-driven investments support further balancing of risk profile
--------------------------	---

Strong balance sheet – Strong returns

Nikolaus von Bomhard

Munich Re (Group)

Jörg Schneider

Risk management

Bernhard Kaufmann

Primary insurance

Torsten Oletzky

Reinsurance property-casualty

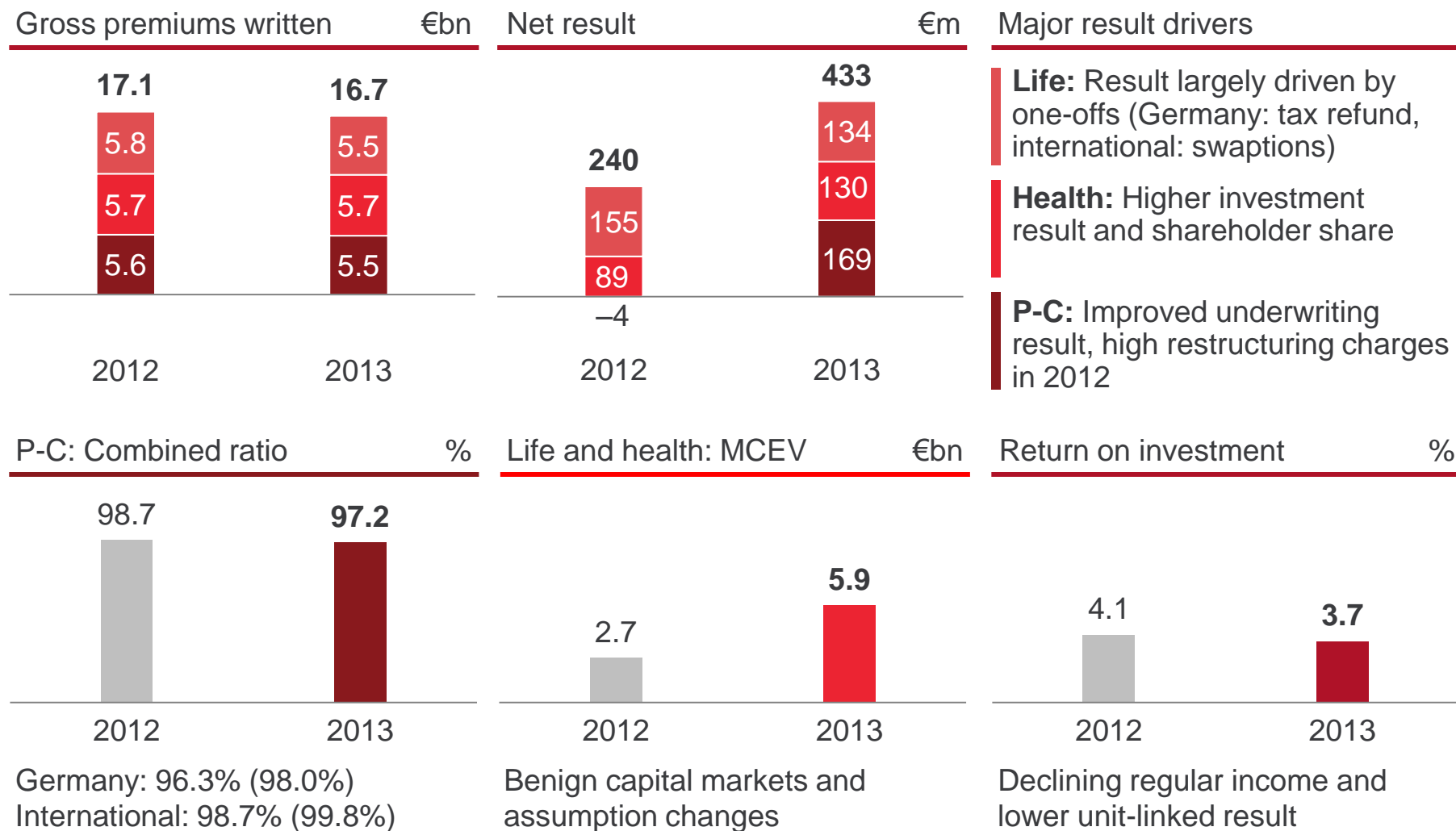
Torsten Jeworrek

Reinsurance life

Joachim Wenning

Backup

Primary insurance – Key financials



Business initiatives focusing on improving profitability

	Initiatives	Impact mid-term
Life	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Actively tackling challenges of the low-interest rate environment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Launch of new product generation Various measures stabilising the back book Growth in China and India 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduced risk capital (~75% compared to classic products) Optimised risk-return steering Growth in profitable business
Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stabilising comprehensive insurance portfolio while further expanding market leading position in supplementary insurance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Better diversification Reduced vulnerability to political risks Higher profitability
Property-casualty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modular products for mass markets Germany: Continuing the successful expansion of profitable tailor-made business of recent years International business: Improving profitability while further expanding in Asia and Eastern Europe 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improved margins Growth in profitable business Combined ratio target: ~95%
Organisation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leveraging direct sales capabilities Strengthening sales in Germany Establishing COO function Automation and lean processes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Focus on hybrid customers Growth in profitable business Simplified structures and reduced costs Cost savings

Launch of less interest-rate-prone new products – Concept for Germany well advanced

In an environment of political discussion ...

- "We need changes in the products"
(Gabriel Bernardino, EIOPA, 21 Nov. 2013)
- "Insurers must develop a more differentiated product portfolio and partly re-invent the life insurance product"
(Elke König, BaFin president, 18 Jan. 2014)
- "More recent attempts by leading life insurers to offer products that are less interest-rate sensitive, with lower or no guarantees, underline the industry's attempts to innovate"
(Standard & Poor's, 26 Nov. 2013)

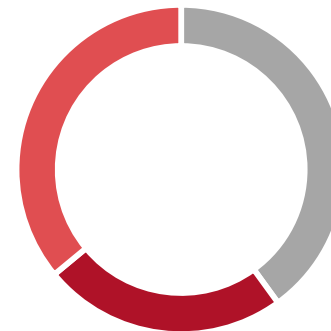
... ERGO holds frontrunner position

- ERGO first German life insurer to present new guarantee-type products in June 2013
- Offer restricted to third-layer private provision and tied agent organisations to start with
- Extension to other layers (Rürup, corporate pensions) and sales channels (brokers, banks) to follow in 2014/15

Share of new products – 2nd half 2013 (3rd layer only)¹

ERGO Annuity
Guarantee
(36%)

Classic annuities
("with profits")
(40%)

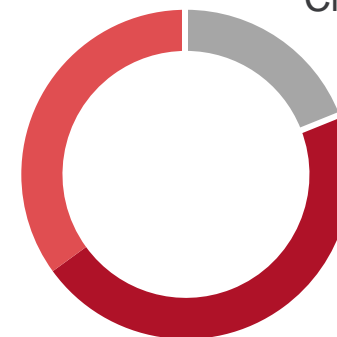


ERGO Annuity
Opportunity
(24%)

Share of target portfolio² – Plan 2016+ (all products)¹

Target portfolio
(>80%)
Thereof: old
products (~35%)

Classic products
("with profits")
(<20%)



Thereof: new
products
(~45%)

¹ New business APE excl. ERGO Direkt.

² Unit-linked insurance (with/without profits), term insurance, occupational disability insurance and death benefit.

Implemented measures

- Interest-rate hedging programme – protection against reinvestment risk via receiver swaptions
- Duration gap in German life noticeably reduced to below one year for large life companies
- Comparatively low bonus rates: 3.2% vs. market average 3.4%
- Non-interest-bearing ZZR (accumulated reserve end of 2013: €814m) reducing average guarantee, partly financed from unrealised gains – Expected accumulated ZZR in 2014: ~€1.3bn
- Reduction of ERC due to better capital markets and assumption changes in risk model

Target: Deliver guarantee promise to customers without additional shareholders' equity

Buffers and key figures¹ (German business)

	Free RfB	Terminal bonus fund	Unrealised gains	Average coupon	Reinvestment rate	Average guarantee
2013	€0.8bn	€1.9bn	€5.6bn	~3.7%	~2.7%	~3.2%
2012	€0.9bn	€2.0bn	€8.1bn	~3.8%	~3.1%	~3.2%

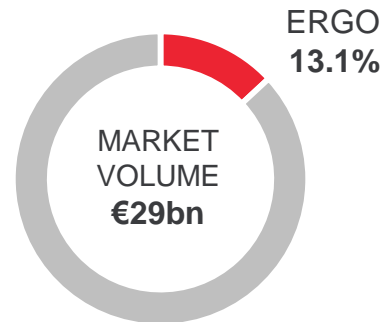
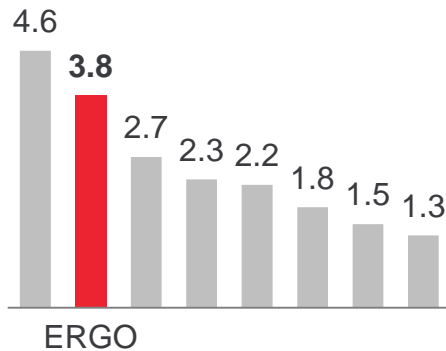
ERGO well protected against "lower for longer" scenario

¹ German GAAP figures for ERGO Leben, Victoria Leben and ERGO Direkt Leben.

ERGO continues to be market leader in supplementary insurance by a long way

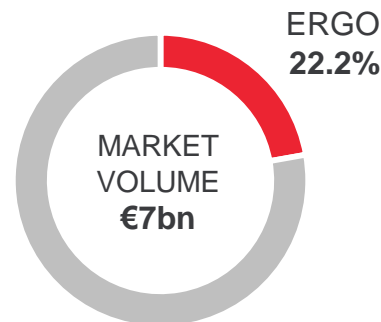
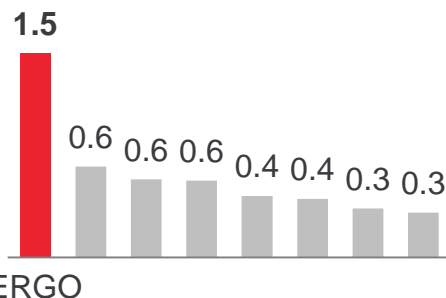
Comprehensive insurance¹

€bn



Supplementary insurance¹

€bn



ERGO business mix²

%

€4.7bn

€5.2bn



2009



2013

■ Comprehensive
■ Supplementary

Comprehensive insurance

ERGO number 2 in German market – stable results and stable political environment

Supplementary insurance

ERGO clear market leader – expansion in long-term care and direct insurance

Goal: Stabilise comprehensive insurance, strengthen supplementary insurance

¹ Gross premiums written as at 31.12.2012. Source: PKV Verband.

² Gross premiums written.

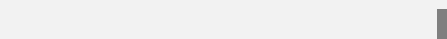
German business affected by nat cats

Normalised combined ratio 2013

%

Combined ratio 2013**96.3**Nat cat adjustment¹

-3.3

**Normalised combined ratio****93.0**

Severe nat cat events in 2013

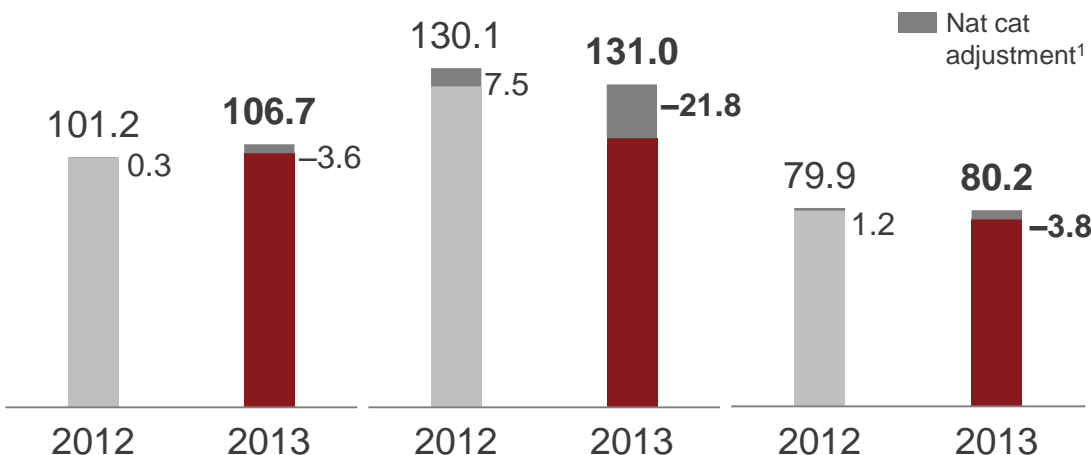
- Flood in June most expensive catastrophe in terms of economic losses
- Hailstorms that hit some regions in Germany most expensive event for insurance industry

Motor

Homeowners

Household

%



Technical aspects 2013

- **Motor**
Deterioration in addition to nat cat demands discipline
- **Homeowners insurance**
Change older policies to latest terms and conditions
- **Household contents insurance**
Profitable line for ERGO and market
- Large man-made claims lower vs. 2012

Target: Improve combined ratio Germany to ~93%

¹ Relative to budget/long-term average.

Optimisation of sales activities

Tied agents: Ongoing enhancement of productivity to reduce cost basis

2013: Streamlining of sales completed

- 5 sales organisations merged into 2
- Merger completed by April 2014

Savings volume: ~€160m gross and ~€60m net from 2015

2014: Further measures ensure sales success

- Harmonise product portfolios
- Focus sales management on generation and maintenance of profit-yielding customer relations

Enhance productivity per capita by 15% by 2018

Direct and hybrid sales: Focus on changing customer behaviour to generate additional growth potential

2013: Successful ERGO Direkt

- PASS Online-Insurance Awards 2013: "Best direct insurer"
- Occupational disability insurance: FINANZTEST label "sehr gut"

Significant increase: Net profit (€44m), premiums without MAXI-ZINS (~€1bn)

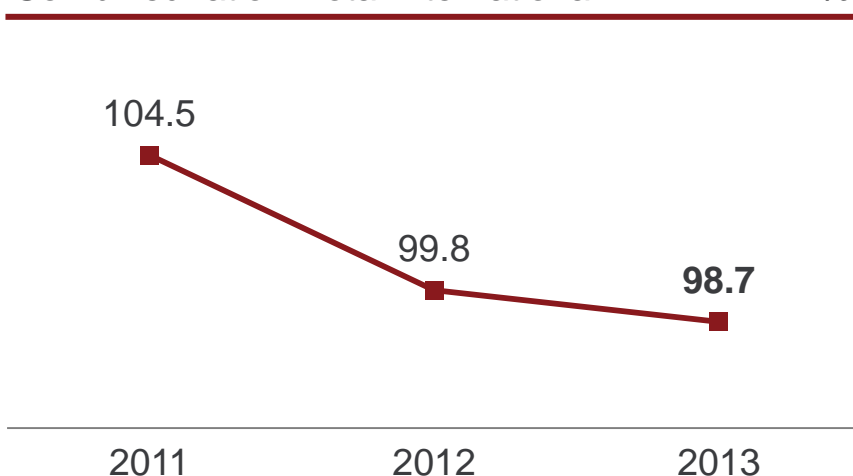
2014: Leveraging direct sales know-how in ERGO

- Market access – Direct sales know-how for all brands, coordinated direct sales activities, offer all channels to our customers
- Product development – Online capability of all products, strengthening product identity "Made by ERGO"
- Cooperation – Unique e-services for all brands, strong competence centre for all direct sales in Nuremberg

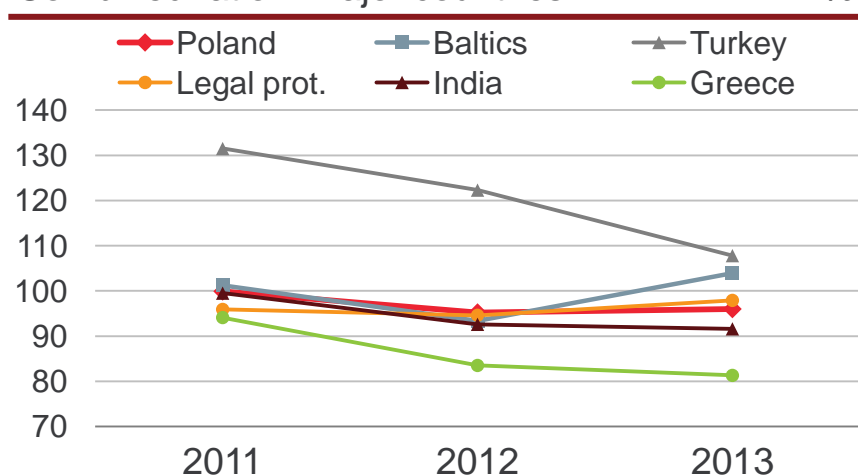
Achieving significant cost savings and additional growth

Technical improvements in recent years as a result of portfolio management measures

Combined ratio – Total international %



Combined ratio – Major countries¹ %



Highlights²

Strong/solid performance

- **Poland** (€873m): Continuing organic growth path with combined ratio <96%
- **Greece** (€133m): Technically sound despite economic crisis
- **Legal protection** (€651m): Distinct profile as LPI specialist
- **India**³ (€362m): Successful JV HDFC ERGO (26% stake) since 2008 – among the best combined ratios in the market (2012: 91.6%)
- **Baltics** (€101m): Economic crisis dampening top- and bottom-line growth; Lithuania with good performance

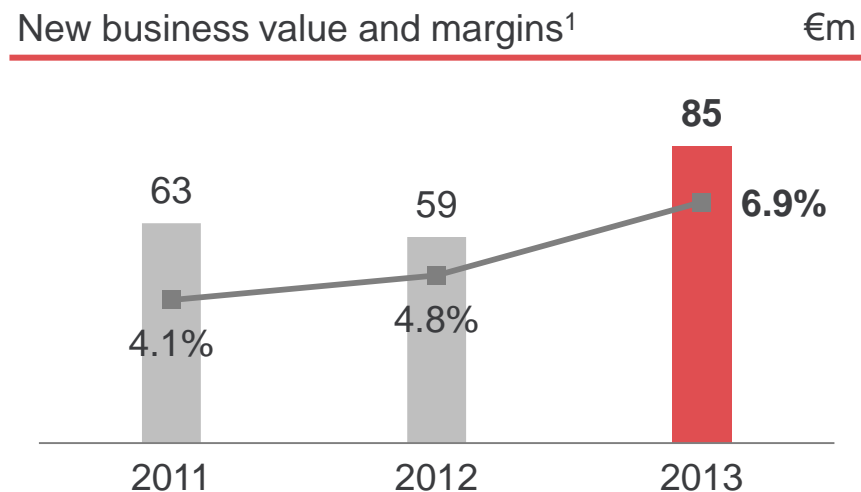
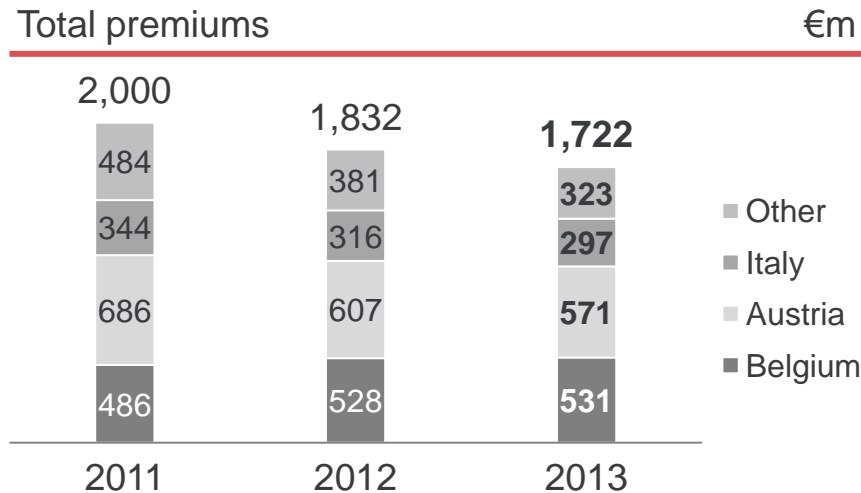
Turnaround

- **Turkey** (€224m): Good progress after significant reduction of motor TPL portfolio and improved pricing
Target combined ratio <100% by 2015/16

¹ GWP >€100m. ² Figures in brackets GWP as at 31.12.2013.

³ India: GWP on 100% shareholding basis. Non-calendar FY from April to March.

International life – Attractive margins, decreasing premium volume



Highlights

- Austria and Poland with lower premium volume
- Belgium: Growth slowing down due to reduction in guaranteed interest rates and increase in insurance tax
- VNB at a constantly high level and leading to high new business margin of 6.9% in 2013
- Development of new products with focus on reduced capital market risk (started in Belgium in 2013)
- Joint ventures in Asia
 - China: ERGO China Life commenced operations Q3 2013
Ambition: Premiums of ~€600m in year 2024
 - India (Partner Avantha): Launch of business operations in 2014
Ambition: Premiums of ~€800m in year 2024

¹ Value of new business (VNB) / Present value of new business premium (PVNBP).

Key takeaways

Life	New product in Germany from mid-2013 is the right answer to challenges from low-interest-rate environment
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Health	In-force premium growth and gradual shift to supplementary insurance
---------------	--

Property-casualty	Overall combined ratio target: ~95% Germany ~93%, international ~98%
--------------------------	---

Organisation, sales, distribution	Improve quality and efficiency with new organisational structure in Germany
--	---

Strong balance sheet – Strong returns

Nikolaus von Bomhard

Munich Re (Group)

Jörg Schneider

Risk management

Bernhard Kaufmann

Primary insurance

Torsten Oletzky

Reinsurance property-casualty

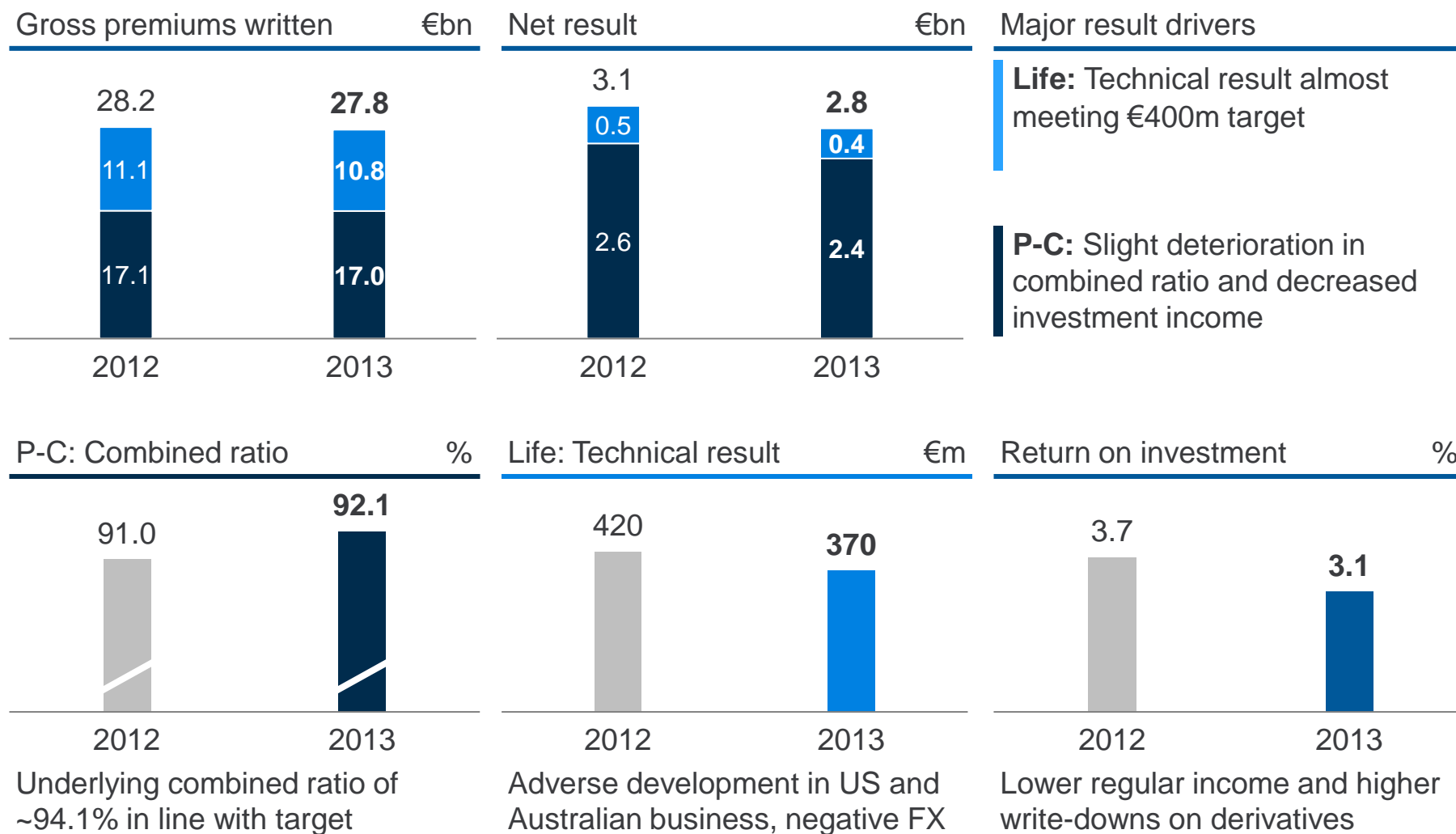
Torsten Jeworrek

Reinsurance life

Joachim Wenning

Backup

Reinsurance – Key financials



Munich Re well equipped to grow business in challenging markets

Comprehensive challenges ...

... requiring the right mix of skills to stand out

Margin compression

1

Portfolio profitability

- Sound profitability despite market pressure
- Well positioned for demanding outlook

2

Tailored solutions

- Excellent client access – valued benefit
- Growing share of structured complex deals

Change in demand and purchasing patterns

3

Risk Solutions

- Continued business expansion
- Strong bottom-line contribution

4

ART
Alternative risk transfer

- Munich Re taking advantage of dynamic market ...
- ... for clients and its own book

Extended competitive landscape

5

Product innovation

- Growing business solutions portfolio
- Continued extension of strong know-how base

1 Increased pressure on rates – Munich Re less affected than market indicates

Twofold impact of current market environment

Rate changes 1 January 2014 %

Europe / Latin America





Asia-Pacific



US / Global accounts



Property prop. Property XL Casualty prop. Casualty XL
 Market range¹  Munich Re

Supply side – Abundant capacity

- Increased capital base of the (re)insurance sector – due to low large-loss burden in 2013 and low interest rates
- Continued inflow of alternative capital – institutional investors searching for yield opportunities and uncorrelated returns

▶ Pressure on reinsurance pricing esp. in nat cat business – some spillover effects into other segments

Demand side – Sustained change

- Rising retention levels of larger primary insurers
- More centralised buying decisions and streamlined reinsurance programmes

▶ Change of demand towards tailor-made solutions

**Increasing bifurcation of reinsurance market –
Munich Re well positioned to seize opportunities**

¹ Range of market rate changes in 1 January 2014 renewals published by brokers, media and observed by own experts.

1 Consistent cycle management safeguarding sound profitability

Munich Re portfolio – Premium change in major business lines

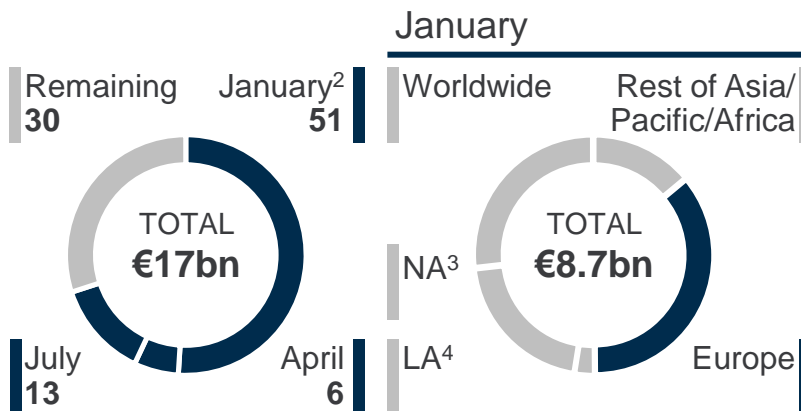
	Total	Property		Casualty		Specialty lines		
Business line Premium split ¹	€8.7bn	Prop. 30%	XL 11%	Prop. 35%	XL 4%	Marine 11%	Credit 6%	Aviation 3%
Price change	 ~ -1.5%	 -1.0%	 -7.1%	 -0.4%	 -3.0%	 -2.5%	 -0.7%	 -3.2%
Volume change	 2.7%	 -2.3%	 -3.9%	 15.5%	 -3.6%	 -8.0%	 -2.7%	 -14.9%

Disciplined underwriting with 0.7% price decline adjusted for interest-rate changes – growth with customised solutions

¹ Relative premium share in relation to total renewable business in January.

1 High capacity and competition expected in upcoming renewals

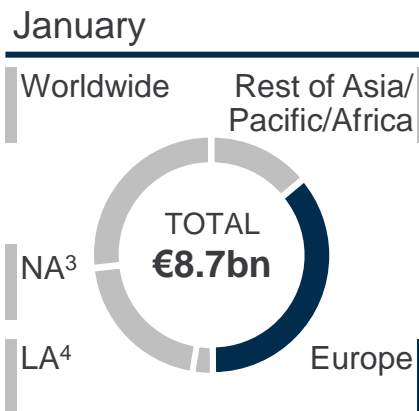
Total P-C book¹



Nat cat share: 15%

- Business up for renewal in January roughly 50% of total P-C book

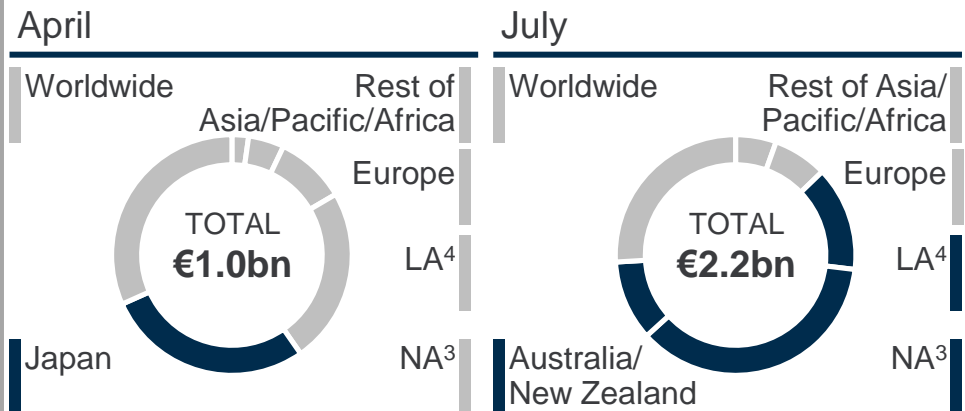
Treaty business



Focus: **Europe**

Nat cat share: 12%

- Slightly negative price change of ~1.5%
- Terms and conditions largely stable



Focus: **Japan**

Nat cat share: 45%

- Ongoing competitive market environment unless major losses occur
- Limited impact on Munich Re's portfolio based on its strong market position
- Decoupling from general market trends due to Munich Re's USP

Focus: **USA, LA, Australia**

Nat cat share: 25%

Ongoing strict bottom-line orientation to maintain portfolio quality in a very competitive market environment

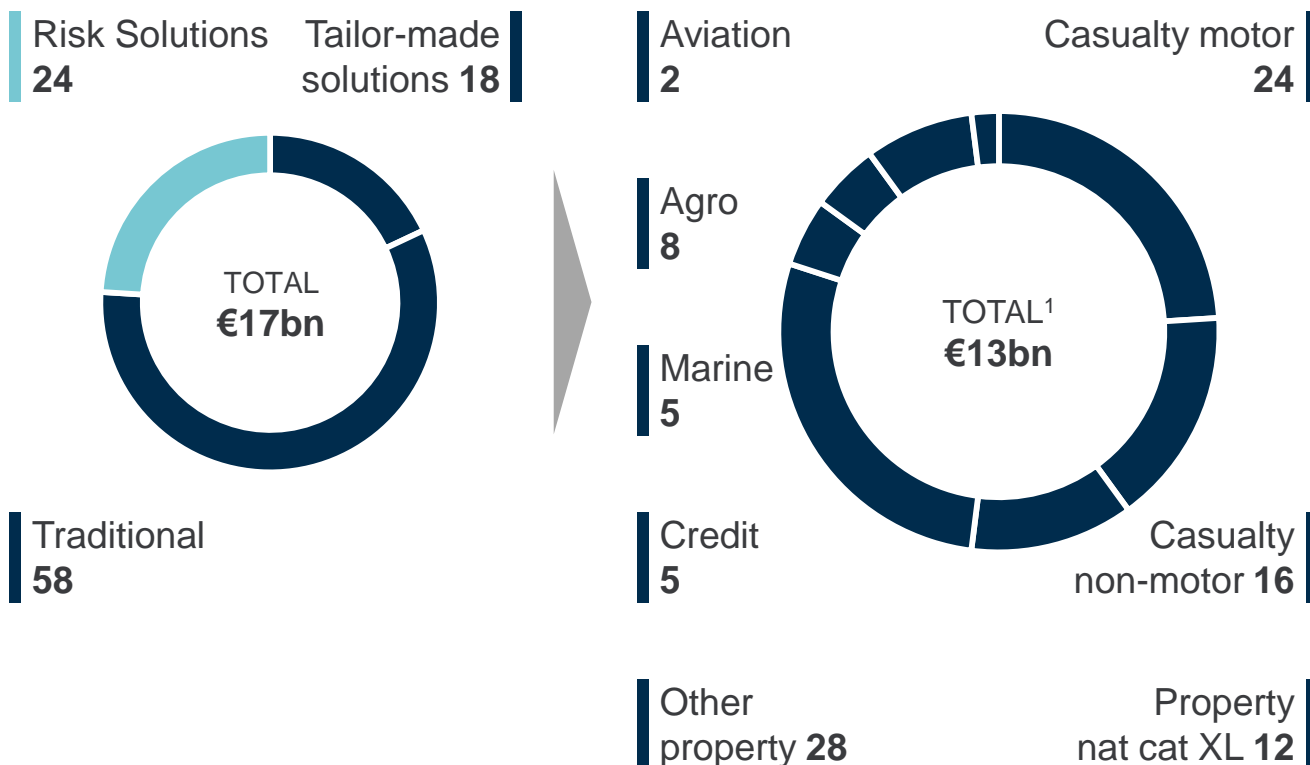
¹ Approximation – not fully comparable with IFRS figures.

² Includes Risk Solutions business (11% of January business respectively 5% of total P-C book).

³ NA = North America. ⁴ LA = Latin America.

1 Munich Re set-up supports sustainable earnings level

Munich Re portfolio based on total P-C book 2013



- Well-diversified portfolio with growing share of highly profitable Risk Solutions business
- Property nat cat XL accounts for only 12% of traditional book

Expertise

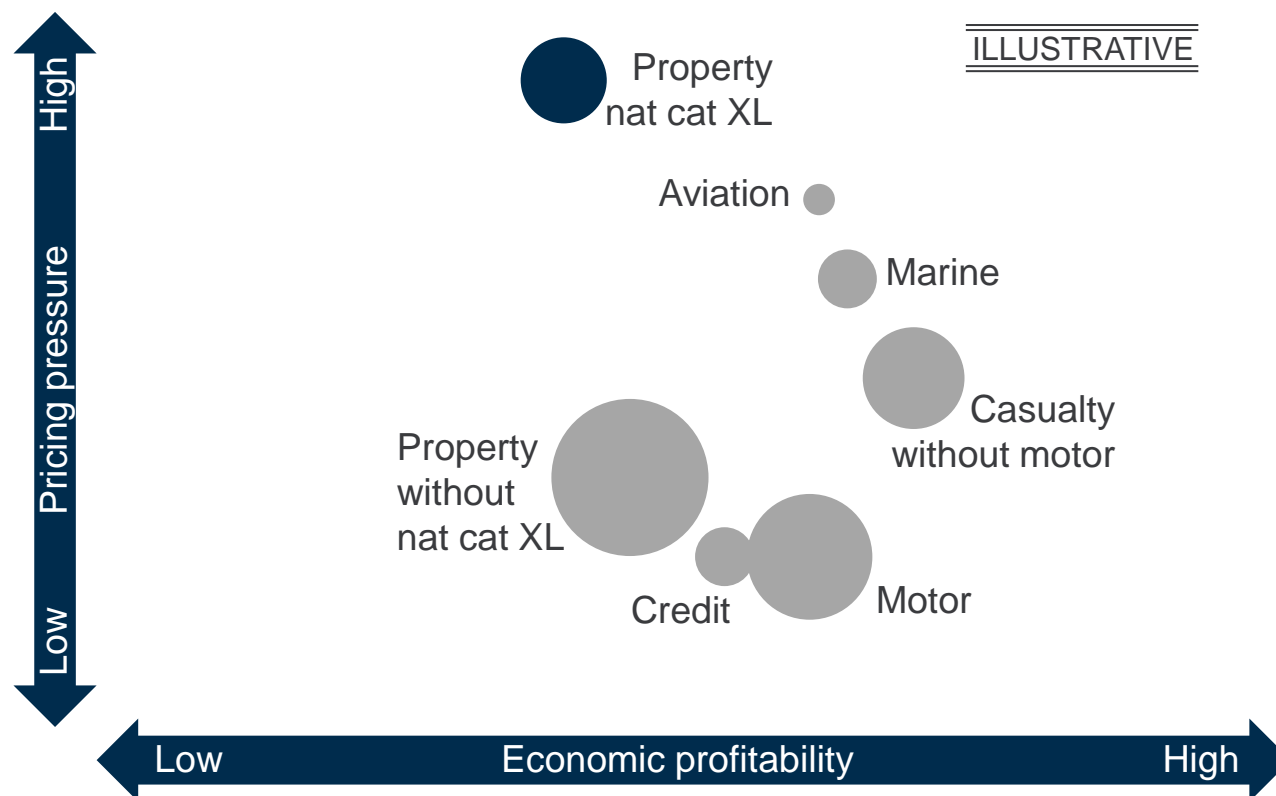
- Proven track record in managing complex risks
- Tailor-made solutions will have increasing relevance in the future
- Munich Re's client and service approach gives access to profitable business across all lines

Diversification and high level of expertise providing flexibility in managing the portfolio

¹ Traditional reinsurance incl. tailor-made solutions premium. Allocation based on management view, not comparable with IFRS reporting. Gross premiums written 2013.

1 Positive outlook despite challenging market environment

Munich Re traditional property-casualty reinsurance business – Outlook 2014¹



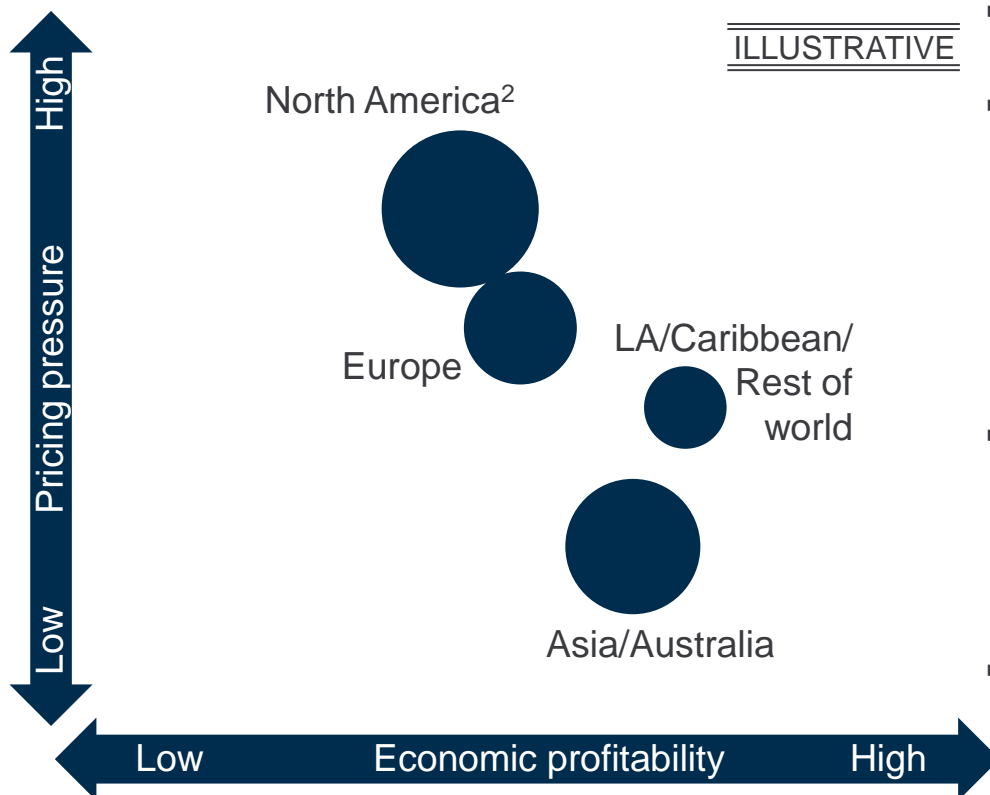
- High profitability of portfolio providing a strong basis
- Despite pricing pressure, almost all business lines expected to earn above hurdle rate ...
- ... with property nat cat remaining economically attractive ...
- ... thanks to capital strength, strong client relationships and selective underwriting

Traditional business to continue to comfortably surpass profitability threshold

¹ Bubble size reflecting gross premiums written as at 31.12.2013. Traditional reinsurance only.

1 Munich Re nat cat business still on a solid basis

Munich Re property nat cat XL portfolio – Outlook 2014¹



- Overall nat cat profitability and nat cat XL business remaining at satisfactory level
- Pricing pressure significantly varying between different regions
 - US business most exposed, profitability still around threshold level despite continued price decline in recent years
 - Smaller price reductions from higher profitability levels in other regions
- Impact of alternative capital differs from market to market
 - Strongest pressure in USA
 - Asia/Australia hardly affected in January 2014 renewals
- Munich Re to remain an indispensable partner for clients in nat cat business: Large capacity, multi-line covers, reinstatements etc.

Despite decreasing prices, nat cat business remains attractive

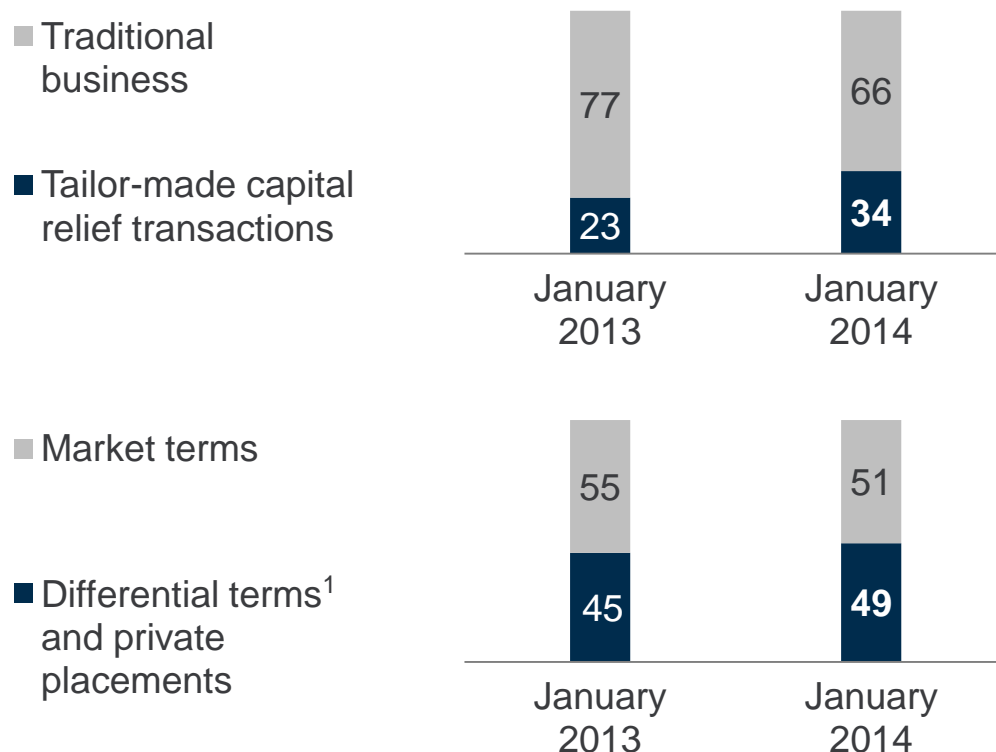
¹ Bubble size reflecting gross premiums written as at 31.12.2013. Traditional reinsurance only.

² Incl. worldwide business.

2 Harvesting the benefits of our value proposition with tailored solutions

January renewals – Share of total renewed business

%



- Shifting client demand
 - Rising demand for complex custom-fit solutions instead of standard practice
 - Increased requirement of interdisciplinary capabilities
- Munich Re offering strategic partnerships
 - Comprehensive skill-set and capacity
 - Growing track record of closed "tailored solution" deals
- Increasing share of individually valued Munich Re capacity
- Good economic profitability (mainly proportional, less risk-capital-intense)

Tailored solutions delivering growing share of business less bound to market terms

¹ Differential terms either in pricing or conditions.

3 Risk Solutions – Continued business expansion

Growing strategic importance

Growing portfolio

Upward performance trend

Less large losses



Leadership position in

profitable specialty markets

detached from reinsurance

cycle, lower nat cat exposure



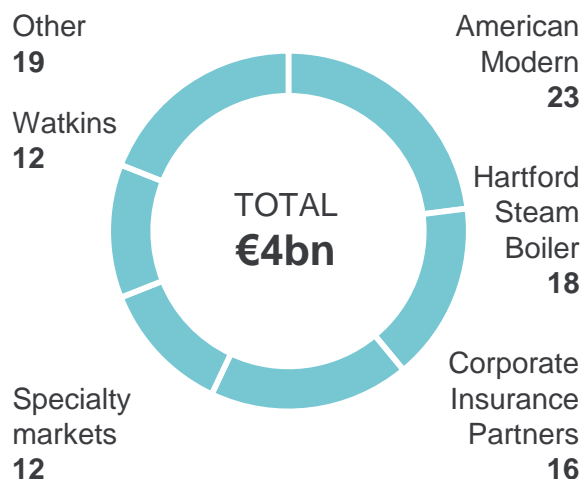
Differentiating pillar

Additional competitive edge

Further growth potential

Premium split¹

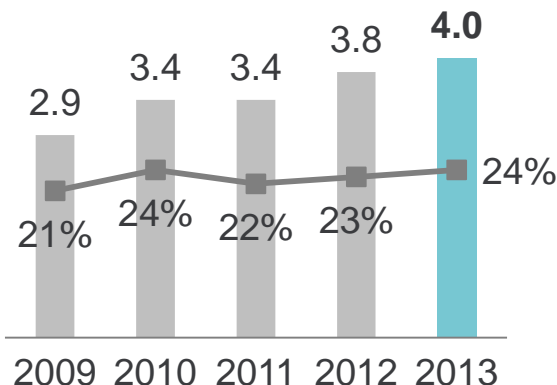
%



Premium development¹

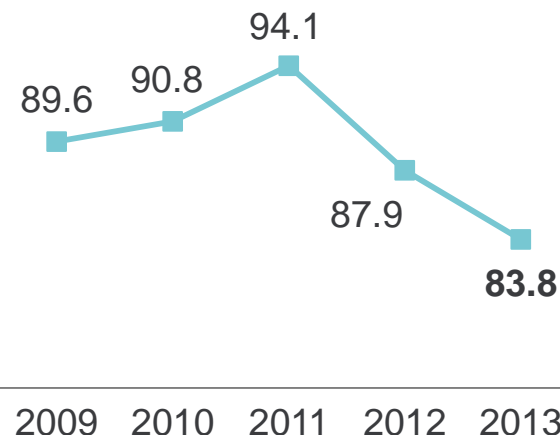
€m

■ Share of Risk Solutions in % of total property-casualty book



Combined ratio¹

%



Increasingly valuable business segment with strong bottom-line contribution

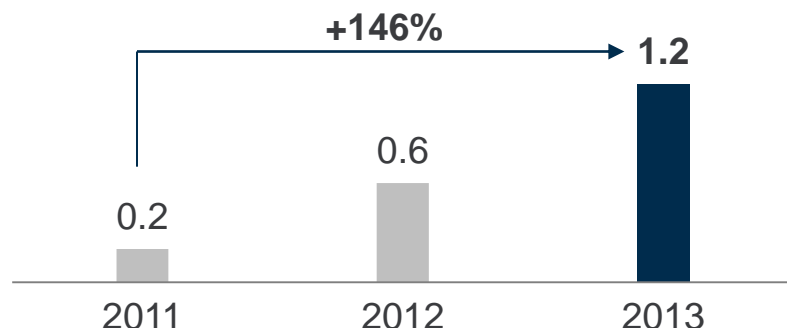
¹ Gross earned premium. Management view, not comparable with IFRS reporting.
Figures for Hartford Steam Boiler included since consolidation as at April 2009.

4 Enhanced leverage of alternative risk transfer – Strong Munich Re footprint in 2013

Alternative risk transfer (ART) solutions

Increased ILS service for clients US\$ bn

Munich Re ILS transactions for 3rd parties

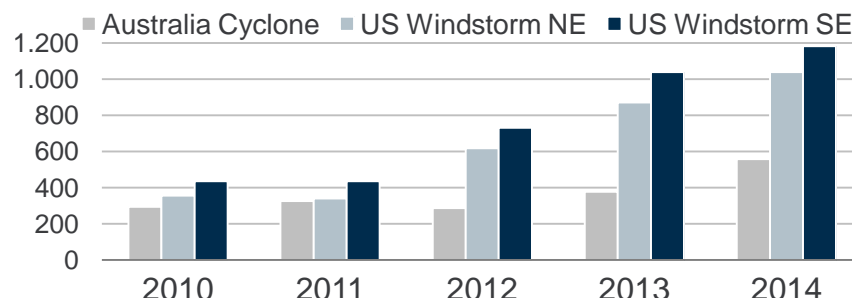


- Strong track record of ILS structuring, arrangements and placements for clients
- 2013 transaction volume corresponds with a 17% market share in total ILS market issuance¹

Completing our offer as customised stand-alone service or integrated in traditional solutions

Extension of Munich Re retrocession €m

Protection per nat cat scenario² (Selection of main scenarios)



- Opportunistic use of favourable market terms
- Significantly increased scope of cover

New Munich Re aggregate XL sidecar – "Eden Re"³

Special purpose vehicle providing additional US\$ 63m aggregate XL capacity for 2014

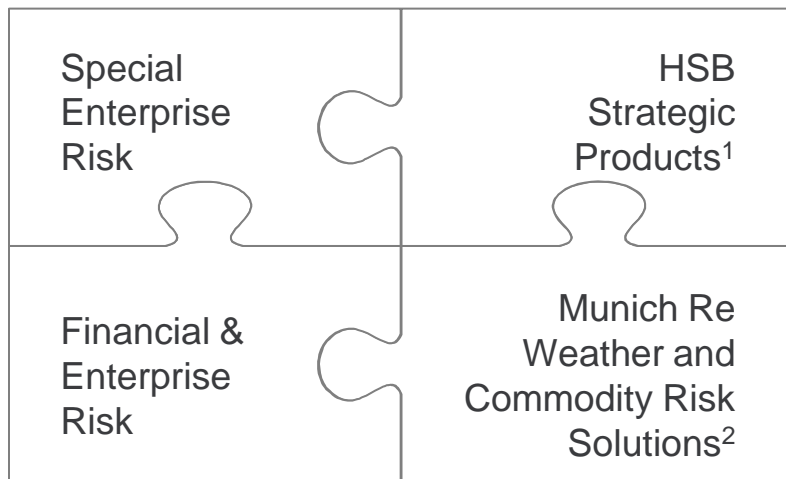
Strengthened Munich Re solutions offering and enhanced collateralised Munich Re capacity

¹ Market wide ILS issuance in 2013 totaled US\$ 7.4bn. ² Including indemnity retrocession, ILW/Derivatives, risk swaps and cat bonds. ³ Munich Re structured, serviced and arranged fully-collateralised Bermuda domiciled sidecar in cooperation with Willis Capital Markets & Advisory.

5 Strategic development of innovative business – Growing share of Munich Re's business portfolio

Creating solutions for new and emerging risks

Dedicated specialised business units



Strategic advantage

- Innovative business development platform
- First mover in different market segments
- Cross-linked expertise creating new solutions

Innovative risk solutions – Examples

Unit outage insurance

- Base load power plant outage protection

(First) LED module performance guarantee

- For manufacturers

Cyber liability products

- Cyber liability insurance for large industrial clients
- Data compromise by HSB for small- and medium-sized enterprises

"Project Risk Rating"³

- For investors and developers (industrial projects)
- Connecting Munich Re expertise with project business in early stage

Tapping new profit pools with innovative products and services

¹ HSB awarded three "Innovation Showcases" in Best's Review, 01/2014. ² Ex-"REAL", Houston acquired from RenRe in 09/2013.

³ In cooperation with TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH.

Key takeaways

Financial results

Combined ratio once more beating target, lower investment income, negative FX result and low tax rate

Traditional portfolio

Stringent cycle management by focusing on promising business fields and disciplined underwriting with strict bottom-line orientation

Business expansion

Growing share of profitable Risk Solutions business – Leading market position in terms of know-how and innovation

Outlook

Pleasing result in January renewals despite unrelentingly competitive market environment; coming renewals expected to maintain good level of profitability – Target combined ratio in 2014: ~94%

Strong balance sheet – Strong returns

Nikolaus von Bomhard

Munich Re (Group)

Jörg Schneider

Risk management

Bernhard Kaufmann

Primary insurance

Torsten Oletzky

Reinsurance property-casualty

Torsten Jeworrek

Reinsurance life

Joachim Wenning

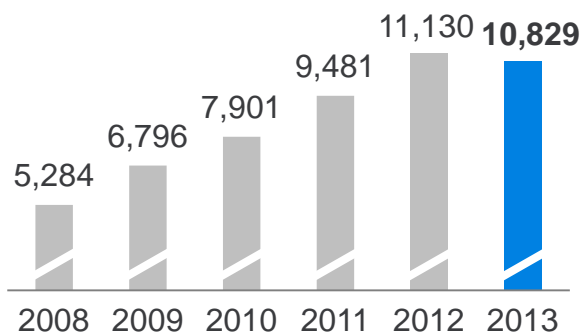
Backup

Another year of very strong new business generation

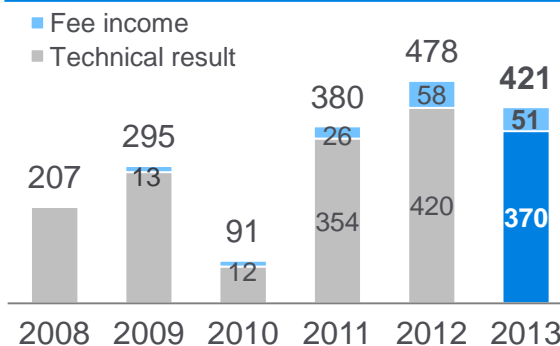
Premiums and value generation per year

€m

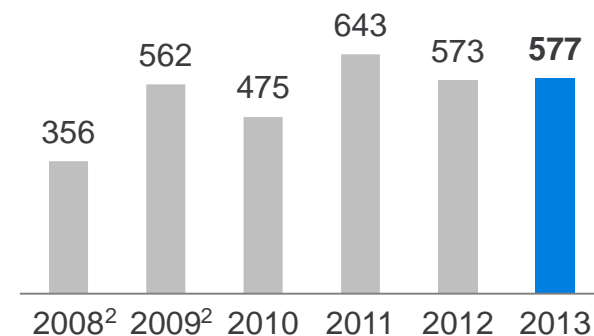
Gross premiums written (GWP)



Technical result and fee income¹



MCEV value of new business (VNB)



- New business value at sustainably high level with growth initiatives paying off
 - FinMoRe³ business performing well; continued strong demand (21% of total VNB)
 - Close to €100m VNB from Asian markets (17% of total)
 - Asset protection platforms fully operational – continuing demand for relevant solutions
 - Longevity book being developed carefully in line with risk appetite
- Strong production in base business, particularly in the US and Canada
- Premium decline mainly driven by FX effects

Favourable new business development – overall leading market position maintained

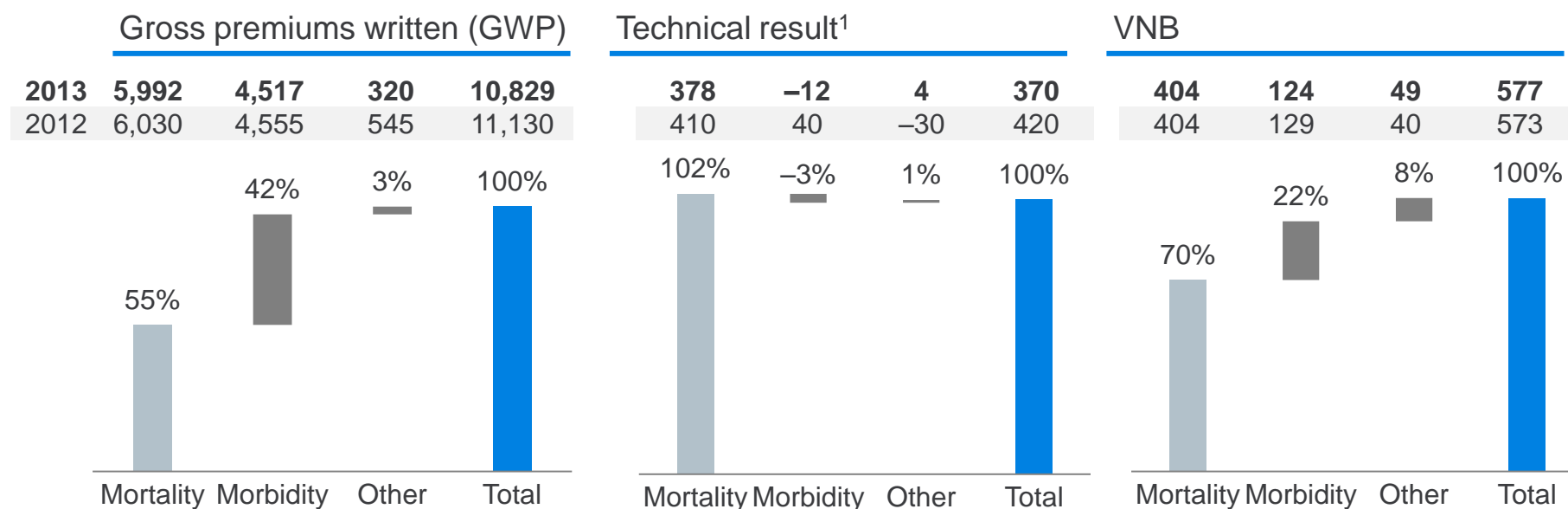
¹ "Fee income": Result contribution shown as part of non-technical result (deposit accounting).

² EEV figures. ³ Financially motivated reinsurance (solvency relief, financing).

Favourable financial performance overall – despite two slips

Premiums and value generation by product

€m



Favourable biometric experience in most segments with two exceptions

- Morbidity – Result impacted by Australian disability issues (group and individual)
- Mortality – Worse than expected for older issue age business in the USA

¹ Additional non-technical result contribution ("fee income"): €58m in 2012; €51m in 2013.

Financially Motivated Reinsurance remains a key strategic pillar

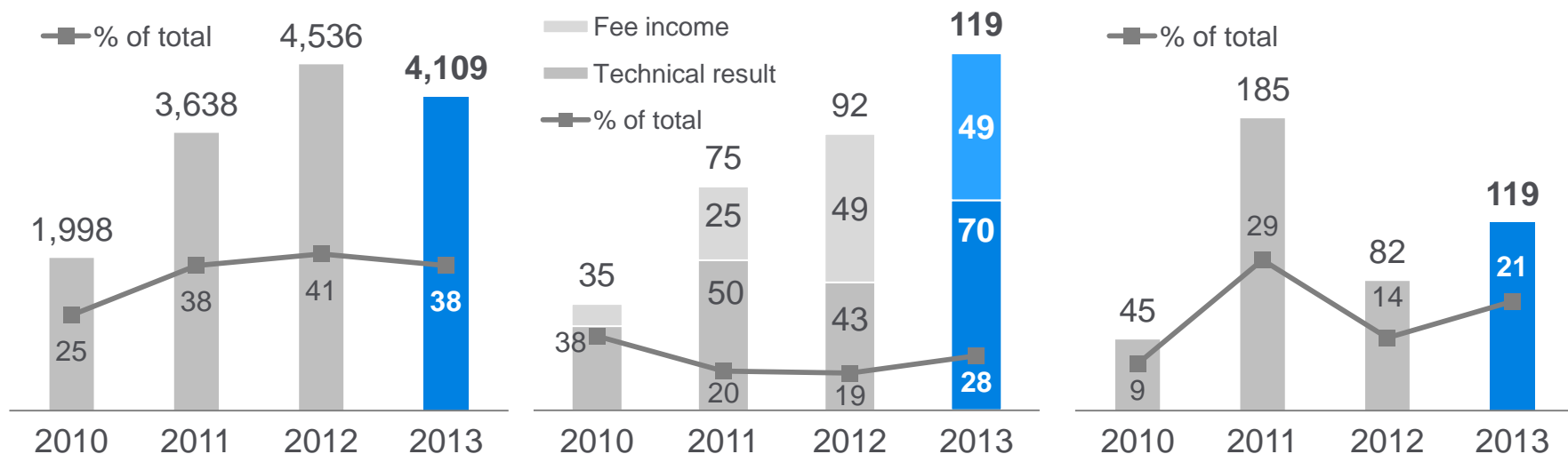
Financially Motivated Reinsurance

€m

Gross premiums written

Technical result and fee income¹

VNB



Portfolio development

- Several deals concluded in Europe (e.g. Iberian peninsula), Asia and North America
- Successful renewal of some existing deals
- Business performing well as expected

Expectations going forward

- Sustained high demand, especially in Europe and Asia
- Number, size and type of transactions difficult to project

¹ Result from FinMoRe business partly shown as non-technical result (deposit accounting – "fee income").

Asia – Sustained growth across all major markets

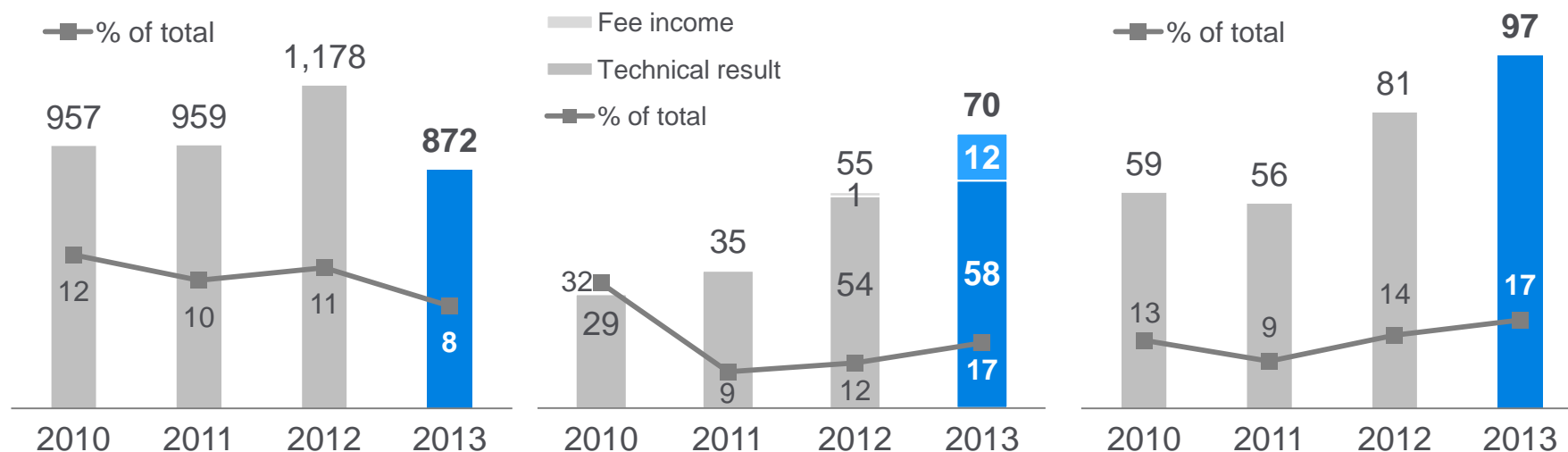
Reinsurance life Asia – Business development

€m

Gross premiums written

Technical result

VNB



Portfolio development

- Sustained growth path
- Premium reduction from planned solvency-relief treaty terminations
- Growth supported by our state-of-the-art underwriting automation solutions (MRAS¹)

Expectations going forward

- Ongoing need for solvency-relief and financing solutions
- In some developing markets, demand gradually shifting from service to risk transfer

¹ Munich Re Automation Solutions Ltd., Dublin.

Australian disability and US mortality – Experience, current status and outlook

Australian disability

Experience

- Approx. €130m pre-tax losses in disability segments
- Almost equally split between group and individual

Status

- Rehabilitation project well under way (data, product design, claims, price)
- Very restrictive underwriting approach

Outlook

- Group issue of rather short-term duration
- For individual disability
 - Careful re-pricing with a critical view to selective lapsation
 - Longer-term uncertainty expected, but downside reduced

US older issue age mortality

- Elevated mortality in older issue age (70+) segment; business written pre 2009
- Experience not fully credible yet











- €300m negative MCEV assumption change made
- Weight of the segment in new business down to 1% from peak in mid-2000s

- Expect lower annual mortality results under IFRS for a couple of years
- No reserve strengthening required

MCEV result 2013

MCEV – Reinsurance life 2013

€m

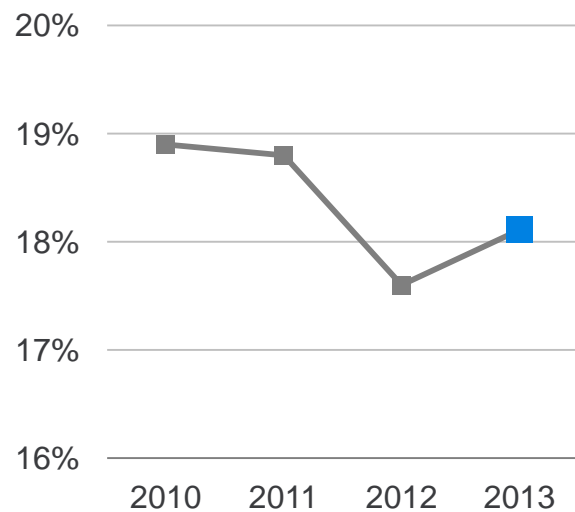
MCEV 31.12.2012	10,616		3 Value of new business	577
1 Opening adjustments	–265		Expected return	317
Adjusted MCEV 31.12.2012	10,352		4 Experience variances	–113
Operating MCEV earnings	369		4 Assumption changes	–301
2 Economic variances	–168		Other operating variance	–111
Other non-operating variance	–54		Operating MCEV earnings	369
Total MCEV earnings	147			
MCEV before closing adjustments	10,499			
1 Closing adjustments	–1,117			
MCEV 31.12.2013	9,382			

Main drivers

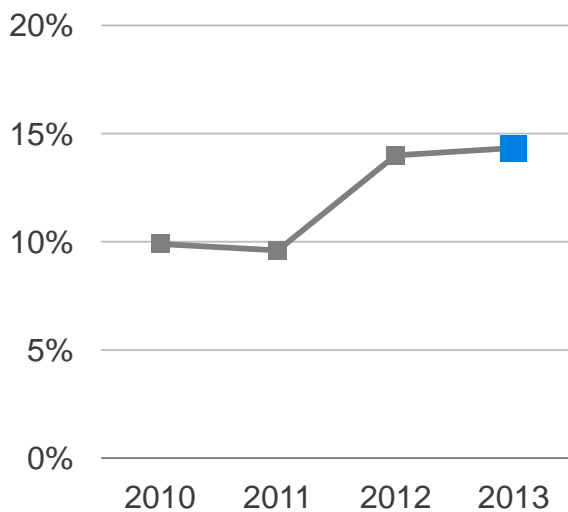
1 FX impact: –€917m Dividends: –€465m	2 Impact from rising interest rates	3 Second-highest value of new business ever	4 Impact from Australian disability and US mortality
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Very satisfactory new business profitability on a pure economic and a regulatory basis

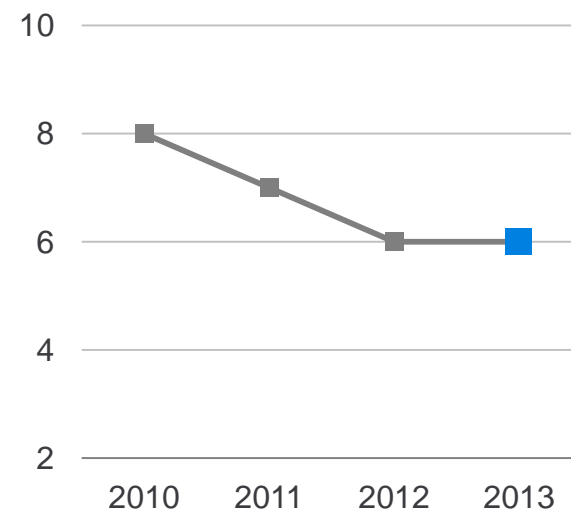
RoRaC spread¹ %



IRR spread¹ %



Payback period² years



- Very good new business profitability relative to economic risk capital (RoRaC spread)
- Large-volume deals written since 2009 support economic profitability of overall portfolio

- Equally satisfactory new business profitability relative to total investment in new business (IRR spread)

- Large share of generally shorter-duration FinMoRe business keeps payback period at low level

¹ Spread in addition to reference rate (weighted-average swap yield curves).

² Number of years it takes to amortise the total investment in new business through future (undiscounted) shareholder cash flows.

Key takeaways and outlook

Financial results

- Very strong new business value generation
- Overall favourable biometric experience
- Australian disability and US mortality prevent record result

Strategic positioning

- Very well positioned – both in large established markets and in dynamic growth segments (emerging Asia, FinMoRe)
- Future-oriented infrastructure in place (asset protection, longevity)

Portfolio

- Clear overweight in overall stable mortality business
- Sizeable and reliable contributions from FinMoRe segment
- Careful development of living benefits lines of business

Outlook

- Dynamic growth in emerging markets and FinMoRe
- Flat development in established markets
- IFRS technical result to sustainably surpass €400m mark

Strong balance sheet – Strong returns

Nikolaus von Bomhard

Munich Re (Group)

Jörg Schneider

Risk management

Bernhard Kaufmann

Primary insurance

Torsten Oletzky

Reinsurance property-casualty

Torsten Jeworrek

Reinsurance life






Joachim Wenning

Backup

Premium development

Gross premiums written

€m

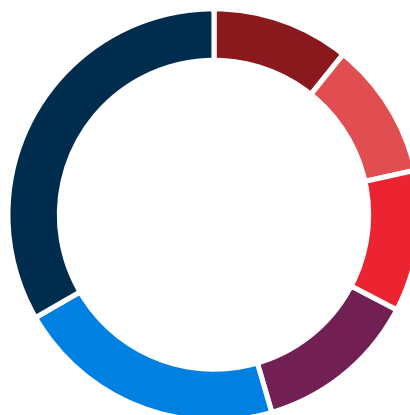
2012	51,969	
Foreign-exchange effects	-1,498	
Divestment/Investment	-105	
Organic growth	694	
2013	51,060	

Segmental breakdown

€m

Reinsurance property-casualty
17,013 (33%) (▲ -0.2%)

Reinsurance life
10,829 (21%) (▲ -2.7%)



Primary insurance property-casualty
5,507 (11%) (▲ -0.8%)

Primary insurance life
5,489 (11%) (▲ -5.3%)

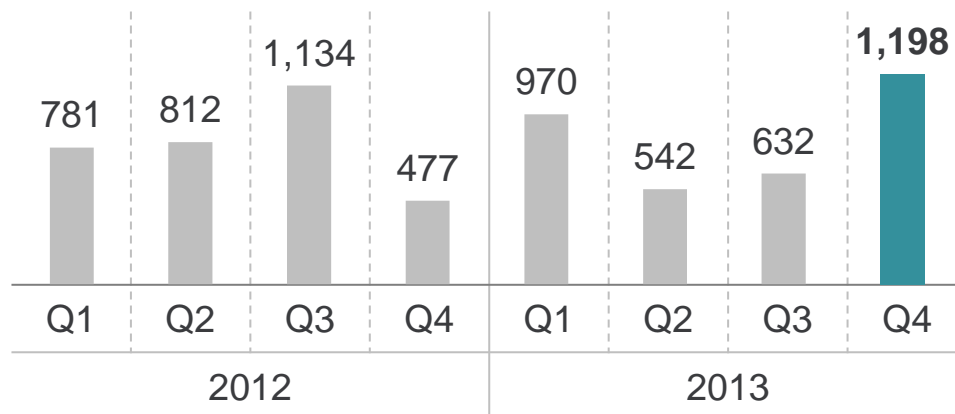
Primary insurance health
5,671 (11%) (▲ -1.1%)

Munich Health
6,551 (13%) (▲ -2.3%)

Financial highlights 2013

Net result

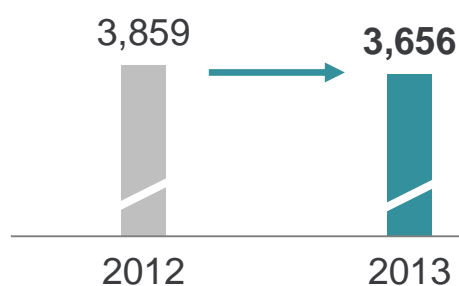
€m



	2013	2012
Total¹	3,342	3,204
Reinsurance	2,797	3,055
Primary insurance	433	240
Munich Health	150	–91

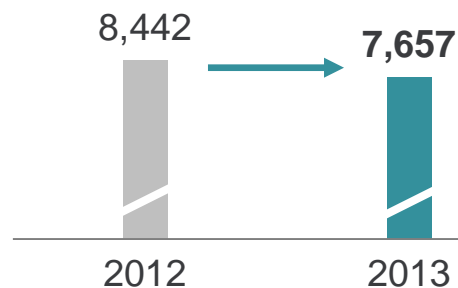
Technical result

€m



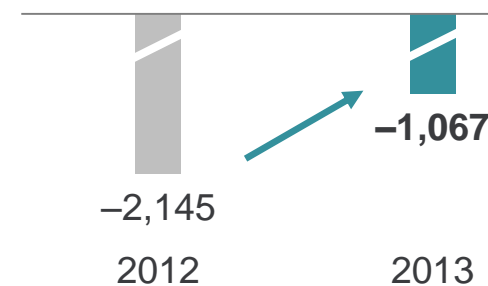
Investment result

€m



Other²

€m



Pleasant development in non-life, decrease in life business

Attrition of regular income, lower contribution from unit-linked

Low tax rate: 3.1%; negative FX result: –€310m

¹ Segments do not add up to total amount; difference relates to the segment "asset management".

² Other non-operating result, goodwill impairments, net finance costs, taxes.

Q4 2013 – Actual vs. expected net result

Q4 2013 – Major drivers of difference between actual and expected net result¹

€m

Net result (actual)	1,198
Taxes on income (actual)	–241
Pre-tax profit	957
Differences in the operating result	
Reinsurance: Investment result	+40
Reinsurance: Combined ratio	+200
Primary insurance: Combined ratio	–33
Primary insurance: Life tax refund ²	–128
Total difference	+79
Total deviation from expected operating result	–79
FX losses	+34
Pre-tax profit adjusted for operating and FX deviation	912
Tax (expectation: ~20%)	–182
As-if net result adjusted for deviations	~730

Reinsurance	Actual	Expected	Diff.
Rol	3.5%	~3.3%	+0.2%
Average investments			80,381
Difference			+40

Reinsurance	Actual	Expected	Diff.
Combined ratio	89.2%	~94%	–4.8%
Net earned premiums			4,158
Difference			+200

Prim. insurance	Actual	Expected	Diff.
Combined ratio	97.5%	~95%	+2.5%
Net earned premiums			1,303
Difference			–33

¹ This is a very informal calculation to consider major drivers that influenced the Q4 2013 result in order to carve out the "underlying profitability", bearing in mind there is no one single accurate approach to normalising earnings.

² Elimination of policyholder participation in tax refund. Assumption: ~85% of €151m tax refund from prior years.

Reconciliation of operating to net result



Reconciliation of operating to net result		€m
	2013	Q4
Operating result	4,409	1,276
Other non-operating result	–673	–235
Goodwill impairments	–29	–29
Net finance costs	–257	–55
Taxes	–108	241
Net result	3,342	1,198

Other non-operating result	€m	
	2013	Q4
Foreign exchange	–310	–34
Restructuring charges	–154	–126
Other	–209	–75

Tax rates	%	
	2013	Q4
Group	3.1	–25.2
Reinsurance	6.2	–6.7
Primary insurance	–39.7	–179.3
Munich Health	9.1	–33.3

Primary insurance – Premium development

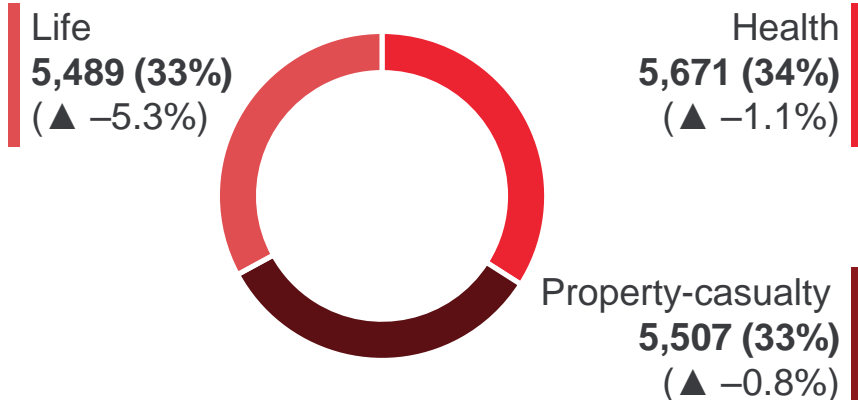
Gross premiums written €m

2012	17,084	
Foreign-exchange effects	–42	
Divestment/Investment	–105	
Organic change	–270	
2013	16,667	

Gross premiums written €m

2012	17,084	
Life	–309	
Health	–61	
Property-casualty	–47	
2013	16,667	

Segmental breakdown €m



Life: Premium income decreasing in both German –5.1% and international business –6.0%

Health: Growth in supplementary partially offsetting decline in comprehensive and travel business

P-C: Growth in German business +1.3% offset by decline abroad (disposal of Korean entity)

Primary insurance life – New business (statutory premiums)

Total	€m			
	Total	Regular premiums	Single premiums	APE ¹
2012	2,227	527	1,700	697
2013	1,936	441	1,495	591
▲	–13.1%	–16.3%	–12.1%	–15.2%

Germany	€m			
	Total	Regular premiums	Single premiums	APE ¹
2012	1,433	340	1,093	449
2013	1,144	259	885	348
▲	–20.2%	–23.8%	–19.0%	–22.5%

Comments

- Germany: Lower single premiums from short-term investment product "MaxiZins" and from German corporate pensions insolvency fund – difficult environment for regular premium business; sale of new product started positively
- International business: Lower regular premiums mainly in Austria and Turkey – single premiums stable

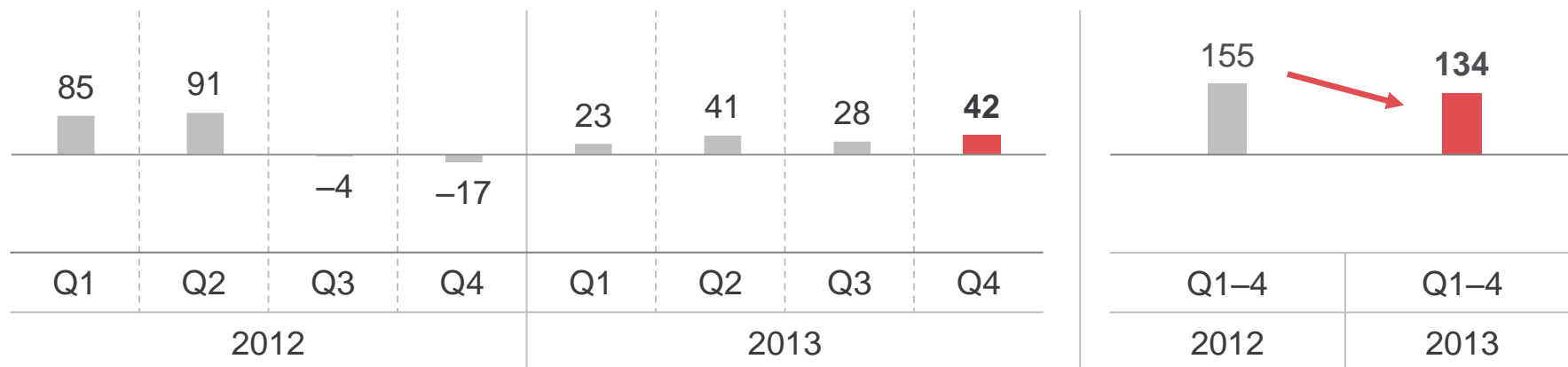
International	€m			
	Total	Regular premiums	Single premiums	APE ¹
2012	794	187	607	248
2013	792	182	610	243
▲	–0.3%	–2.7%	0.5%	–2.0%

¹ Annual premium equivalent (APE = regular premiums +10% single premiums).

Primary insurance life – Key figures

Net result

€m



Technical result

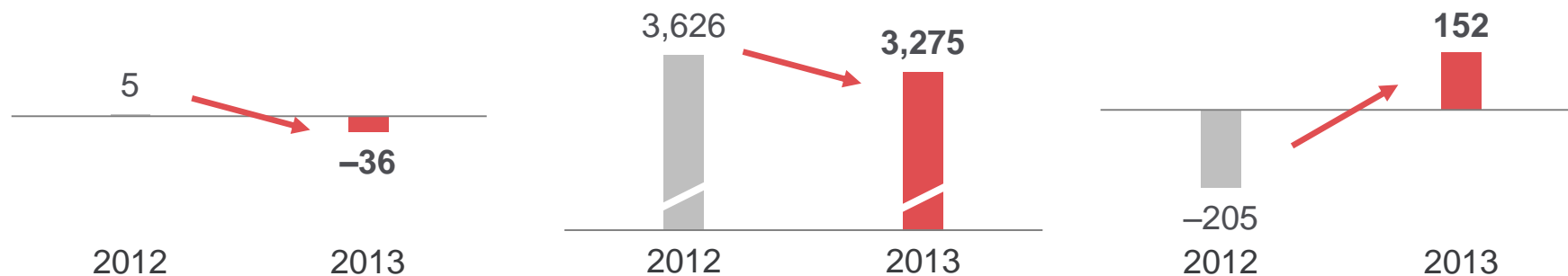
€m

Investment result

€m

Other¹

€m



Decrease abroad as consequence of low-interest-rate environment

Lower unit-linked result, negative impact from hedging programme

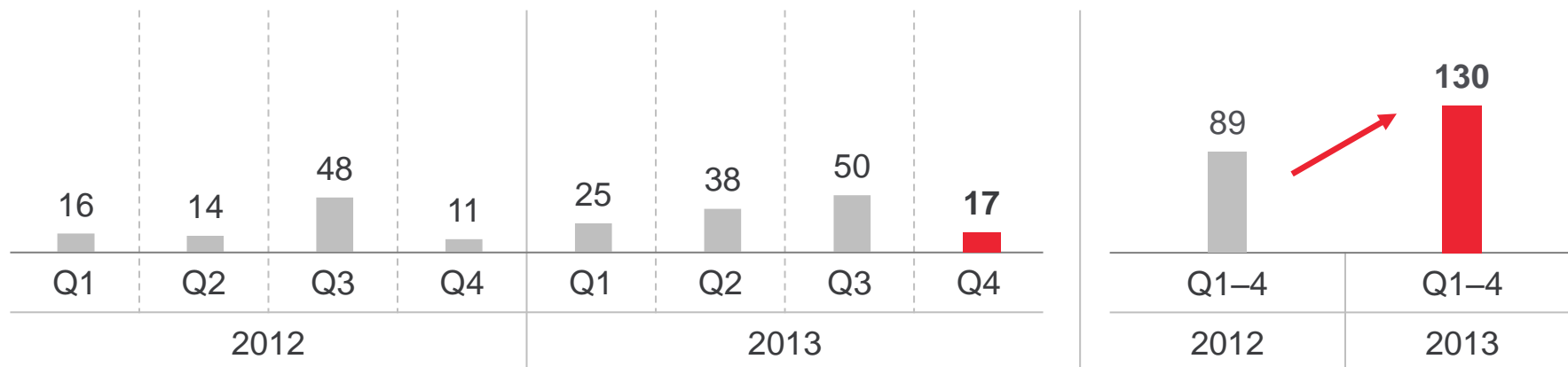
Tax refunds and lower restructuring expenses

¹ Other non-operating result, goodwill impairments, net finance costs, taxes.

Primary insurance health – Key figures

Net result

€m



Technical result

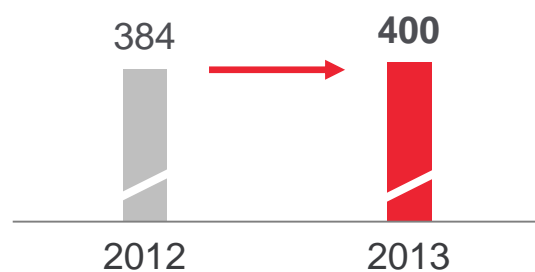
€m

Investment result

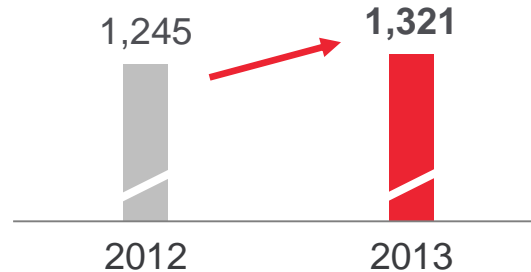
€m

Other¹

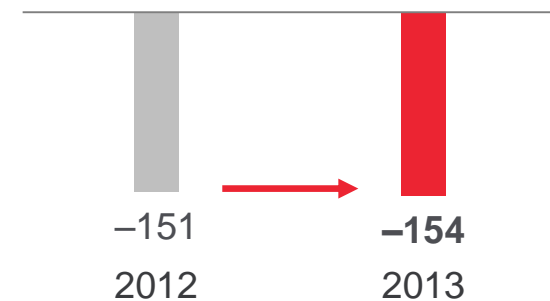
€m



Better-than-expected claims experience



Higher regular income mainly from dividends



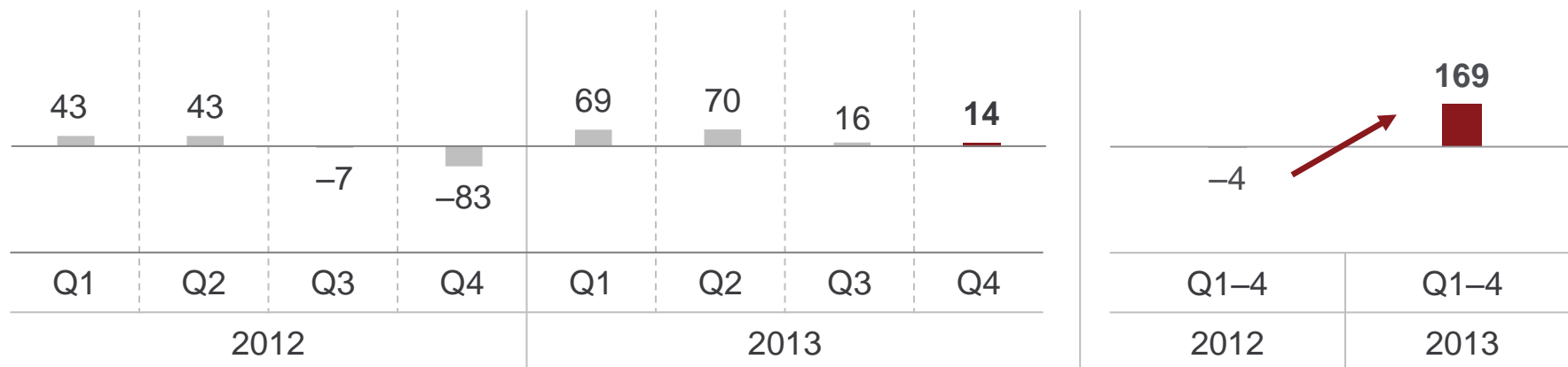
Higher taxes in line with result increase

¹ Other non-operating result, goodwill impairments, net finance costs, taxes.

Primary insurance property-casualty – Key figures

Net result

€m



Technical result

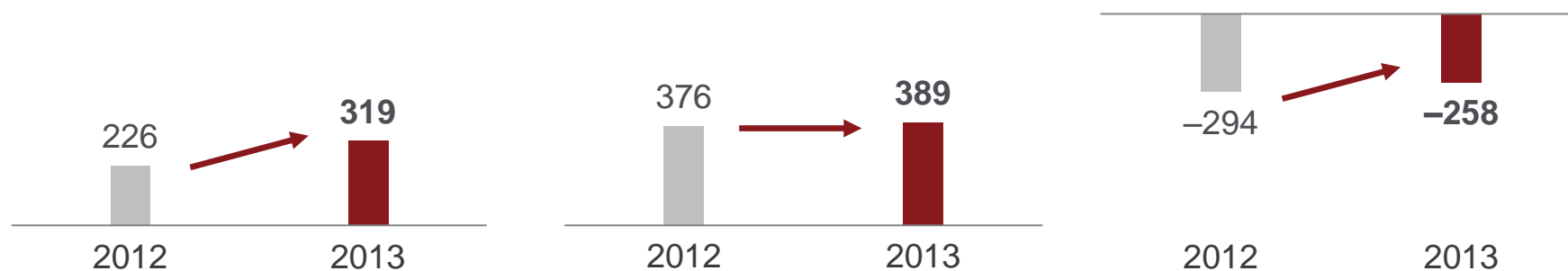
€m

Investment result

€m

Other¹

€m



Improved international operations offsetting nat cats in Germany

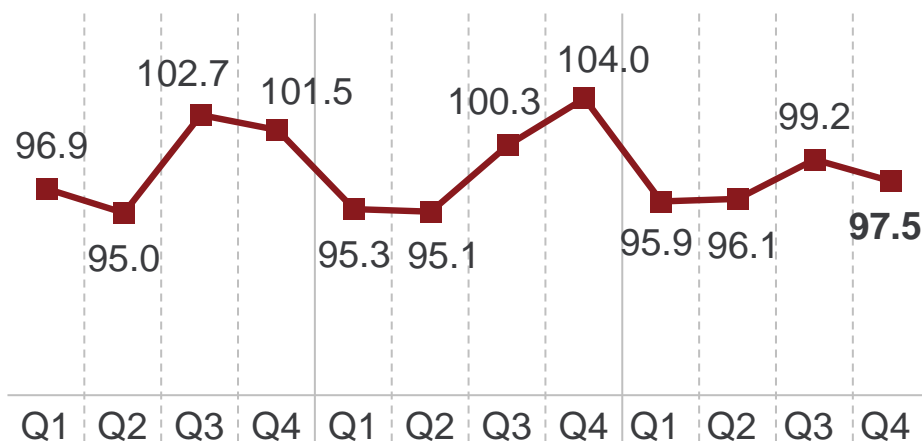
Higher disposal gains

Lower restructuring expenses

¹ Other non-operating result, goodwill impairments, net finance costs, taxes.

Improvement of combined ratio

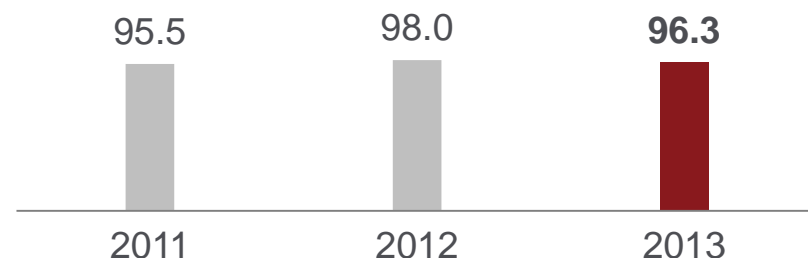
Combined ratio %



■ Expense ratio
■ Loss ratio

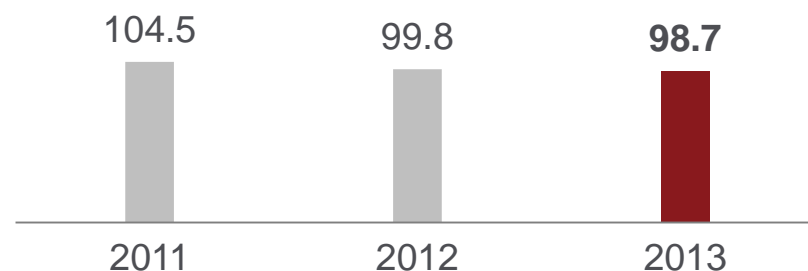


Germany %



Nat cats (flood, several hailstorms) burdening combined ratio

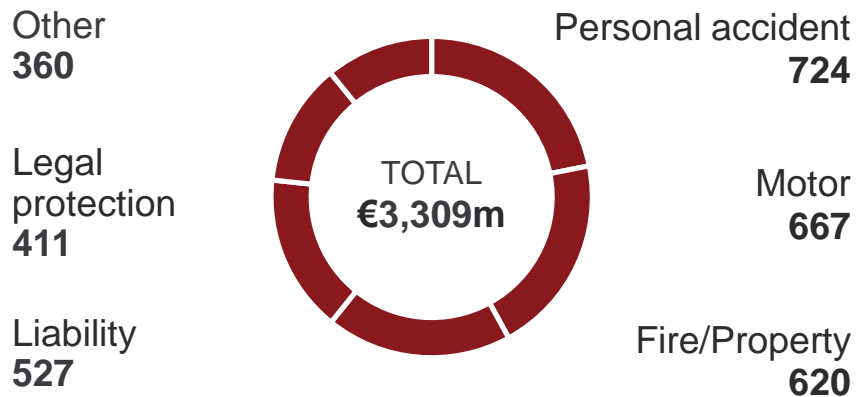
International %



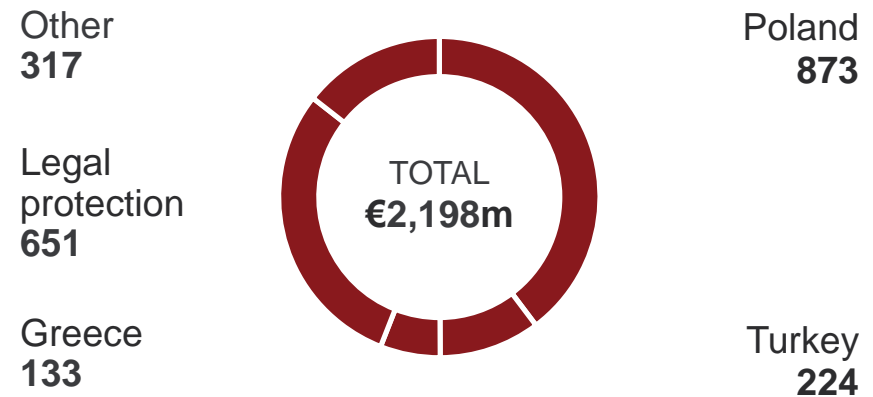
Further progress in Turkey; disposal of Korean company with above-average combined ratio

Gross premiums written and combined ratio

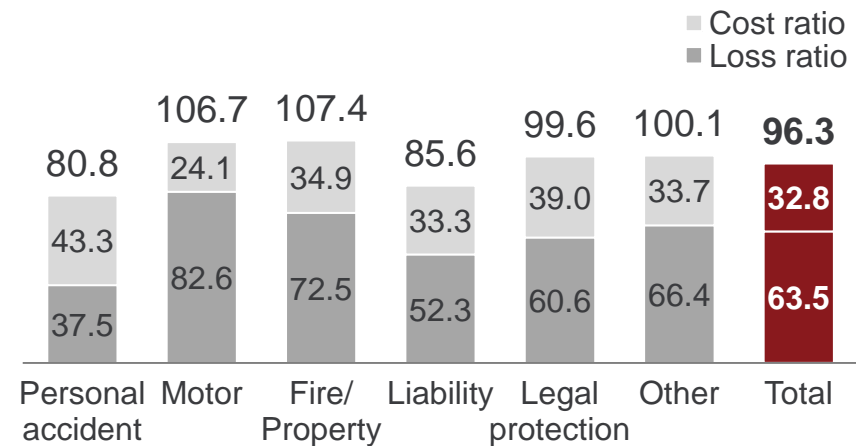
Germany: Gross premiums written €m



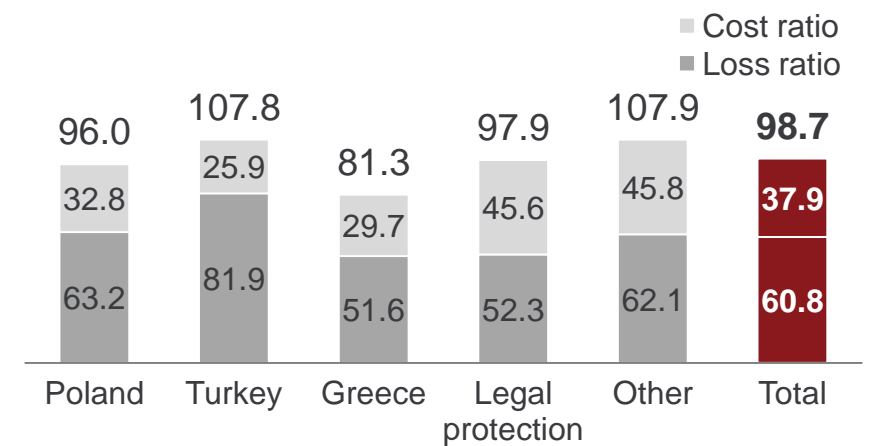
International: Gross premiums written €m



Germany: Combined ratio %

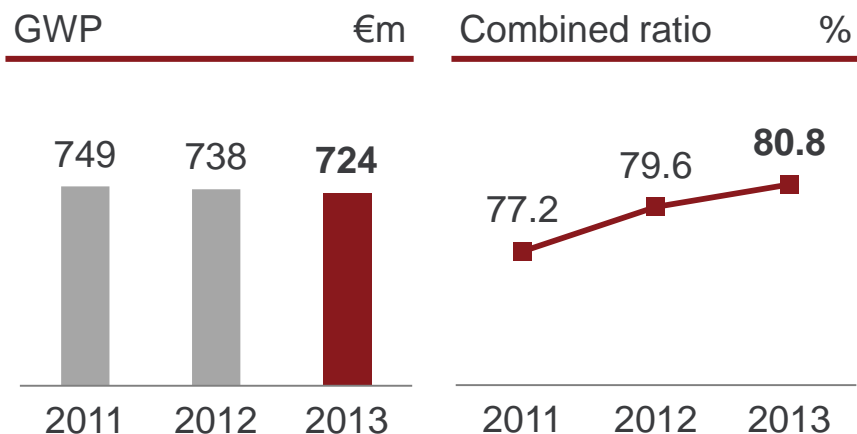


International: Combined ratio %

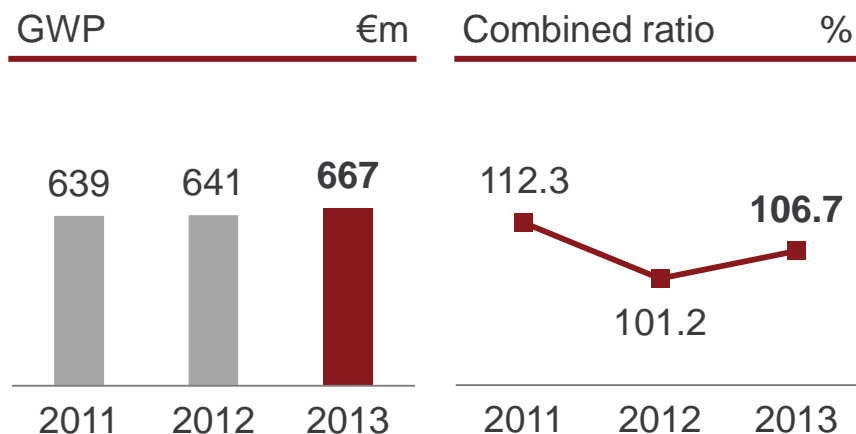


Property-casualty – Germany

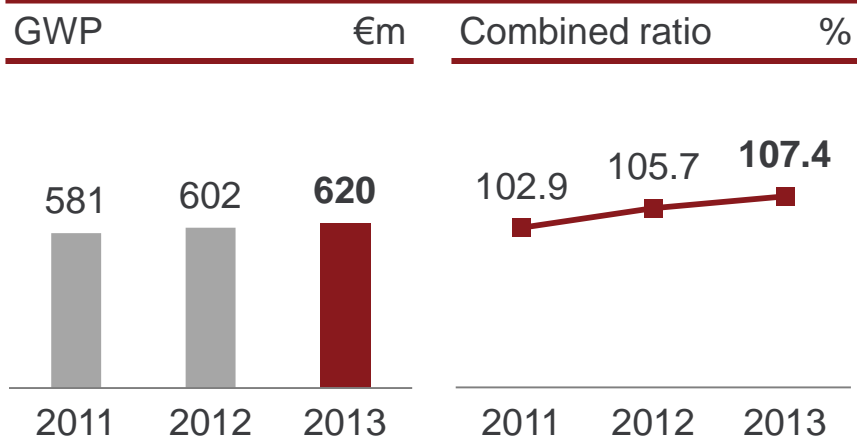
Personal accident



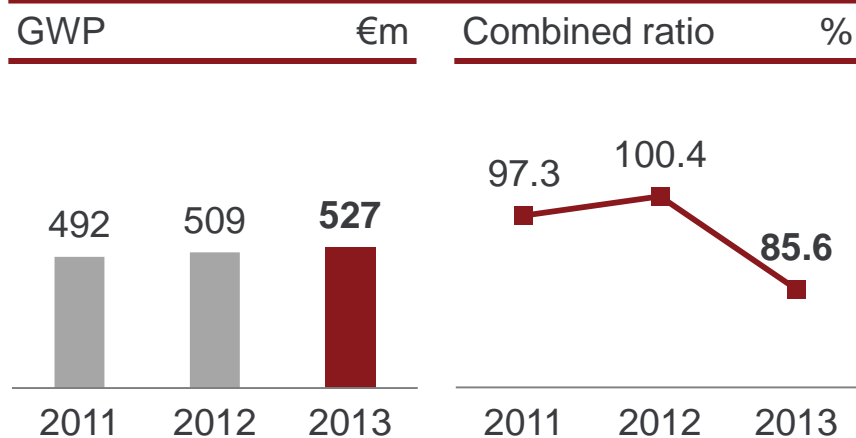
Motor



Fire/Property

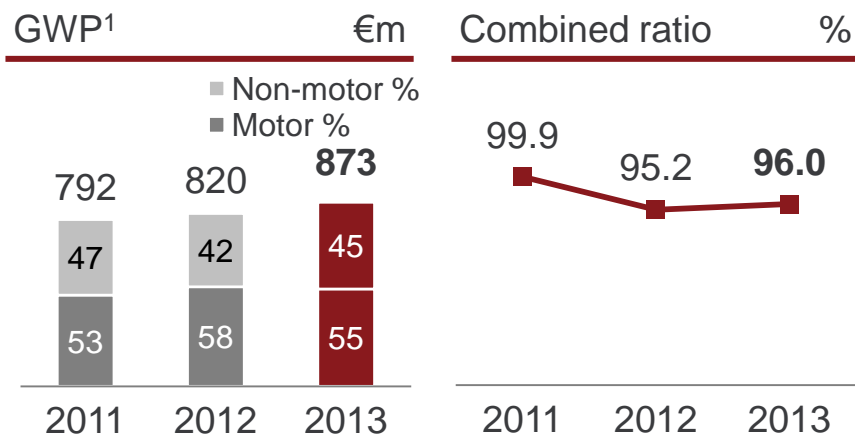


Liability

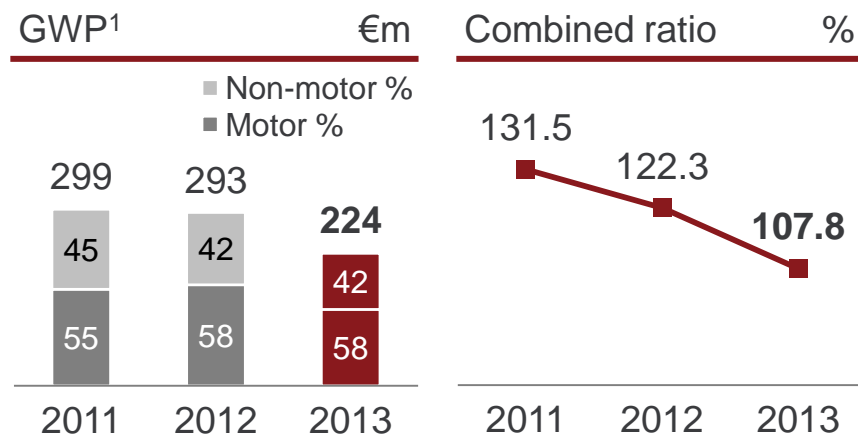


Property-casualty – International

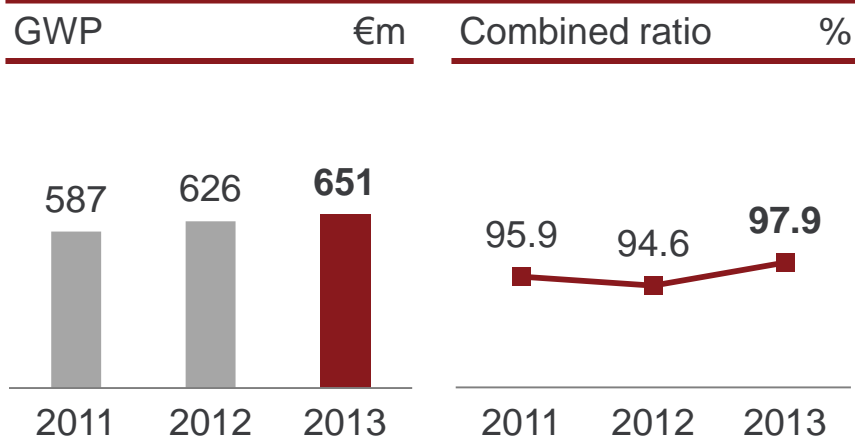
Poland



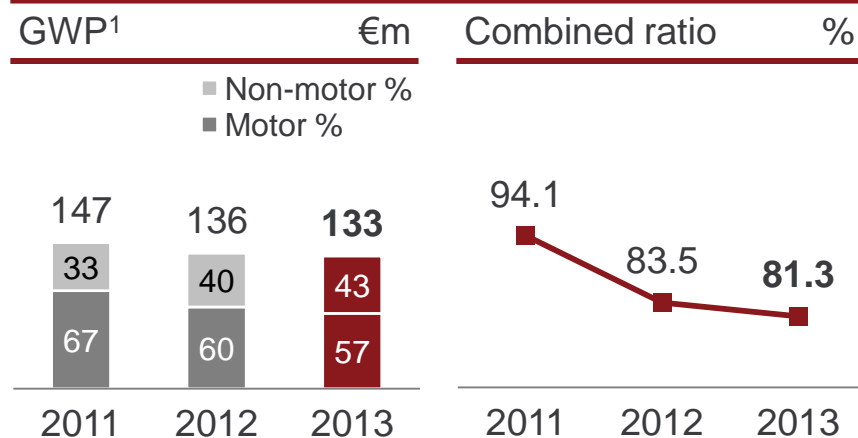
Turkey



Legal protection







Greece



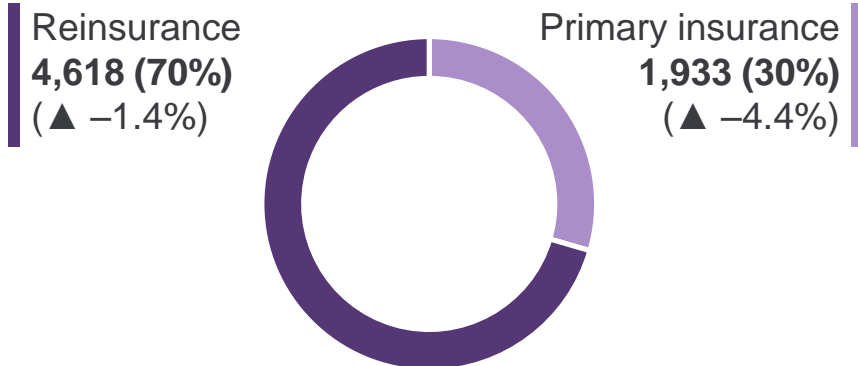
¹ Excluding legal protection.

Munich Health – Premium development





Gross premiums written €m

2012	6,703	
Foreign-exchange effects	–248	
Divestment/Investment	–	
Organic change	96	
2013	6,551	

Segmental breakdown €m



Gross premiums written €m

2012	6,703	
Reinsurance	–64	
Primary insurance	–88	
2013	6,551	

Reinsurance

Negative FX effects (–€242m); new business in Middle East and increased large-volume deals

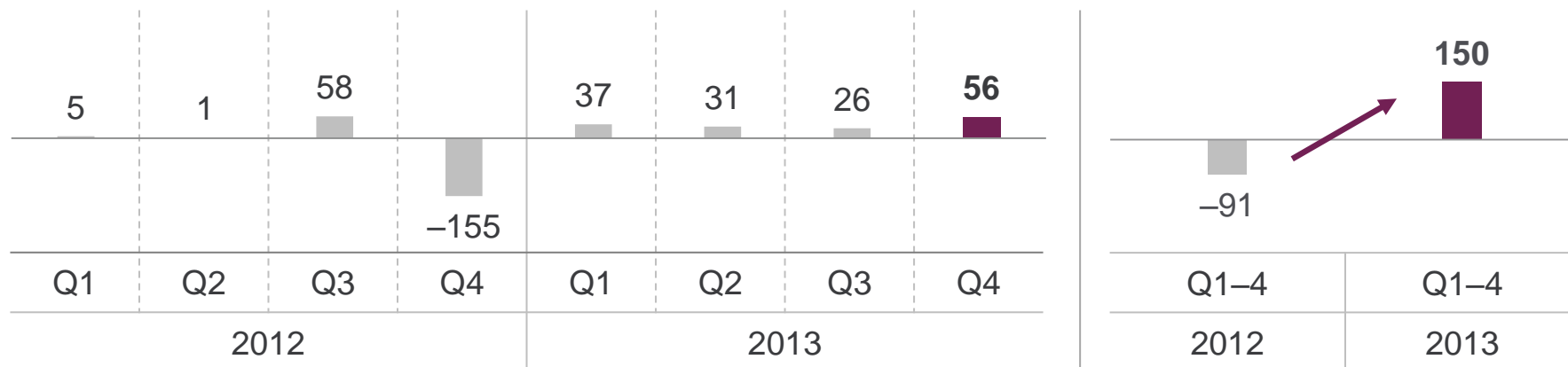
Primary insurance

Organic growth in Spain and Benelux, decline in USA due to exit from PFFS business

Munich Health – Key figures

Net result

€m



Technical result

€m

Investment result

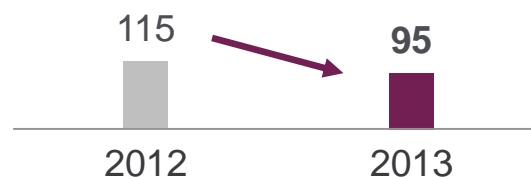
€m

Other¹

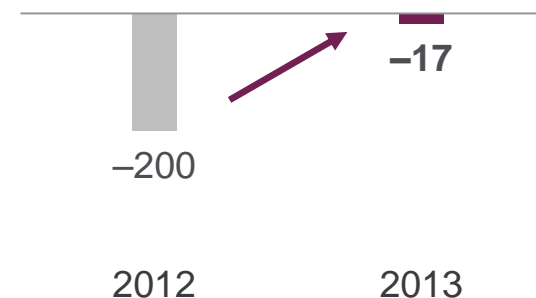
€m



Improved US Medicare business at Windsor Health Group (WHG)



Disposal loss from sale of Windsor Health Group ~€50m



Goodwill impairment in previous year; improved FX result

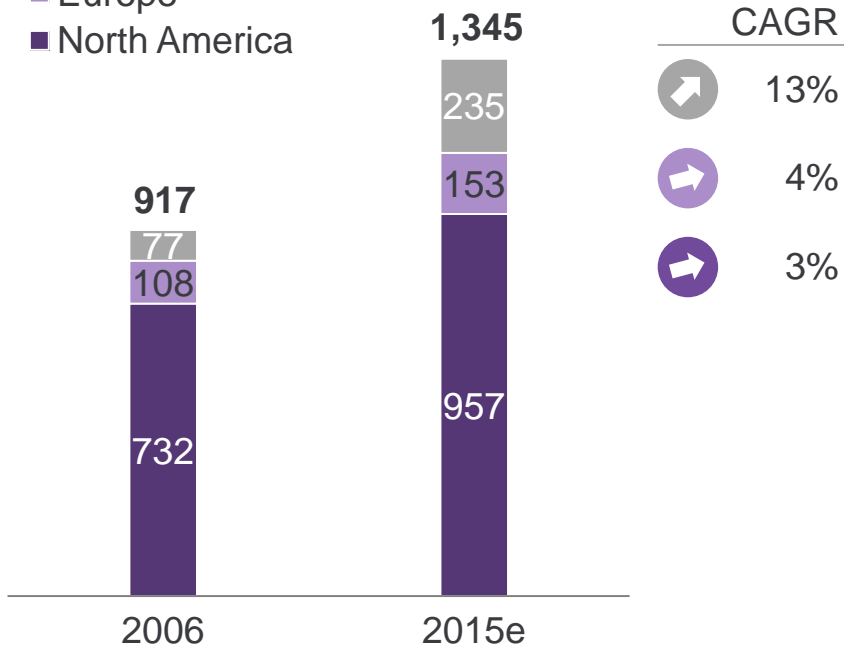
¹ Other non-operating result, goodwill impairments, net finance costs, taxes.

Global private health insurance markets with growth above GDP

Development global health markets¹

€bn

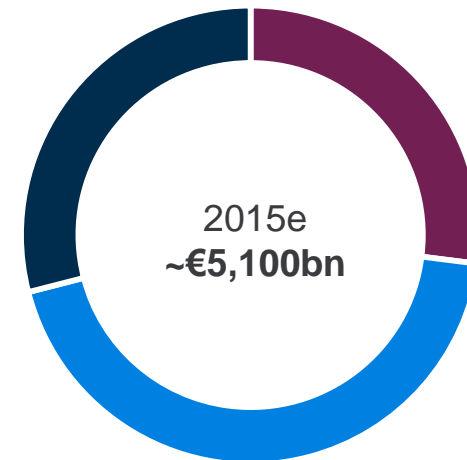
- Rest of world
- Europe
- North America

Global private insurance market size¹

€bn

Property-casualty
29%

Health
27%






Life
44%

Health insurance providing portfolio diversification and growth potential

¹ Gross premiums written .

Reinsurance – Premium development

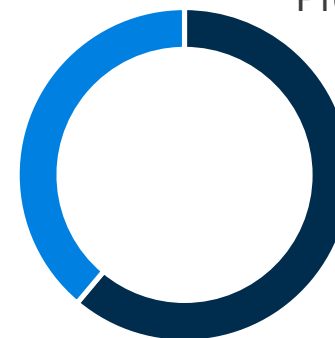
Gross premiums written €m

2012	28,182	
Foreign-exchange effects	–1,208	
Divestment/Investment	–	
Organic change	868	
2013	27,842	





Segmental breakdown €m

Life
10,829 (39%)
 (▲ –2.7%)

Property-casualty
17,013 (61%)
 (▲ –0.2%)



Gross premiums written €m

2012	28,182	
Life	–301	
Property-casualty	–39	
2013	27,842	

Life

Organic growth of €242m especially in USA and Australia – negative FX effects of –€543m, mainly Can\$

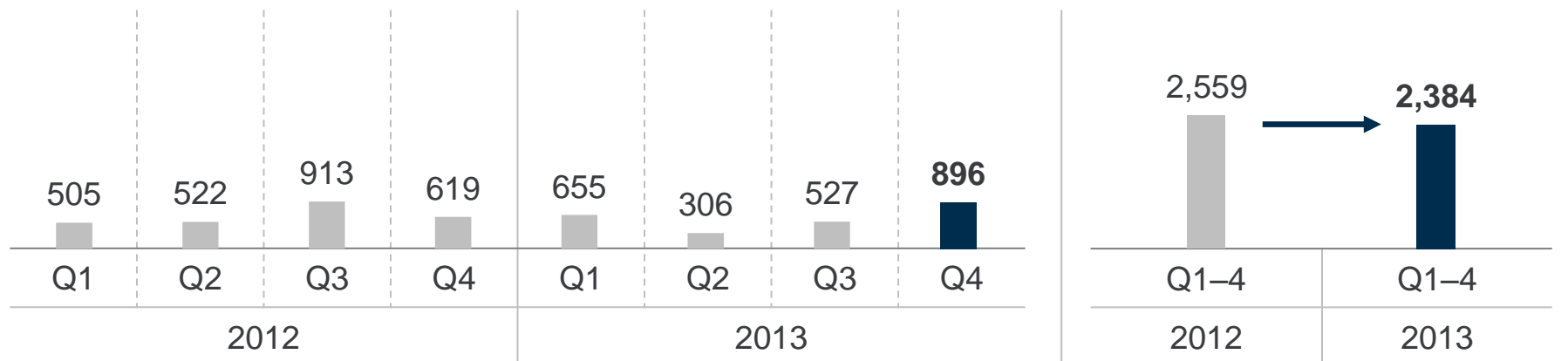
Property-casualty

Organic growth of €626m mainly due to new business in agriculture and motor – negative FX effects of –€665m

Reinsurance property-casualty – Key figures

Net result

€m



Technical result

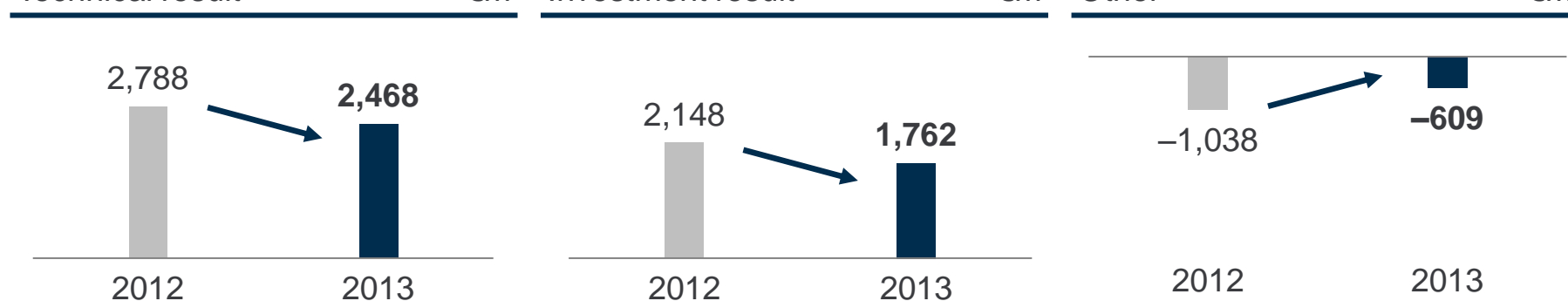
€m

Investment result

€m

Other¹

€m



Slight deterioration of combined ratio

Lower regular income and higher write-downs on derivatives

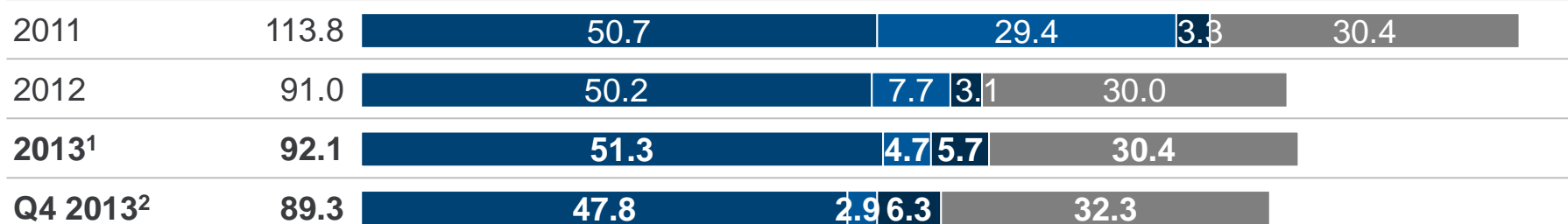
Low tax rate: 6.2%
FX result: –€257m

¹ Other non-operating result, goodwill impairments, net finance costs, taxes.

Combined ratio – Benign large losses and reserve releases

Combined ratio %

■ Basic losses ■ Nat cat losses ■ Man-made losses ■ Expense ratio



Normalised combined ratio 2013 %

Combined ratio 2013

92.1 

Adjustments

Reserve releases exceeding expectations ³	0.4	
Nat cat below budget	3.8	
Man-made above budget	2.2	

Normalised combined ratio

94.1 

¹ Including reserve releases for basic losses ~€845m (~5.2%). ² Including reserve releases for basic losses ~€375m (~9.0%).

³ Reserve release for basic losses ~€845m (~5.2%) and countervailing effects due to sliding-scale commissions of €125m (~0.8%) exceed expectation of 4.0% by 0.4%-pts.

Normalised combined ratio

Normalised combined ratio FY 2013

%

	Reported combined ratio	Reported major losses	Expectation major losses ¹	Reported reserve releases ²	Changes sliding- scale provisions	Modelled assumption on reserve releases	Normalised combined ratio
Q1	85.7	−2.6	+12.0	+2.5	−0.0	−4.0	93.6
Q2	99.3	−15.2	+12.0	+4.0	−0.0	−4.0	96.1
Q3	94.3	−14.8	+12.0	+6.0	−0.7	−4.0	92.8
Q4	89.3	−9.2	+12.0	+9.0	−2.3	−4.0	94.8
FY 2013	92.1	−10.4	+12.0	+5.2	−0.8	−4.0	94.1

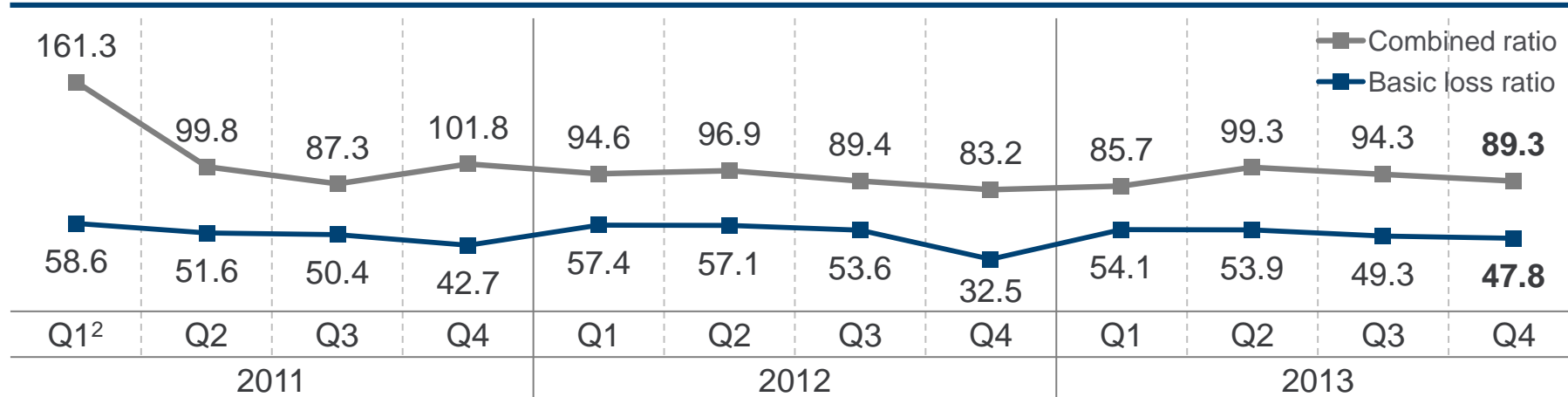
¹ Simplified assumption of evenly distributed major losses over every quarter.

² Basic losses.

Development of combined ratio

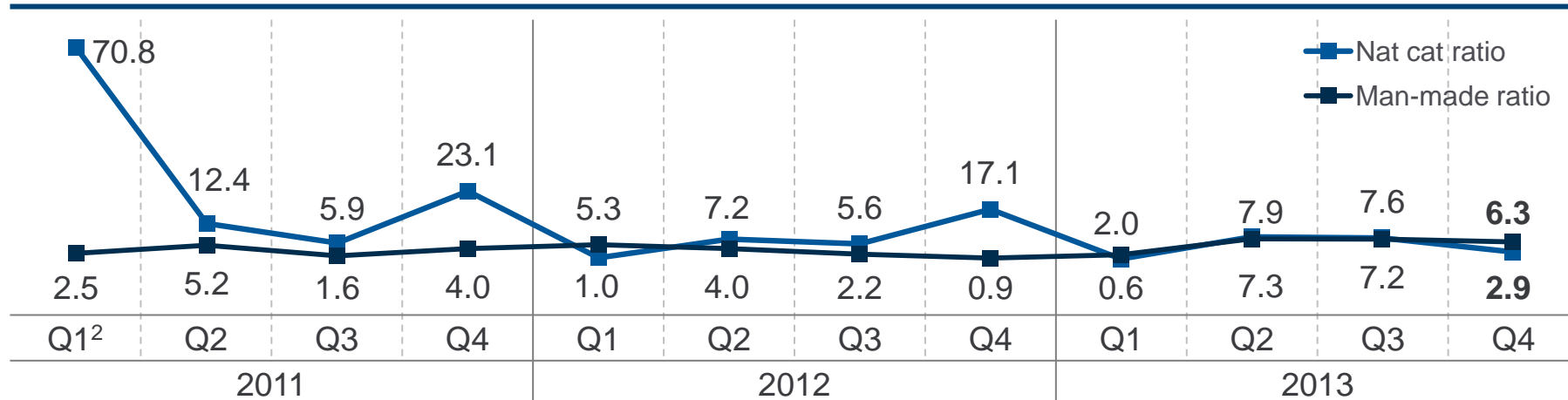
Combined ratio¹ vs. basic losses

%



Nat cat vs. man-made

%

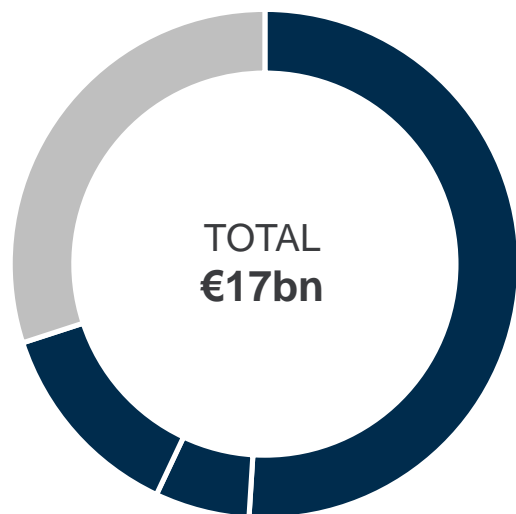
¹ Including overhead costs.² After insurance risk transfer to the capital markets.

Business up for renewal in January ~50% of total property-casualty book – Geographic focus on Europe

Total property-casualty book¹ %

Remaining business
30

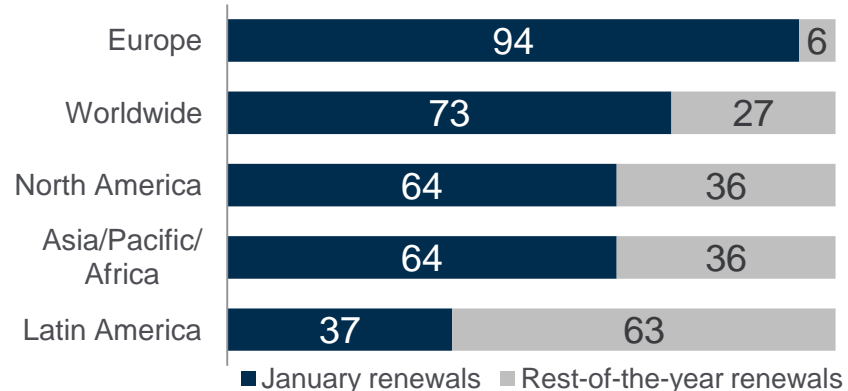
Business up for January renewal²
51



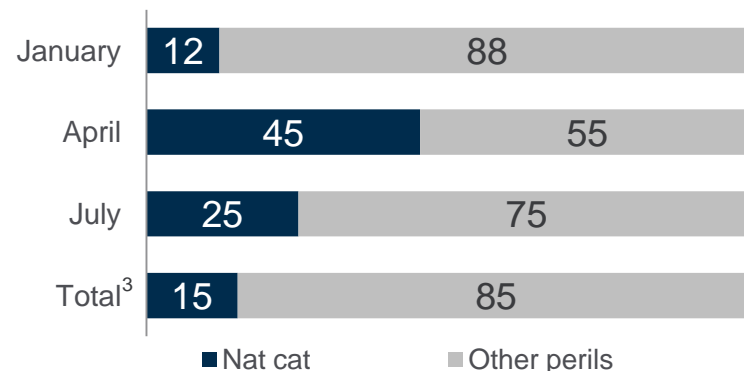
Business up for July renewal
13

Business up for April renewal
6

Regional allocation of renewable portfolio %



Nat cat shares of renewable portfolio %



¹ Approximation – not fully comparable with IFRS figures.

² Incl. Risk Solution business (11% of January business respectively 5% of total P-C book).

³ Total P-C book incl. remaining business.

Premium growth driven by tailor-made solutions with key clients – Cycle management in traditional business

January renewals 2014

%	100	–11.8	88.2	–0.7	15.1	102.7
€m	8,718	–1,025	7,693	–57	1,319	8,955

Change in premium

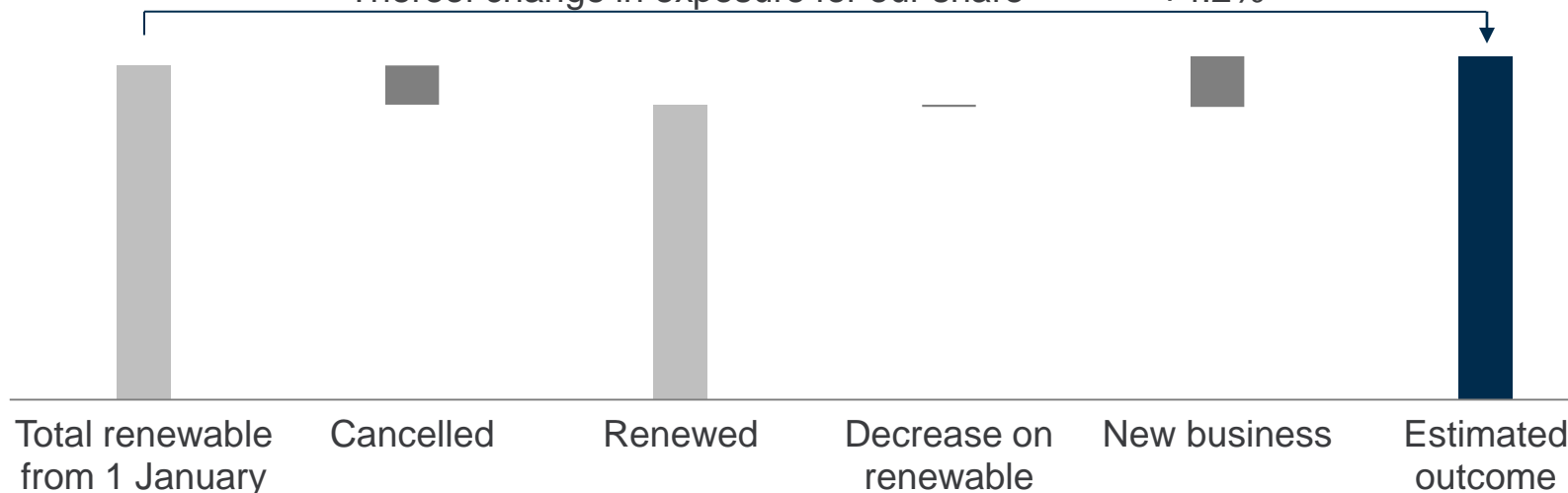
+2.7%

▪ Thereof price movement¹

~ –1.5%

▪ Thereof change in exposure for our share

+4.2%



Strong client orientation creates new business opportunities

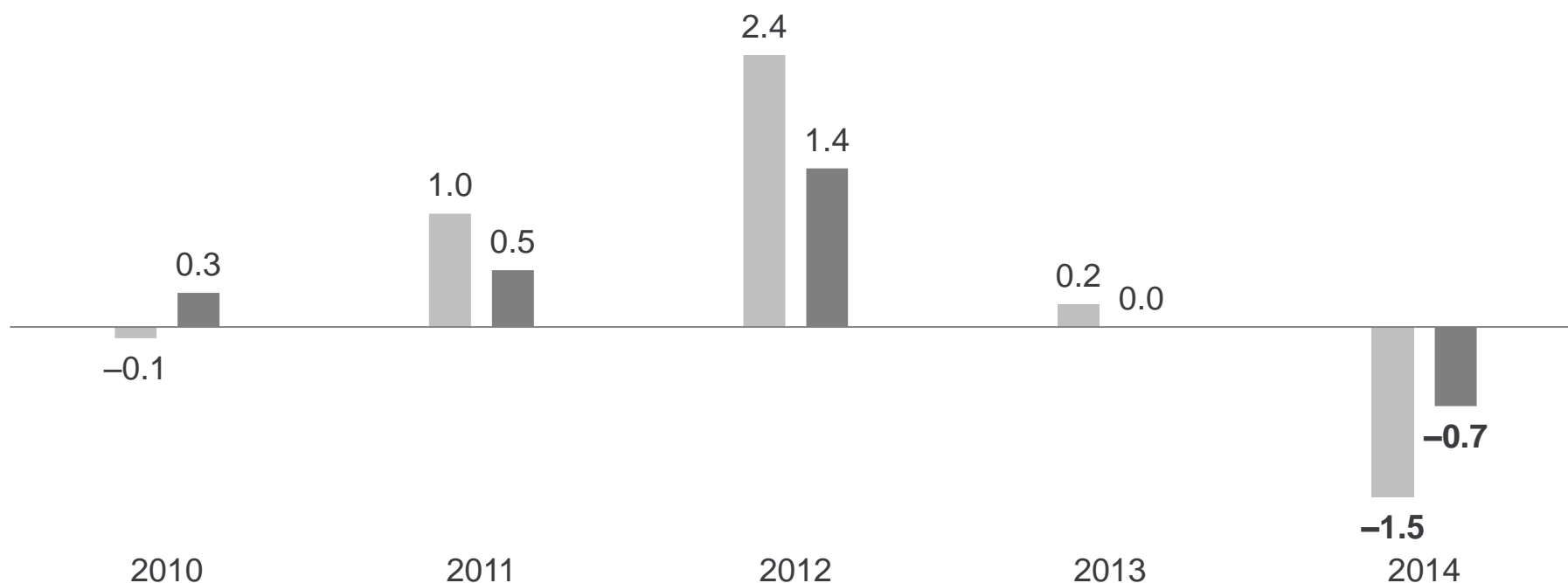
¹ Price movement is risk-adjusted, i.e. includes claims inflation/loss trend and is adjusted for portfolio mix effects. Furthermore, price movement is calculated on a wing-to-wing basis (including cancelled and new business).

January 2014 renewals – Disciplined underwriting prevails

Year-to-date price change 2010–2014

%

■ Nominal ■ Adjusted for interest-rate changes

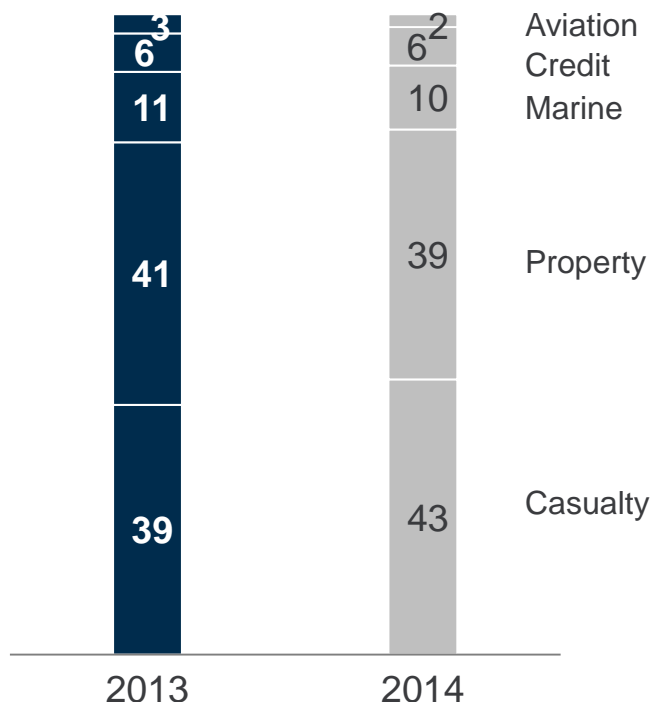


▶ Minor economic price decline and largely stable terms and conditions

Growth in casualty proportional shifts portfolio towards the Asia/Pacific/Africa region

Split by line of business

%





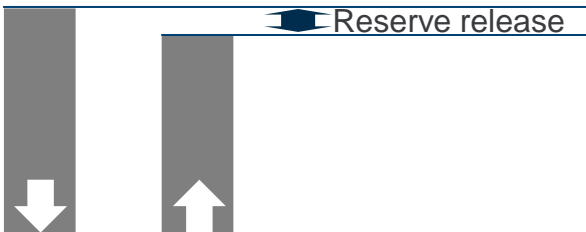
Split by region

%



Growth due to large deals in proportional casualty business in Asia/Pacific/Africa. Traditional reinsurance business reduced, especially in Europe.

Response to favourable emergence of basic losses in line with considered judgement

Actual vs. expected	Changes in projection	Business rationale
Property		Favourable actual vs. expected judged as credible <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Positive actual vs. expected indications seen in property ▪ Short-tailed lines develop relatively quickly ▪ Releases spread across lines, with some caution exercised on longer-tailed project business
Specialty ¹		Favourable actual vs. expected also judged as credible <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Favourable indications across all lines ▪ Reserve releases primarily in marine and aviation, following the benign loss emergence ▪ Cautionary stance in credit business
Casualty		Relatively small reserve release <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Positive indications seen in motor, third-party liability and personal accident ▪ Most segments had moderate releases, partly offset by strengthening for legacy liabilities and planned unwinding of workers' compensation discount

¹ Aviation, credit and marine.

Balance sheet reserve position of the Group clearly strengthened over the last decade

Outstanding in €m (adjusted to exchange rates as at 31.12.2013)

Balance sheet year

Date	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
31.12.2003	30,425										
31.12.2004	30,878	31,740									
31.12.2005	31,275	32,259	34,667								
31.12.2006	31,361	32,375	34,833	35,462							
31.12.2007	31,762	32,549	35,148	35,583	36,682						
31.12.2008	32,025	32,489	34,688	35,007	36,294	37,826					
31.12.2009	31,925	32,115	34,277	34,423	35,629	37,381	38,466				
31.12.2010	32,357	32,278	34,054	33,941	35,076	36,820	37,876	38,542			
31.12.2011	32,346	32,267	33,878	33,679	34,775	36,258	36,919	37,787	41,388		
31.12.2012	32,299	32,142	33,566	33,221	33,972	35,353	35,940	36,701	40,345	40,750	
31.12.2013	32,292	32,057	33,408	33,094	33,648	34,844	35,439	36,283	39,651	39,890	41,486
Run-off result ¹	-1,867	-317	1,259	2,368	3,034	2,982	3,027	2,259	1,737	860	n/a
Run-off result % starting O/S	-6.1	-1.0	3.6	6.7	8.3	7.9	7.9	5.9	4.2	2.1	n/a

Balance sheet year – a different perspective

The table represents the run-off of the balance sheet reserves for closing periods 2003 to 2012, adjusted to take account of exchange rates as at 31.12.2013

Balance-sheet reserve position with ongoing strength

While reserves of balance sheet from year 2003 increased over time, the closing reserves from 2005 onwards yielded consistently favourable development

Drivers:

- Return to underwriting discipline
- Cautiously selected starting points
- Moderating loss trends

¹ Includes unwinding of discount in workers' compensation.

Asbestos and environmental survival ratio 31 December 2013

Munich Re (Group) – Net definitive as at 31 December 2013

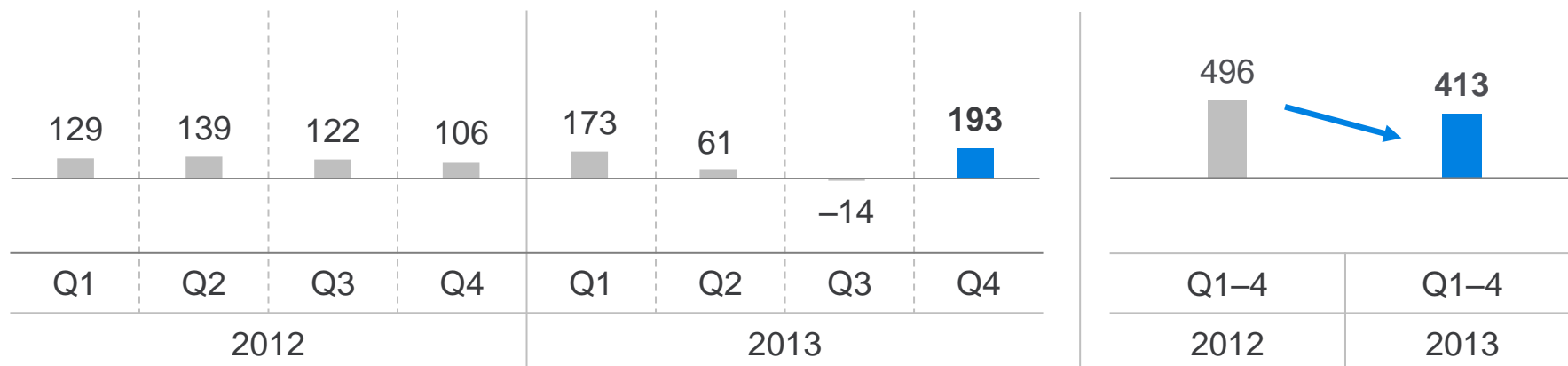
€m

	Asbestos	Environmental	Total
Paid	2,031	722	2,752
Case reserves	564	98	662
IBNR	959	180	1,139
Total reserves	1,523	278	1,801
3-year average annual paid losses	127	23	150
Survival ratio 3-year average (%)	12.0	11.9	12.0

Reinsurance life – Key figures

Net result

€m



Technical result

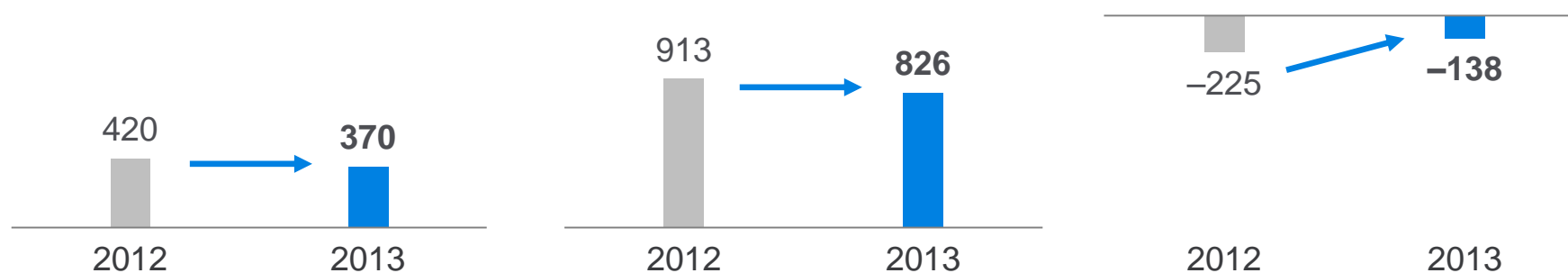
€m

Investment result

€m

Other¹

€m



Adverse development in US and Australian business, negative FX

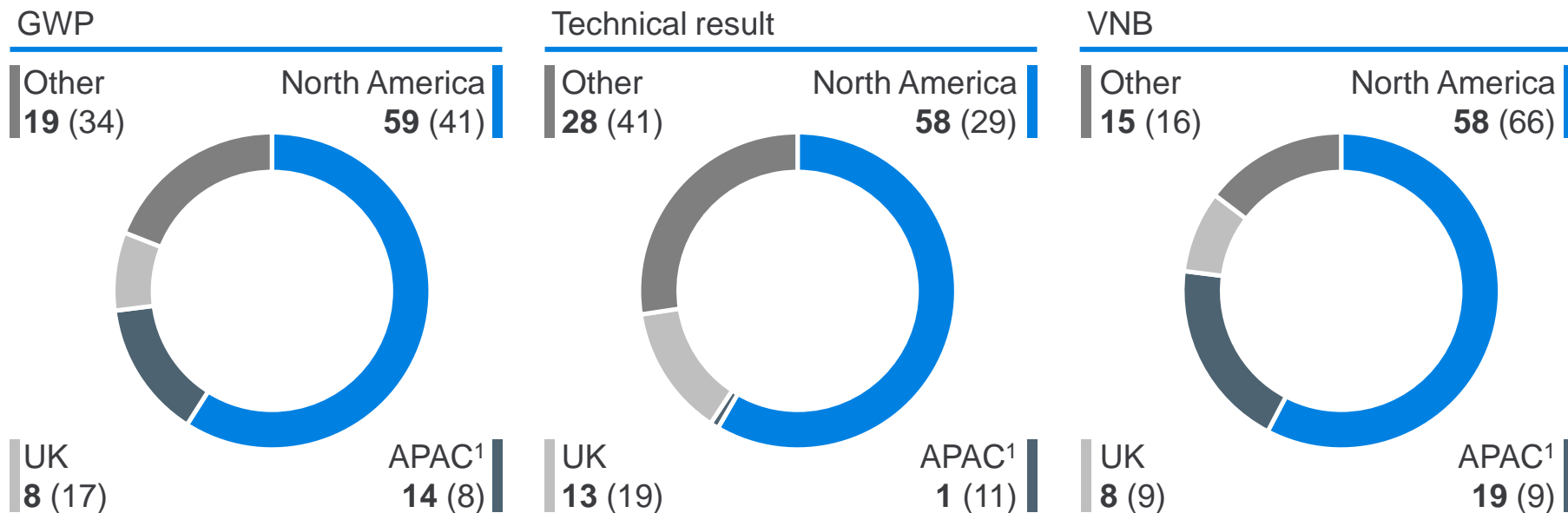
Robust regular income due to deposits, lower disposal gains

Low tax burden: 6.1%
FX losses: –€45m

¹ Other non-operating result, goodwill impairments, net finance costs, taxes.

Bulk of top and bottom line from North America – Largest growth rates in Asian markets

Portfolio split by region 2013 (2008) – Gross premiums written vs. technical result vs. VNB



Changes in regional premium split driven by FinMoRe and Asian growth

APAC result dampened by adverse performance of Australian disability business

North America continues to be the main new business contributor – UK growing in FinMoRe segment

¹ Asia, Australia, New Zealand.

Actual vs. expected business development 2013

Canada

- New business volumes maintained at attractive margins incl. successful renewal of FinMoRe business
- Better-than-expected biometric experience

VNB

IFRS profit



UK

- Highly competitive environment in traditional business
- Major successes in FinMoRe area
- Margins emerging as expected

VNB

IFRS profit



Continental Europe

- Overall flat business development
- Satisfactory profitability



USA

- Strong new business production in all segments
- Weaker-than-expected mortality experience for older business generations



Asia

- Growth across broad spectrum of markets and segments
- Higher-than-expected profits



Australia

- Persistent organic growth, supported by FinMoRe
- Result strain in disability segments



Other

- Overall as expected

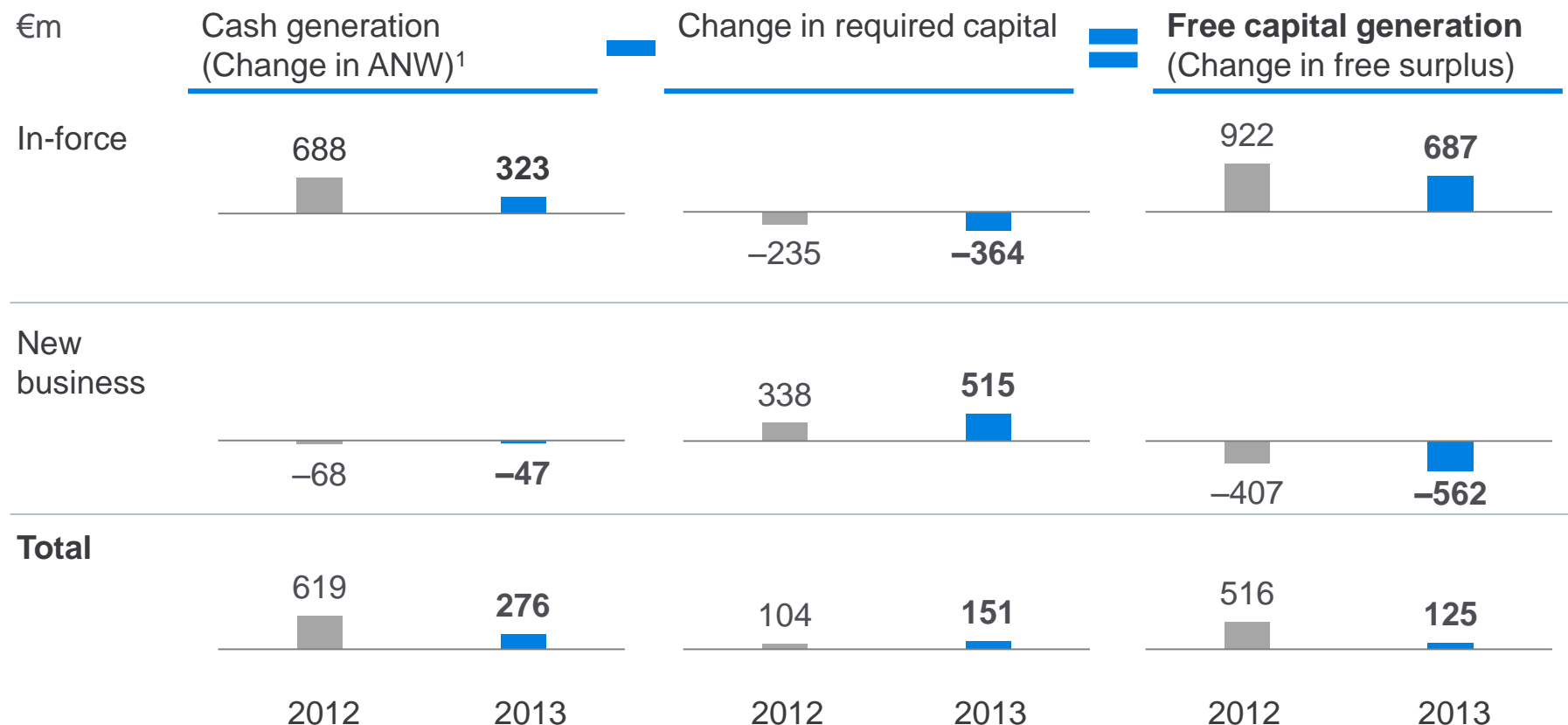


Total

- Strong VNB from traditional and solvency relief business
- IFRS overall close to expectation



Free capital generated from in-force run-off more than covers investment in profitable new business



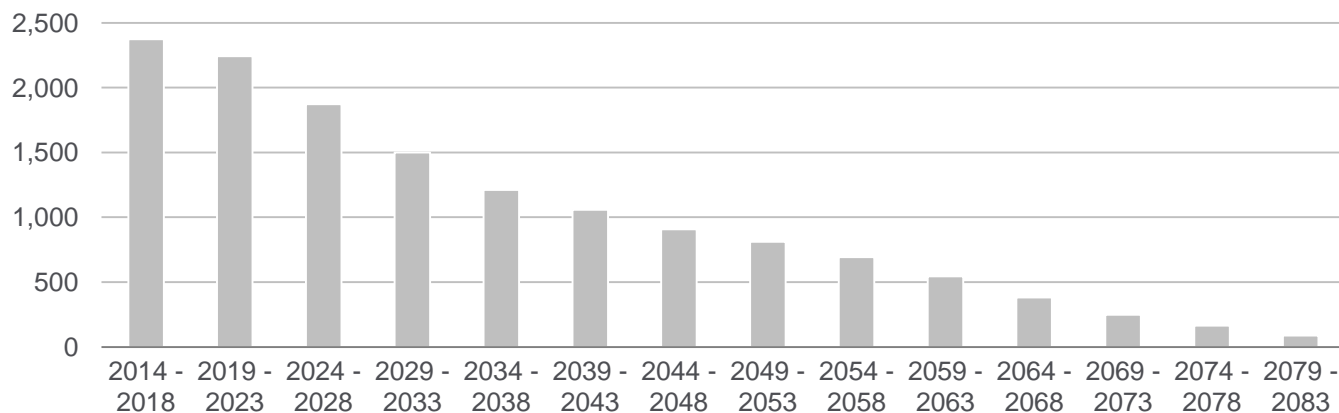
Except for impacts from Australia and US; level of free capital generation comparable to prior years remaining on a good level

¹ Adjusted net worth.

Sustainably high paybacks from in-force business secure capital generation going forward

Free capital generation from in-force portfolio as at 31 December 2013

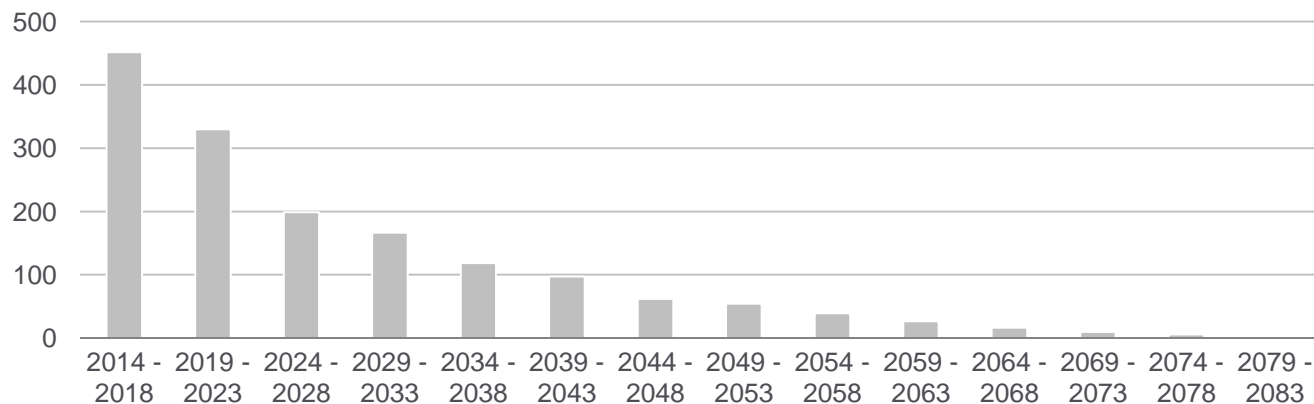
€m



- In 5 years: 17%
- In 10 years: 33%
- In 15 years: 46%
- In 20 years: 56%
- ... of total

Free capital generation from new business written in 2013

€m



- In 5 years: 29%
- In 10 years: 49%
- In 15 years: 62%
- In 20 years: 73%
- ... of total

Investment portfolio

Investment portfolio¹

%

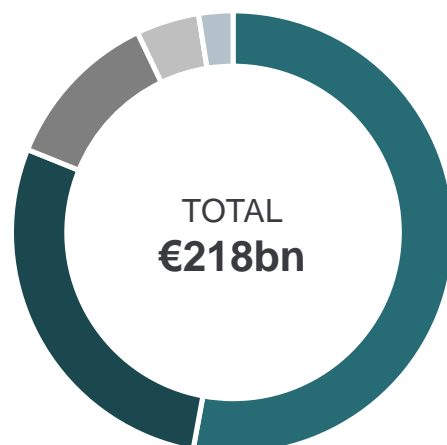
Land and buildings
2.5 (2.4)

Shares, equity funds and
participating interests²
4.6 (3.7)

Miscellaneous³
11.8 (10.0)

Loans
28.2 (28.2)

Fixed-interest
securities
52.9 (55.7)



Portfolio management

Decreasing market values due to rising interest rates and devaluation of foreign exchange rates

Reduction of German, US, UK and Australian government bonds

Reduction and ongoing geographic diversification of covered bonds

Further cautious expansion of corporate bonds across all industries

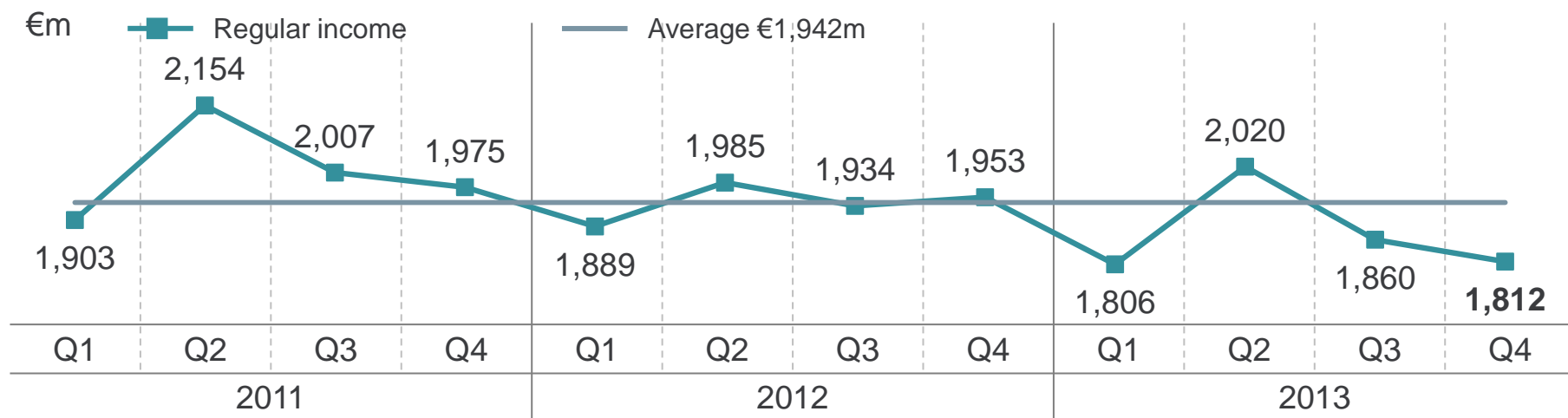
Increase of equity-backing ratio to 4.5% net of hedges

Increase in miscellaneous due to unit-linked, deposits retained on assumed reinsurance, deposits with banks and renewable energies

¹ Fair values as at 31.12.2013 (31.12.2012). ² Net of hedges: 4.5% (3.4%). ³ Deposits retained on assumed reinsurance, unit-linked investments, deposits with banks, investment funds (excl. equities), derivatives and investments in renewable energies and gold.

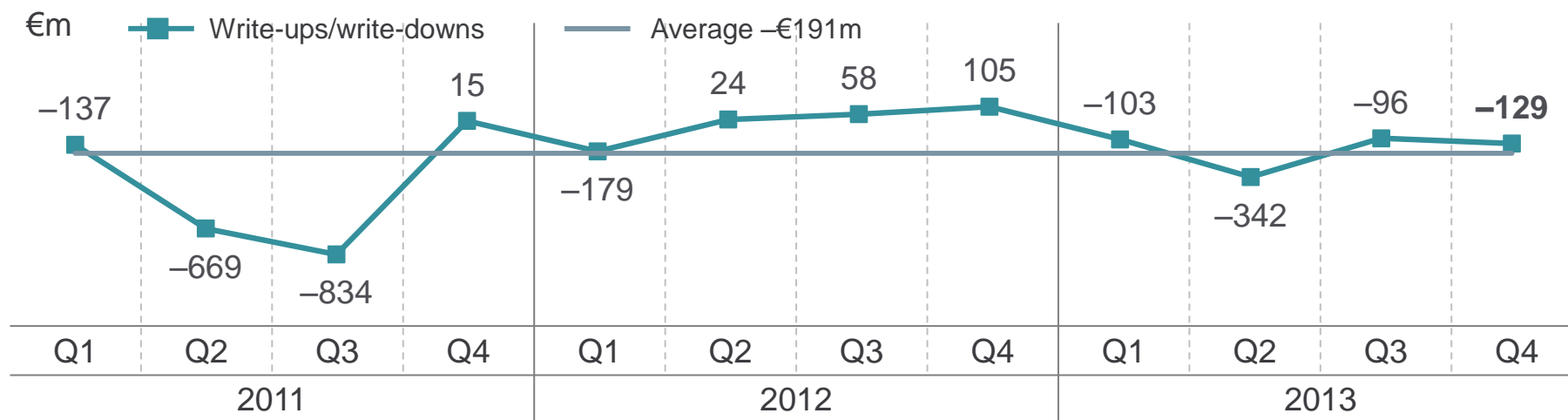
Breakdown of regular income

Investment result – Regular income (€m)	Q4 2013	2013	2012	Change
Afs fixed-interest	884	3,698	4,073	–375
Afs non-fixed-interest	109	462	352	110
Derivatives	39	194	232	–38
Loans	566	2,250	2,242	8
Real estate	83	339	334	5
Deposits retained on assumed reinsurance and other investments	131	555	528	27
Total regular income	1,812	7,498	7,761	–263



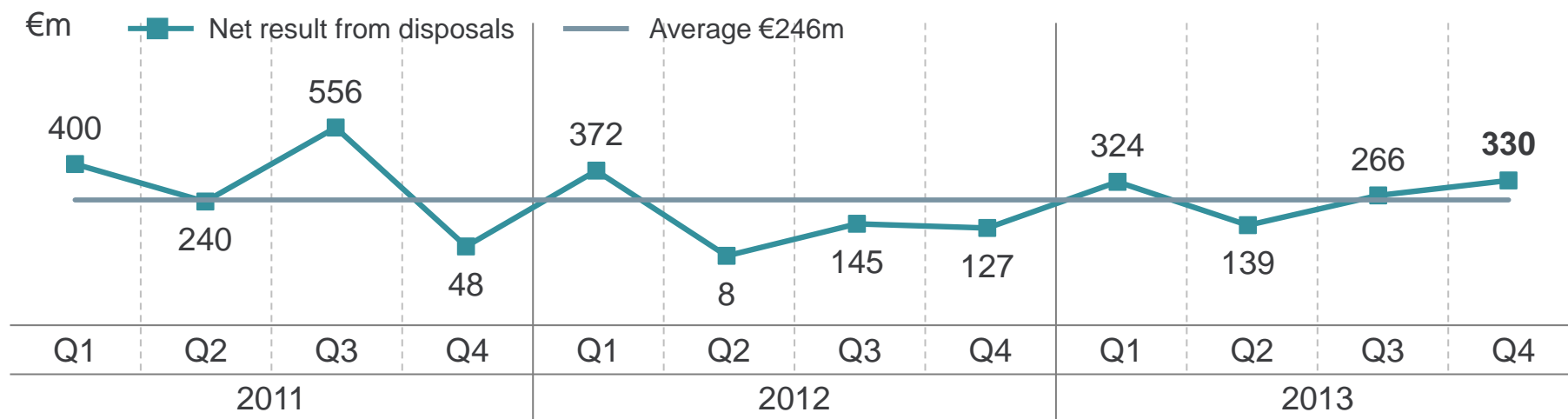
Breakdown of write-ups/write-downs

Investment result – Write-ups/write-downs (€m)	Q4 2013	2013	2012	Change
Afs fixed-interest	0	4	8	–4
Afs non-fixed-interest	–23	–108	–191	83
Derivatives	38	–232	347	–579
Loans	–4	–4	–7	3
Real estate	–14	–74	–84	10
Deposits retained on assumed reinsurance and other investments	–126	–256	–65	–191
Total net write-ups/write-downs	–129	–670	8	–678



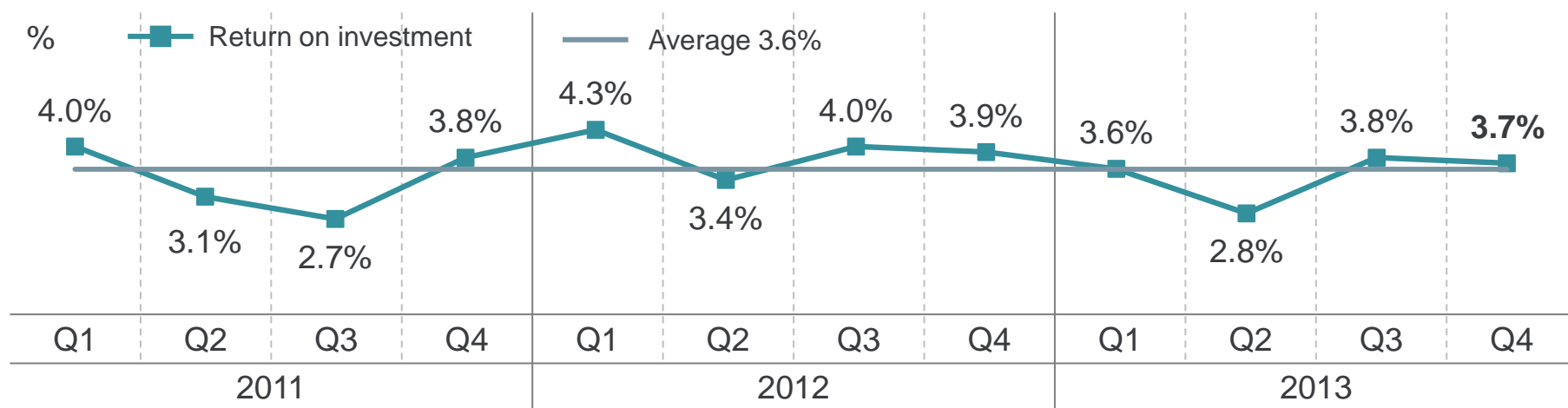
Breakdown of net result from disposals

Investment result – Net result from disposal of investments (€m)	Q4 2013	2013	2012	Change
Afs fixed-interest	203	793	494	299
Afs non-fixed-interest	313	849	524	325
Derivatives	-210	-701	-495	-206
Loans	13	128	65	63
Real estate	8	19	59	-40
Deposits retained on assumed reinsurance and other investments	3	-29	5	-34
Total net result from disposals	330	1,059	652	407



Return on investment by asset class and segment

% ¹	Regular income	Write-ups/downs	Disposal result	Other inc./exp.	Rol	Market value ³
Afs fixed-interest	3.1	–	0.7	–	3.8	118,501
Afs non-fixed-interest	4.3	–1.0	8.0	–	11.3	10,644
Derivatives	9.3	–11.1	–33.7	–3.3	–38.8	2,083
Loans	3.6	–	0.2	–	3.8	62,730
Real estate	6.3	–1.4	0.4	–	5.3	5,392
Other ²	2.5	–1.2	–0.1	–0.7	0.5	21,920
Total	3.4	–0.3	0.5	–0.1	3.5	221,270
Reinsurance	3.2	–0.4	0.7	–0.4	3.1	82,269
Primary insurance	3.5	–0.3	0.4	0.1	3.7	133,899
Munich Health	2.3	0.2	0.1	–0.1	2.5	3,817



¹ Annualised. ² Including management expenses and impact from unit-linked business.

³ In €m. Segments do not add up to total amount; difference relates to the segment "asset management".











Investment result by segment











Investment result – Reinsurance – Life				€m	Q4 2013	€m
	2013	Return ¹	2012	Return ¹	Q4 2013	Return ¹
Regular income	893	3.8%	910	3.8%	205	3.5%
Write-ups/write-downs	–6	0.0%	–20	–0.1%	29	0.5%
Disposal gains/losses	84	0.3%	115	0.5%	19	0.3%
Other income/expenses	–145	–0.6%	–92	–0.3%	–46	–0.8%
Investment result	826	3.5%	913	3.9%	207	3.5%
Average market value	23,704		23,694		23,728	

Investment result – Reinsurance – Property-casualty				€m	Q4 2013	€m
	2013	Return ¹	2012	Return ¹	Q4 2013	Return ¹
Regular income	1,783	3.0%	1,933	3.3%	418	2.9%
Write-ups/write-downs	–299	–0.5%	–66	–0.1%	–43	–0.3%
Disposal gains/losses	474	0.8%	504	0.8%	166	1.2%
Other income/expenses	–196	–0.3%	–223	–0.4%	–48	–0.3%
Investment result	1,762	3.0%	2,148	3.6%	493	3.5%
Average market value	58,565		59,392		56,653	

¹ Return on quarterly weighted investments (market values) in % p.a.











Investment result by segment











Investment result – Primary insurance – Life				€m	Q4 2013	€m
	2013	Return ¹	2012	Return ¹	Q4 2013	Return ¹
Regular income	2,914 	3.4%	2,994 	3.6%	721	3.4%
Write-ups/write-downs	-269 	-0.3%	144 	0.1%	-74	-0.3%
Disposal gains/losses	404 	0.5%	60 	0.1%	115	0.5%
Other income/expenses ²	226 	0.2%	428 	0.5%	108	0.5%
Investment result	3,275 	3.8%	3,626 	4.3%	870	4.1%
Average market value	86,650		83,837		85,693	

Investment result – Primary insurance – Property-casualty				€m	Q4 2013	€m
	2013	Return ¹	2012	Return ¹	Q4 2013	Return ¹
Regular income	304 	3.1%	368 	3.9%	74	3.0%
Write-ups/write-downs	-28 	-0.3%	-44 	-0.5%	-3	-0.1%
Disposal gains/losses	141 	1.4%	74 	0.8%	23	0.9%
Other income/expenses	-28 	-0.3%	-22 	-0.2%	-5	-0.2%
Investment result	389 	3.9%	376 	4.0%	89	3.6%
Average market value	9,862		9,357		9,913	

¹ Return on quarterly weighted investments (market values) in % p.a. ² Including impact from unit-linked business. 2013: €400m (0.5%-points). 2012: €603m. Q4 2013: €159m (0.7%-points)

Investment result by segment

Investment result – Primary insurance – Health				€m	Q4 2013	€m
	2013	Return ¹	2012	Return ¹	Q4 2013	Return ¹
Regular income	1,503 	4.0%	1,418 	4.1%	370	3.9%
Write-ups/write-downs	-48 	-0.1%	7 	0.0%	-20	-0.2%
Disposal gains/losses	-50 	-0.1%	-115 	-0.3%	-3	0.0%
Other income/expenses	-84 	-0.3%	-65 	-0.2%	-27	-0.3%
Investment result	1,321 	3.5%	1,245 	3.6%	320	3.4%
Average market value	37,387		34,773		37,582	

Investment result – Munich Health				€m	Q4 2013	€m
	2013	Return ¹	2012	Return ¹	Q4 2013	Return ¹
Regular income	89 	2.3%	123 	2.9%	22	2.4%
Write-ups/write-downs	8 	0.2%	-13 	-0.3%	-1	-0.1%
Disposal gains/losses	3 	0.1%	12 	0.3%	9	1.0%
Other income/expenses	-5 	-0.1%	-7 	-0.2%	-2	-0.2%
Investment result	95 	2.5%	115 	2.7%	28	3.1%
Average market value	3,817		4,286		3,646	

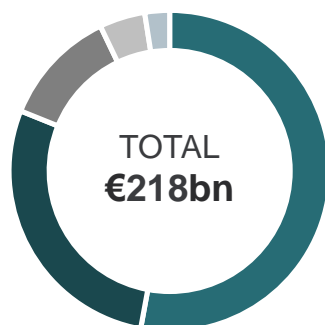
¹ Return on quarterly weighted investments (market values) in % p.a.

Investment portfolio

Fixed-interest securities and miscellaneous

Investment portfolio %

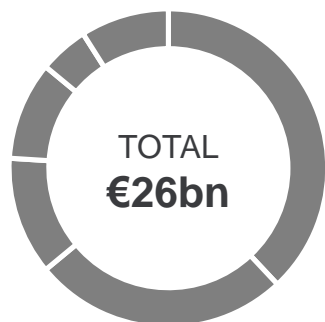
Miscellaneous	Fixed-interest securities
11.8 (10.0)	52.9 (55.7)



Loans
28.2 (28.2)

Miscellaneous %

Other	Deposits on reinsurance
9 (9)	38 (40)



Derivatives
5 (6)

Investment funds
10 (8)

Bank deposits
12 (11)

Unit-linked
26 (26)

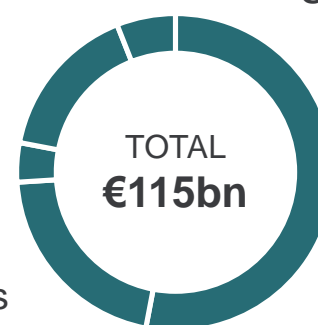
Fixed-interest securities¹ %

Structured products	Governments/ Semi-government
6 (6)	53 (55)

Corporates
16 (15)

Banks
4 (3)

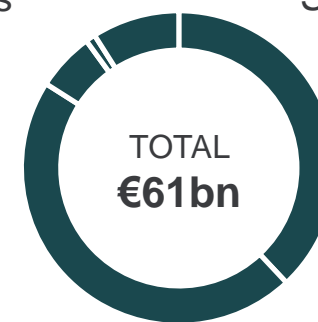
Pfandbriefe/ Covered bonds
21 (21)

Loans¹ %

Loans to policyholders/ Mortgage loans	Governments/ Semi-government
9 (9)	38 (38)

Corporates
1 (0)

Banks
6 (7)

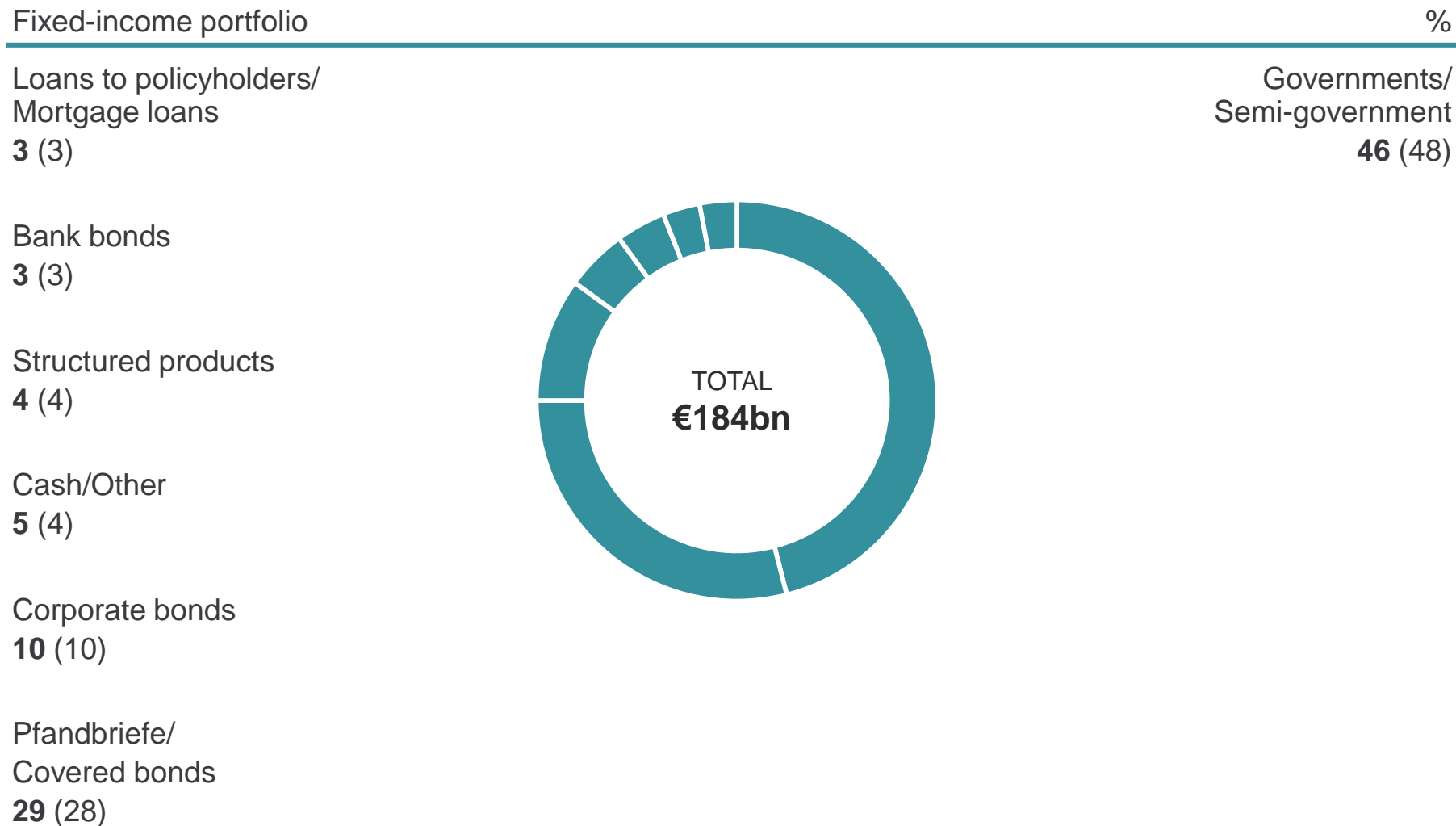


Pfandbriefe/ Covered bonds
46 (46)

¹ Approximation – not fully comparable with IFRS figures. Fair values as at 31.12.2013 (31.12.2012).

Fixed-income portfolio

Total





Fixed-income portfolio

Total

Rating structure

%

<BB and NR

6 (6)

AAA

42 (48)

BB

2 (1)

BBB

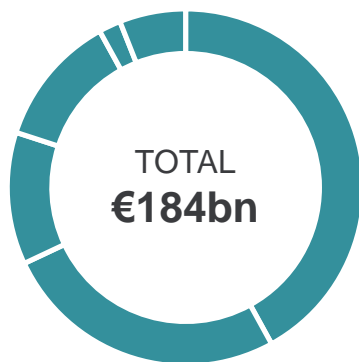
12 (9)

A

12 (12)

AA

26 (24)



Maturity structure

%

n.a.

2 (2)

0–1 years

9 (9)

>10 years

31 (34)

1–3 years

16 (15)

3–5 years

15 (15)

7–10 years

14 (14)

5–7 years

13 (11)



Regional breakdown

%

	Without policyholder participation	With	Total	
			31.12. 2013	31.12. 2012
Germany	5.1	27.1	32.2	33.4
US	12.5	1.2	13.7	15.2
France	2.4	5.5	7.9	7.6
UK	3.5	2.9	6.4	6.9
Netherlands	1.9	2.9	4.8	4.6
Canada	3.4	0.1	3.5	4.0
Supra- nationals	0.9	2.4	3.3	2.8
Spain	0.9	1.9	2.8	2.4
Ireland	1.0	1.7	2.7	2.2
Italy	0.9	1.8	2.7	2.1
Austria	0.6	2.1	2.7	2.5
Other	9.2	8.1	17.3	16.3
Total	42.3	57.7	100.0	100.0



Fixed-income portfolio

Governments/Semi-government

Rating structure %



Maturity structure %



Regional breakdown %

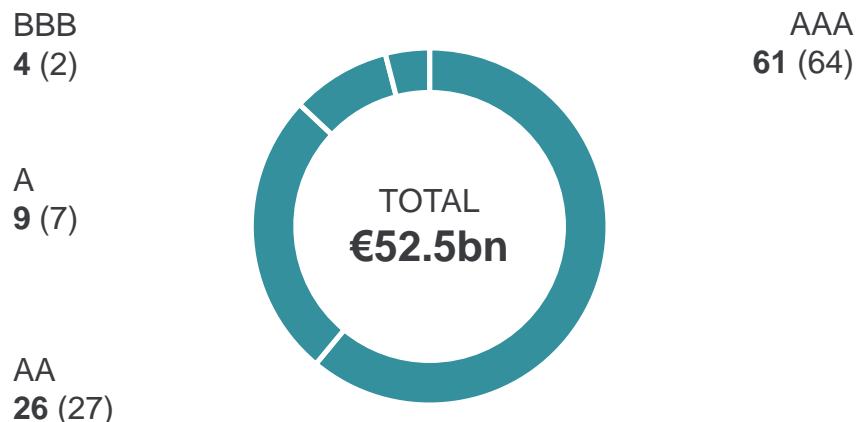
	Without policyholder participation	With	Total	
			31.12. 2013	31.12. 2012
Germany	5.5	27.5	33.0	34.0
US	13.3	0.6	13.9	16.4
Supra-nationals	2.0	5.2	7.2	5.8
Canada	5.7	0.2	5.9	6.6
UK	4.3	0.2	4.5	5.2
Austria	1.0	2.9	3.9	3.6
Italy	0.9	2.8	3.7	2.8
France	1.8	1.8	3.6	3.4
Belgium	0.8	2.2	3.0	2.3
Spain	0.8	1.1	1.9	1.3
Ireland	0.4	1.3	1.7	1.2
Other	13.2	4.5	17.7	17.4
Total	49.7	50.3	100.0	100.0



Fixed-income portfolio

Pfandbriefe/Covered bonds

Rating structure %



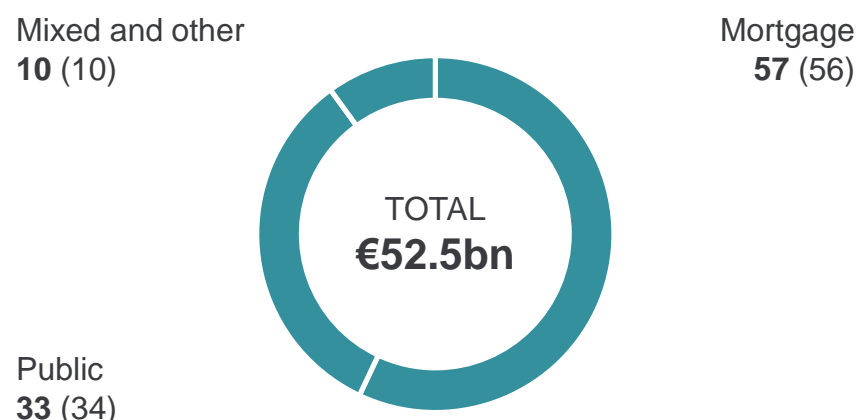
Maturity structure %



Regional breakdown %

	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Germany	36.2	38.2
France	18.0	17.2
UK	9.1	9.8
Netherlands	6.7	6.9
Sweden	6.0	6.3
Spain	5.6	5.0
Norway	5.6	5.3
Ireland	3.2	2.7
Italy	0.7	0.3
Other	8.9	8.3

Covered pools %





Fixed-income portfolio

Corporate bonds (excluding bank bonds)

Rating structure %

<BB and NR
1 (1)

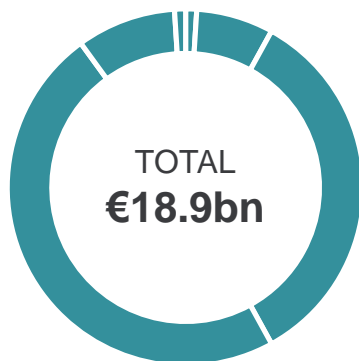
AAA
1 (1)

BB
9 (5)

AA
7 (8)

BBB
48 (44)

A
34 (41)



Maturity structure %

>10 years
13 (12)

0–1 years
7 (6)

7–10 years
18 (21)

1–3 years
19 (19)

5–7 years
17 (18)

3–5 years
26 (24)



Sector breakdown %

	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Utilities	19.7	18.8
Industrial goods and services	13.2	12.9
Oil and gas	12.2	12.8
Telecommunications	10.0	9.7
Healthcare	6.2	6.6
Food and beverages	5.3	6.3
Technology	4.7	4.7
Financial services	4.4	3.6
Media	4.4	5.6
Retail	3.4	3.7
Basic resources	3.2	2.9
Chemicals	2.8	2.8
Automobiles	2.8	3.0
Other	7.7	6.6



Fixed-income portfolio

Structured products

Structured products portfolio (at market values): Split by rating and region

€m

		Rating						Region		Total	Market-to-par
		AAA	AA	A	BBB	<BBB	NR	USA + RoW	Europe		
ABS	Consumer-related ABS ¹	308	283	201	60	4	–	280	576	856	101%
	Corporate-related ABS ²	103	135	225	111	9	–	–	583	583	100%
	Subprime HEL	–	3	2	3	–	–	8	–	8	100%
CDO/CLN	Subprime-related	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0%
	Non-subprime-related	431	363	218	66	–	60	283	855	1,138	96%
MBS	Agency	1,794	83	–	–	–	–	1,877	–	1,877	103%
	Non-agency prime	449	270	286	48	12	–	43	1,022	1,065	99%
	Non-agency other (not subprime)	139	84	34	2	–	–	15	244	259	100%
	Commercial MBS	651	132	327	92	134	3	639	700	1,339	101%
Total 31.12.2013		3,875	1,353	1,293	382	159	63	3,145	3,980	7,125	99%
In %		55%	19%	18%	5%	2%	1%	44%	56%	100%	
Total 31.12.2012		4,617	916	1,508	380	30	32	3,897	3,586	7,483	101%

¹ Consumer loans, auto, credit cards, student loans.

² Asset-backed CPs, business and corporate loans, commercial equipment.

Approximation – not fully comparable with IFRS figures. Fair values as at 30.9.2013.



Fixed-income portfolio

Bank bonds

Rating structure %



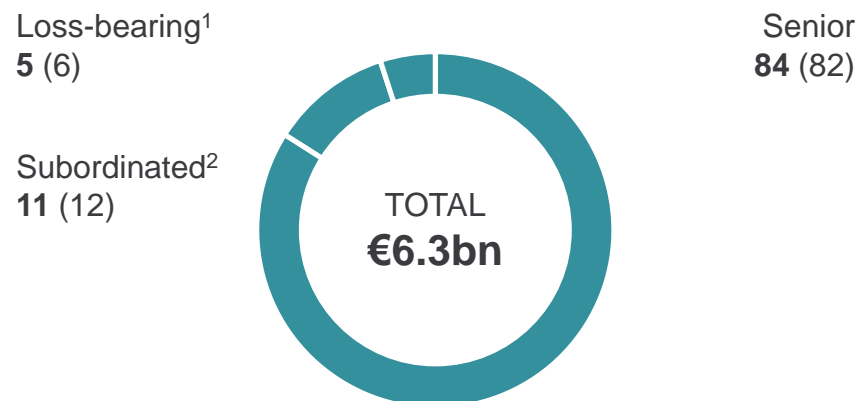
Regional breakdown %

	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Germany	34.7	39.4
US	29.6	27.9
UK	10.2	10.4
Ireland	5.4	3.9
Canada	3.6	3.7
Australia	3.5	3.4
Austria	2.7	3.1
Jersey	2.1	2.2
France	1.9	1.7
Other	6.3	3.4

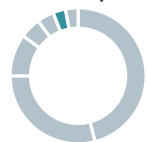
Maturity structure %



Investment category of bank bonds %



¹ Classified as Tier 1 and upper Tier 2 capital for solvency purposes. ² Classified as lower Tier 2 and Tier 3 capital for solvency purposes. Approximation – not fully comparable with IFRS figures.
Fair values as at 31.12.2013 (31.12.2012).



Fixed-income portfolio

Bank bonds

Senior, subordinated and loss-bearing bonds exposure by country				€m
Country	Senior bonds	Subordinated bonds	Loss-bearing bonds	Total
Germany	1,633	296	258	2,187
US	1,620	225	19	1,864
UK	580	55	8	643
Ireland	339	—	—	339
Canada	209	9	9	227
Australia	218	—	—	218
Austria	115	38	18	171
Jersey	119	9	2	130
France	107	12	—	119
Italy	61	4	—	65
Spain	21	—	1	22
Other	280	25	9	314
Total	5,302	673	324	6,299

Sensitivities to interest rates, spreads and equity markets

Sensitivity to risk-free interest rates – Basis points	–50	–25	+50	+100
Change in gross market value (€bn)	+6.4	+3.1	–5.8	–11.1
Change in on-balance-sheet reserves, net (€bn) ¹	+1.5	+0.7	–1.4	–2.7
Change in off-balance-sheet reserves, net (€bn) ¹	+0.4	+0.2	–0.3	–0.6
P&L impact (€bn) ¹	–0.1	–0.0	+0.1	+0.2
Sensitivity to spreads ² (change in basis points)			+50	+100
Change in gross market value (€bn)			–4.2	–8.0
Change in on-balance-sheet reserves, net (€bn) ¹			–0.9	–1.7
Change in off-balance-sheet reserves, net (€bn) ¹			–0.2	–0.4
P&L impact (€bn) ¹			+0.0	+0.1
Sensitivity to equity and commodity markets ³	–30%	–10%	+10%	+30%
EURO STOXX 50 (3,109 as at 31.12.2013)	2,176	2,798	3,420	4,042
Change in gross market value (€bn)	–3.7	–1.2	+1.2	+3.8
Change in on-balance-sheet reserves, net (€bn) ¹	–1.0	–0.5	+0.7	+2.2
Change in off-balance-sheet reserves, net (€bn) ¹	–0.6	–0.2	+0.2	+0.7
P&L impact (€bn) ¹	–1.5	–0.4	+0.1	+0.3

¹ Rough calculation with limited reliability assuming unchanged portfolio as at 31.12.2013. After rough estimation of policyholder participation and deferred tax; linearity of relations cannot be assumed. Approximation – not fully comparable with IFRS figures.

² Sensitivities to changes of spreads are calculated for every category of fixed-interest securities, except government securities with AAA ratings.

³ Worst-case scenario assumed including commodities: impairment as soon as market value is below acquisition cost. Approximation – not fully comparable with IFRS figures.






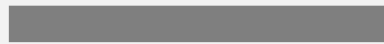




On- and off-balance-sheet reserves (gross)

€m	31.12. 2010	31.12. 2011	31.12. 2012	30.9. 2013	31.12. 2013
Market value of investments	196,398	207,108	224,537	218,911	217,738
Total reserves	7,374	11,236	22,478	16,117	15,192
On-balance-sheet reserves					
Fixed-interest securities	2,201	4,892	9,980	5,473	4,661
Non-fixed-interest securities	1,634	693	1,503	1,728	1,975
Other on-balance-sheet reserves ¹	249	250	291	280	292
Subtotal	4,084	5,835	11,774	7,481	6,928
Off-balance-sheet reserves					
Real estate ²	1,425	1,435	1,519	1,582	1,763
Loans and investments (held to maturity)	1,554	3,633	8,831	6,650	6,071
Associates and tangible assets	311	333	354	404	430
Subtotal	3,290	5,401	10,704	8,636	8,264
Reserve ratio (%)	3.8%	5.4%	10.0%	7.4%	7.0%








¹ Unrealised gains/losses from unconsolidated affiliated companies, valuation at equity and cash-flow hedging.

² Excluding reserves from owner-occupied property.

On-balance-sheet reserves

On-balance-sheet reserves	€m	
	2013	Change Q4
Investments afs	6,636 	–565
Valuation at equity	100 	21
Unconsolidated affiliated enterprises	158 	–10
Cash flow hedging	34 	1
Total on-balance-sheet reserves (gross)	6,928 	–553
Provision for deferred premium refunds	–2,786 	48
Deferred tax	–798 	209
Minority interests	–8 	0
Consolidation and currency effects	35 	13
Shareholders' stake	3,371 	–283

Off-balance-sheet reserves






Off-balance-sheet reserves	€m	
	2013	Change Q4
Real estate ¹	1,763 	181
Loans and investments (held to maturity)	6,071 	–579
Associates and tangible assets	430 	26
Total off-balance-sheet reserves (gross)	8,264 	–372
As if		
Provision for deferred premium refunds	–5,642 	444
Deferred tax	–758 	–18
Minority interests	0	0
Shareholders' stake	1,864 	54

¹ Excluding reserves for owner-occupied property.

Summary of economic capital disclosure

Position as at 31 December 2013

€bn

	<div> <div></div> Capital with Solvency II calibration <div></div> Additional 75% buffer </div>	31.12. 2013	31.12. 2012
Available financial resources (AFR)		38.2	36.5
Economic risk capital ¹	<div> <div>13.5</div> <div>10.2</div> </div>	23.7	27.3
Economic capital buffer		14.5	9.2
Capital buffer under Solvency II calibration		24.7	20.9
Economic capital buffer after share buy-back and dividends ²		12.5	7.9
Capital buffer after share buy-back and dividends ² under Solvency II calibration		22.7	19.6

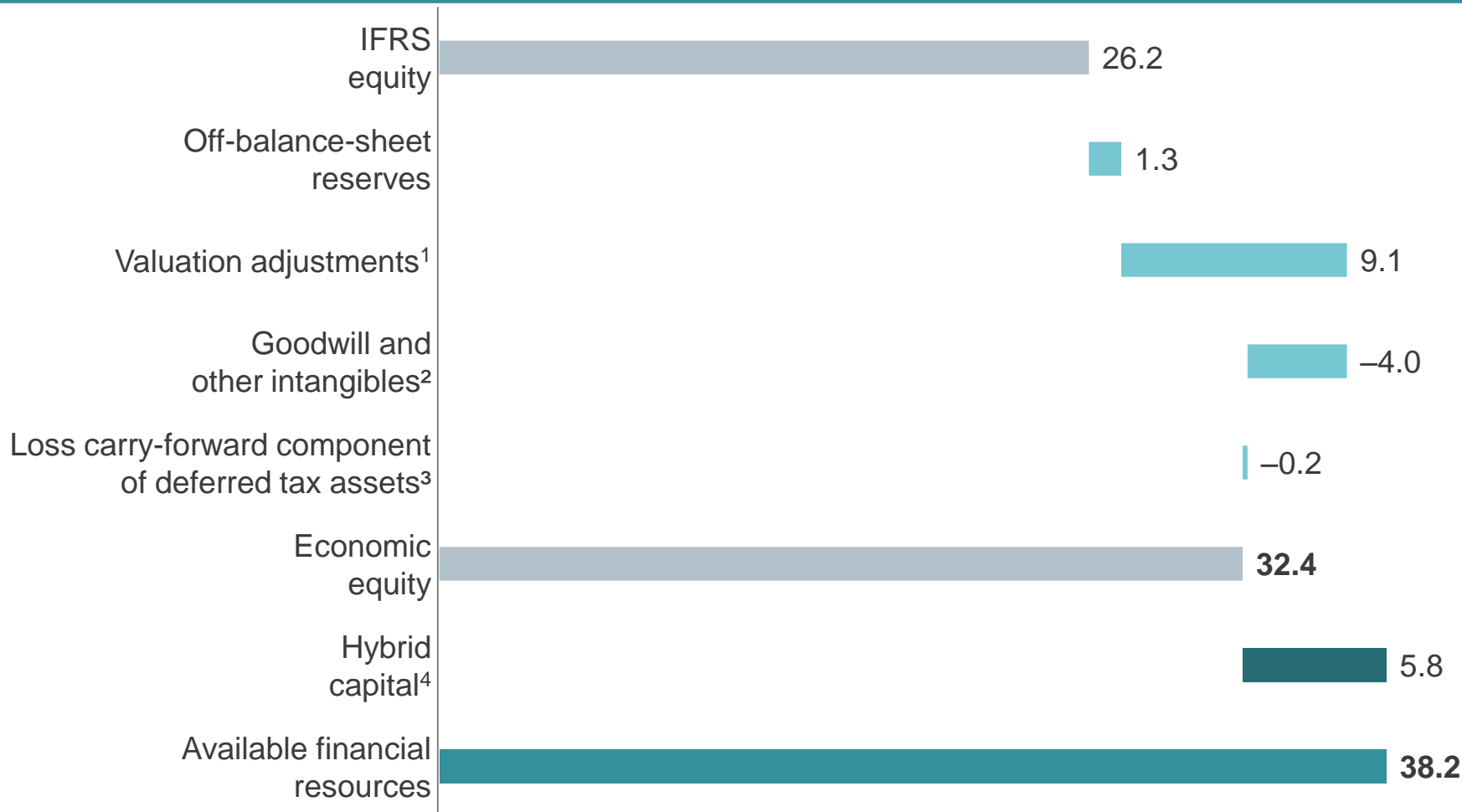
Strong capitalisation: Economic capital buffer of €12.5bn² according to internal model and €22.7bn² applying Solvency II risk tolerance

¹ Solvency II capital based on VaR 99.5%, Munich Re internal risk model based on 175% of Solvency II capital. ² After announced dividend payout of ~€1.3bn for 2013 to be paid in April 2014 and outstanding share buy-backs of ~€0.7bn.

Reconciliation of AFR with IFRS equity

Reconciliation of AFR with IFRS equity

€bn



¹ Includes discount of reserves, embedded value not recognised in IFRS equity and change in P-C reserve basis: claims payments projected using actuarial methods. ² Deduction net of tax effects. ³ Deduction only of the amount not covered by excess of deferred tax liabilities on single-entity level and US tax group respectively. ⁴ Including funds financing new business.

Composition of economic earnings

Risk category €bn	ΔAFR 2013		Explanation	Remarks
	ERC 1.1.2013	Rough estimates		
Equity	5.7	+0.8	Gains on equity investments	Market and credit risk Relief in capital markets esp. in second half of 2013 lead to positive result, partially offset by balanced currency position suffering from euro strengthening
Credit	6.7	+0.2	No material default	
Interest rate	10.9	+0.7	Tightening of credit spreads and lower implied volatilities	
Currency	1.9	-1.2	Mainly Can\$ and US\$	
Technical result and new business ¹		+4.2		Insurance risk Good technical result in property-casualty reinsurance and new business in life reinsurance
AFR roll-forward ² and other ³		-0.5		
Economic earnings		+4.2		

Note: This table illustrates the impact of various risk factors on AFR (column ΔAFR), and compares this to the respective ERC, which gives an indication of what an extreme impact could have been.

Satisfactory technical results and favourable interest-rate environment

¹ Includes unwind of market value margin, P-C result, Life VANB, experience variances, assumption changes.

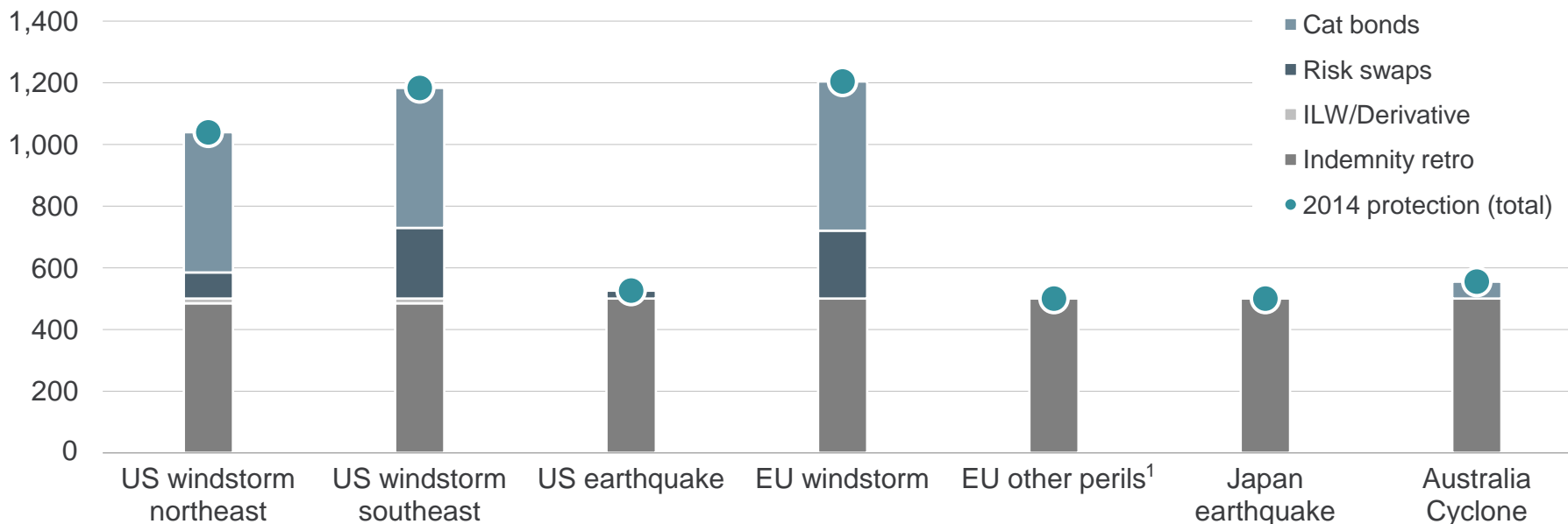
² Investment return on AFR.

³ Includes MCEV model changes.

Munich Re's maximum in-force nat cat protection

Munich Re's maximum in-force nat cat protection

€m



Expansion of indemnity retro placement to €500m










Broadening of territorial scope of retro protection

Australia cyclone protected in most recently issued Queen Street cat bond

Purchase of nat cat protection for 2014 increased opportunistically

MCEV result sees strong recovery in 2013

MCEV – Primary insurance

		€m
MCEV 31.12.2012	2,728	
Opening adjustments	–247	
Adjusted MCEV 31.12.2012	2,482	
Operating MCEV earnings	2,175	
Economic variances	1,132	
Other non-operating variance	0	
Total MCEV earnings	3,308	
MCEV before closing adjustments	5,789	
Closing adjustments	160	
MCEV 31.12.2013	5,949	

Value of new business	213
Expected return	95
Experience variances	200
Assumption changes	1,963
Other operating variance	–295
Operating MCEV earnings	2,175

Main drivers

Positive effect due to tightened credit spreads and higher interest rates









Review of assumptions led to positive operating MCEV earnings, mainly driven by changes in dynamic policyholder behaviour

Increased value of new business in life business

MCEV result 2013

MCEV – Primary insurance – German life










€m

MCEV 31.12.2012	–970		Value of new business	44
Opening adjustments	–29		Expected return	30
Adjusted MCEV 31.12.2012	–999		Experience variances	159
Operating MCEV earnings	1,352		Assumption changes	1,318
Economic variances	887		Other operating variance	–199
Other non-operating variance	0		Operating MCEV earnings	1,352
Total MCEV earnings	2,238			
MCEV before closing adjustments	1,239			
Closing adjustments	0			
MCEV 31.12.2013	1,239			

MCEV result 2013

MCEV – Primary insurance – International life

€m

MCEV 31.12.2012	1,229		Value of new business	85
Opening adjustments	–102			
Adjusted MCEV 31.12.2012	1,127		Expected return	24
Operating MCEV earnings	–63		Experience variances	–85
Economic variances	326			
Other non-operating variance	0		Assumption changes	–104
Total MCEV earnings	263		Other operating variance	16
MCEV before closing adjustments	1,391			
Closing adjustments	160		Operating MCEV earnings	–63
MCEV 31.12.2013	1,551			

MCEV result 2013

MCEV – Primary insurance – Health

€m

MCEV 31.12.2012 **2,468**



Opening adjustments –115



Adjusted MCEV 31.12.2012 **2,353**



Operating MCEV earnings **887**



Economic variances –81



Other non-operating variance 0

Total MCEV earnings **806**



MCEV before closing adjustments **3,159**



Closing adjustments 0

MCEV 31.12.2013 **3,159**



Value of new business 84

Expected return 41

Experience variances 125

Assumption changes 749

Other operating variance –112

Operating MCEV earnings **887**

Sensitivities of MCEV

€m	Reinsurance			Primary insurance		
	MCEV	Change in €m	Change in %	MCEV	Change in €m	Change in %
Base case	9,382			5,949		
Interest rates –100bp	9,817	435	4.6	4,223	–1,727	–29.0
Interest rates +100bp	8,961	–421	–4.5	7,178	1,229	20.7
Equity/property values –10%	9,374	–8	–0.1	5,745	–205	–3.4
Equity/property-implied volatilities +25%	9,371	–12	–0.1	5,881	–68	–1.1
Swaption-implied volatilities +25%	9,374	–8	–0.1	6,160	210	3.5
Illiquidity premium 10bp	9,421	39	0.4	6,275	326	5.5
Maintenance expenses –10%	9,487	104	1.1	6,010	60	1.0
Lapse rates –10%	9,675	292	3.1	5,909	–40	–0.7
Lapse rates +10%	9,130	–252	–2.7	5,987	37	0.6
Mortality/morbidity (life business) –5%	11,130	1,748	18.6	6,019	70	1.2
Mortality (annuity business) –5%	9,302	–80	–0.9	5,856	–93	–1.6
No mortality improvements (life business)	5,251	–4,131	–44.0	5,900	–50	–0.8
Solvency II yield curve	9,428	45	0.5	6,842	893	15.0

Sensitivities of value of new business

€m	Reinsurance			Primary insurance		
	VNB	Change in €m	Change in %	VNB	Change in €m	Change in %
Base case	577			213		
Interest rates –100bp	627	50	8.7	142	–71	–33.5
Interest rates +100bp	525	–53	–9.1	233	20	9.6
Equity/property values –10%	577	0	0.0	211	–2	–0.8
Equity/property-implied volatilities +25%	578	0	0.1	214	1	0.5
Swaption-implied volatilities +25%	578	0	0.1	211	–2	–0.8
Illiquidity premium 10bp	573	–5	–0.8	213	0	0.1
Maintenance expenses –10%	589	12	2.1	218	5	2.5
Lapse rates –10%	657	79	13.8	223	11	5.1
Lapse rates +10%	511	–66	–11.4	204	–8	–4.0
Mortality/morbidity (life business) –5%	710	133	23.0	216	3	1.5
Mortality (annuity business) –5%	563	–14	–2.5	213	0	0.0
No mortality improvements (life business)	293	–285	–49.3	208	–5	–2.2
Solvency II yield curve	573	–5	–0.8	241	28	13.2

IFRS uplift

Reinsurance €m

31.12.2012

■ Value not recognised in IFRS equity (IFRS uplift)

IFRS equity 6,653 

MCEV 10,616  3,963

31.12.2013

IFRS equity 5,527 

MCEV 9,382  3,855

Primary insurance €m

31.12.2012

■ Value not recognised in IFRS equity (IFRS uplift)

IFRS equity 4,175 

MCEV 2,728  -1,447

31.12.2013

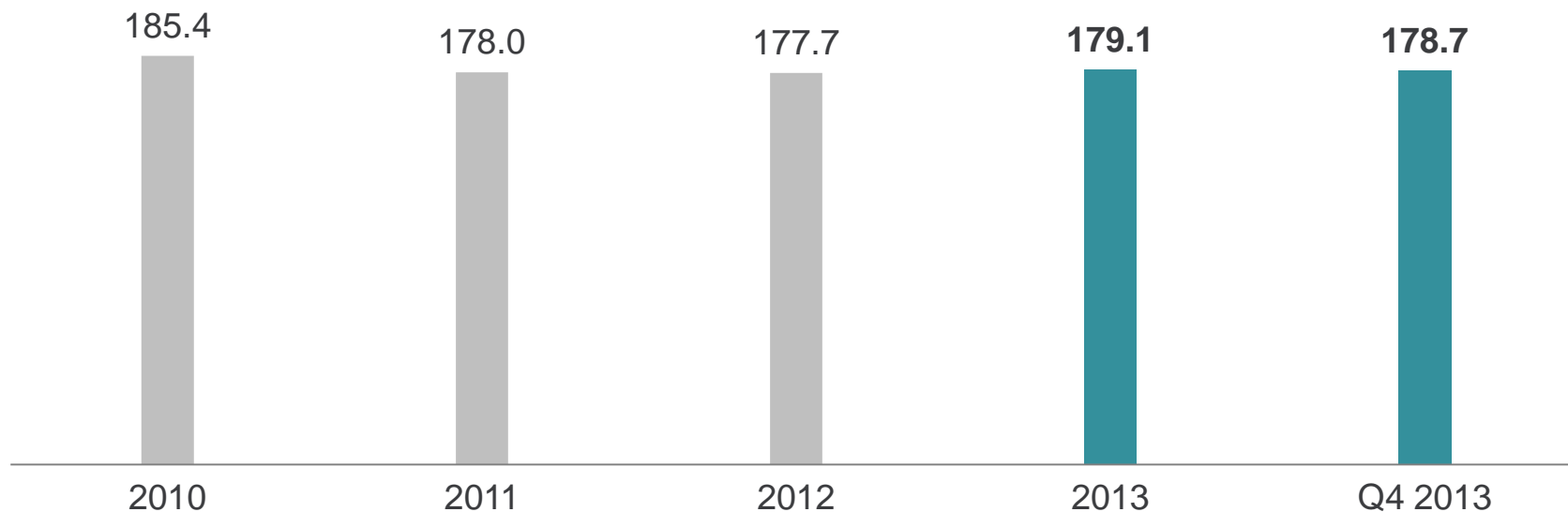
IFRS equity 3,947 

MCEV 5,949  2,002

Development of shares in circulation

Shares millions	31.12. 2012	Acquisition of own shares in 2013	Retirement of own shares in 2013	31.12. 2013
Shares in circulation	178.5	−1.1	–	177.4
Own shares held	0.8	1.1	–	1.9
Total	179.3	–	–	179.3

Weighted average number of shares in circulation (millions)



FINANCIAL CALENDAR

26 March 2014	Morgan Stanley "European Financials Conference", London
30 April 2014	Annual General Meeting, ICM – International Congress Center Munich, Trade Fair Center, Munich
8 May 2014	Interim report as at 31 March 2014
27 May 2014	Deutsche Bank "Global Financial Services Investor Conference", New York
21 July 2014	Analysts' / Investor Briefing
7 August 2014	Interim report as at 30 June 2014, half-year press conference
6 November 2014	Interim report as at 30 September 2014

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Figures up to 2010 are shown on a partly consolidated basis.

"Partly consolidated" means before elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.