

3/2005

Munich Re Group Quarterly Report



Münchener Rück
Munich Re Group



Supervisory Board

Dr. Hans-Jürgen Schinzler
(Chairman)

Board of Management

Dr. Nikolaus von Bomhard (Chairman)
 Dr. Thomas Blunck (from 1 October 2005)
 Georg Daschner
 Dr. Heiner Hasford
 Stefan Heyd (until 31 December 2005)
 Dr. Torsten Jeworrek
 Christian Kluge
 John Phelan
 Dr. Detlef Schneidawind (until 31 December 2005)
 Dr. Jörg Schneider
 Dr. Wolfgang Strassl (from 1 October 2005)
 Karl Wittmann

125 years
Preferred partner in risk

Munich Re Group

Key figures (ifrs)

		Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Change in %	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Change in %
Gross premiums written	€m	28,625	28,932	-1.1	9,245	9,256	-0.1
Investment result	€m	8,052	5,730	40.5	3,078	1,667	84.6
Result before amortisation of goodwill	€m	2,883	2,761*	4.4	653	589*	10.9
Taxes on income	€m	1,206	688	75.3	54	48	12.5
Consolidated result	€m	1,383	1,578*	-12.4	513	386*	32.9
Thereof attributable to minority interests	€m	51	51	-	21	21	-
Earnings per share	€	5.83	6.68	-12.7	2.16	1.60	35.0
Combined ratio							
- Reinsurance non-life	%	108.2	98.8		124.6	105.8	
- Primary insurance property-casualty	%	93.5	92.2		91.4	90.0	

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of ias 1 (rev. 2003).

		30.9.2005	31.12.2004	Change in %
Investments	€m	186,610	178,132	4.8
Shareholders' equity	€m	22,685	20,737*	9.4
Net underwriting provisions	€m	164,167	154,327	6.4
Staff		40,406	40,962	-1.4
Share price	€	95.00	90.45	5.0
Munich Re's market capitalisation	€bn	21.8	20.8	5.0

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of ias 1 (rev. 2003).

Contents

To our shareholders	2
Key parameters	5
Business experience from 1 January to 30 September 2005	
– Reinsurance	6
– Primary insurance	9
– Asset management	12
Prospects	15
Financial statements as at 30 September 2005	18
Important dates	43

To our shareholders



Dr. Nikolaus von Bomhard
Chairman of Munich Re's Board of Management

Dear Shareholders,

Severe natural catastrophes have dominated the headlines since the beginning of the third quarter. The effects of the Atlantic hurricanes in particular have hit insurers and reinsurers hard. Starting as early as the middle of the year, an unprecedented number of tropical cyclones developed, leading to terrible damage in areas with high population density and high concentrations of values. This has almost pushed into the background the fact that there were widespread flood disasters in India and in Europe, particularly Switzerland, with considerable costs for the insurance industry. Other lines of insurance such as aviation recorded an above-average number of major losses in the third quarter as well.

The quite exceptional accumulation of major-loss events has had a substantial impact on our quarterly result and will also affect the result for the fourth quarter. You can find the meteorological facts and concrete consequences for our figures in the following pages of this report. Here I will attempt to subject the events to an evaluation.

It is quite natural that Munich Re, as the world's leading reinsurer, is affected to a special extent by such catastrophes. I drew attention to this last year, when we were also confronted by many severe storms. Our net claims burden from the reinsurance of natural catastrophes in the third quarter totals €1.2bn (2004: €554m), and our combined ratio for the first nine months has increased to 108.2% (2004: 98.8%) as a result. What conclusions can be drawn from this? These figures do not mean very much in themselves, if they are not viewed in relation to Munich Re's ability to absorb such losses and to the resilience of our projected result.

Two aspects are of importance to me here:

With random catastrophes even of this magnitude, Munich Re continues to be in a position to retain substantial portions of the risk, rather than merely to perform a risk-distribution function. We must therefore be willing to accept fluctuations in results caused by such losses. From the medium term perspective, we remain the preferred partner in risk for our clients, securing the sustained profitability of our business and turning risk into value.

At the same time, our risk model has to reflect the actual hazard potential as realistically as possible. Professional risk management – from underwriting principles, budgeting and portfolio diversification to the structuring of retrocessions – must then ensure that the loss to be expected for each scenario is financially bearable. Of course, every catastrophe event provides new insights, which we take into account in our risk modelling and our risk management. This will also be the case after this year's series of storm events.

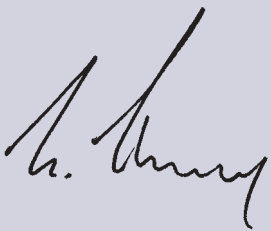
The figures for Hurricane Katrina, which caused by far the most serious damage, demonstrate the altered significance of retrocession for risk management. An estimated gross claims burden for the reinsurance group of €1.2bn contrasts with an estimated net claims burden after tax of €560m. In other words, the effects of retrocession are considerable. Up until about five years ago, our retrocession consisted mainly of comparatively small relief covers for individual lines of business. In the meantime, it has been gradually incorporated into our integrated risk management and embraces not only traditional covers but also innovative elements such as natural catastrophe bonds. Thus in our retrocession we want to utilise the whole repertoire of effective portfolio management tools to protect our financial resources from peak burdens and earn the best possible return on the capital deployed.

This strategy, enabling us to minimise the risks on the liabilities side of the balance sheet, is part of "derisking", which we have recently also pursued in our investments. It gives an indication of our integrated approach to risk management, which considers both sides of the balance sheet. From the entrepreneurial point of view, what we are endeavouring to do is to optimise the allocation of risk capital to our core business and to create scope for expanding our business.

We see particularly good opportunities for this at present in reinsurance. The recent natural catastrophes have been a fresh reminder of how important sufficient high-quality insurance and reinsurance cover is, especially in property-casualty business. We intend to actively utilise the business opportunities arising from this changed market environment for reinsurance in the forthcoming treaty renewals. And it remains our declared aim only to accept risk-adequate prices and conditions. This applies not only to the business affected by the catastrophes but to all lines.

Ladies and gentlemen, in view of recent events, I have concentrated in this letter on a single topic. To conclude, however, a few words on the result for the business year 2005. Barring any further severe losses – and I count those caused by Hurricane Wilma in the losses incurred to date – I am confident that after inclusion of our investment result we will achieve our return target for the year.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "G. Thurny". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping initial "G".

Key parameters

- **Global economic growth still strong**
- **Oil price hits new all-time high after Hurricane Katrina**
- **Improved outlook for the reinsurance markets**

The global economy continued to expand in the third quarter of 2005, maintaining the trend of the previous quarters, albeit with somewhat lower growth rates than last year. China and the USA were once more the principal engines of the global economy. Attention remained focused on the high oil price, which in the aftermath of Hurricane Katrina climbed to a new all-time high of US\$ 67 per barrel.

According to initial estimates, the US economy showed a gain in momentum in the third quarter. Recent economic data from the eurozone also points to a slight acceleration in growth here. The ifo business climate index for Germany, for example, rose again marginally in September. Not least owing to the high unemployment rate, however, private consumption in Germany remained weak.

In Japan, domestic demand lost impetus. However, in China growth remained strong. The gradual slowdown of the world economy will probably have an effect on the economic data of emerging economies in Asia, Eastern Europe and Latin America.

On the foreign exchange markets, the euro recovered initially in the period under review, but then fell back to a rate of around US\$ 1.20, its level at the beginning of the quarter. The Federal Reserve continued its policy of interest-rate increases in 0.25% stages. At the end of the quarter, the federal funds rate stood at 3.75%. By contrast, the European Central Bank retained its key interest rate at 2.00% in the period under review. Long-term interest rates in the USA and the eurozone rose until the beginning of August but then, especially in Europe, receded again owing to growing concerns about the economy. On the stock markets, the most important European indices and the Japanese Nikkei 225 advanced considerably, whereas in the USA the S&P 500 improved only slightly.

For the coming 12 months, we expect a moderate cooling of the global economy, proceeding from the USA and China. In the eurozone, a slight upturn in the domestic economy in the coming year should increase economic momentum somewhat. The main risks for the global economy continue to lie in geopolitical threats. In addition, there are the global imbalances, above all the large US budget and current account deficit, but also the uncertainty regarding the further trend in energy prices.

On the insurance markets, the high number of loss events worldwide in the third quarter (air crashes, floods in Europe, Atlantic hurricanes such as Katrina or Rita) hit individual market players hard, with some substantial claims burdens in relation to their equity capital. At the same time, these events underlined again the absolute necessity of risk-adequate pricing, terms and conditions.

Therefore, we take a more positive view of the reinsurance markets than three months ago. In property reinsurance, we expect rates to rise markedly in the forthcoming renewals, especially for catastrophe covers.

The outlook for the German primary insurance sector is significantly determined by the development of the German economy as a whole, which looks as if it will remain subdued. In the long term, however, the need for individual citizens to place more emphasis on private provision should provide additional impetus for growth.

Business experience from 1 January to 30 September 2005

Reinsurance

- Consolidated result for the first three quarters of €1,027m
- Renewals as at 1 July 2005 within target requirements
- Combined ratio of 108.2% significantly burdened by natural catastrophes

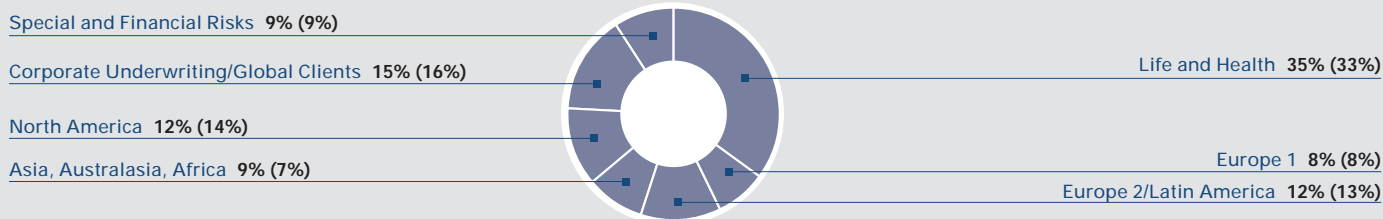
As in the same period last year, the Munich Re Group's reinsurance business in the third quarter 2005 was greatly influenced by severe natural catastrophes. Compared with the third quarter last year, the operating result for the period from July to September 2005 declined by 16.5% to €313m, whereas in the first nine months of 2005, it increased to €2,150m, a rise of 2.3% as against the same period last year. The good performance of our basic business and the capital gain from the reduction of our stake in Allianz more than compensated for the exceptional claims burdens from the hurricanes in the third quarter and the increase in the loss reserves of our US subsidiary American Re in the second

quarter. The consolidated result in reinsurance rose to €344m (294m)* in the third quarter and totalled €1,027m (1,392m) in the first three quarters.

Premium income fell by 0.7% to €5.51bn (5.55bn) in the third quarter. As at 30 September 2005, premium was down 4.2% on the same period last year, totalling €16.7bn (17.5bn).

Given the minor fluctuations of the euro against the most important currencies for us, changes in exchange rates did not have any major influence on the development of our premium income in the third quarter.

Gross premiums by division q1–3 2005



*The following principle applies to the reporting: figures relating to previous periods have partially been adjusted owing to the first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003). For details, please see notes on recognition and measurement.

In the life and health segment, we recorded premium income of €1.9bn (1.8bn) in the third quarter, 5.3% more than in the same period last year. In the first nine months of 2005, premium rose by 1.7% to €5.8bn (5.7bn). While premium income in life reinsurance grew, premium volume in health decreased, mainly because of reductions in shares and higher primary insurer retentions. The operating result in the life and health segment increased to €346m (169m) for the third quarter and €929m (510m) for the first nine months.

As in the preceding renewals this year, the property-casualty reinsurance negotiations as at 1 July 2005 generally fulfilled our high expectations. We sustained the profitability of our portfolio with stable conditions, even though individual markets and lines of business showed a mixed picture. The latest renewals were essentially characterised by higher primary insurer retentions and price increases for loss-affected treaties but also by marginally lower prices and higher reinsurance capacity. We continued to put profitability before growth in underwriting. The prerequisites for treaty renewal were risk-adequate prices and conditions. Where these could not be obtained, we refrained from writing the business. For both new business and renewals, the conditions we obtained were generally attractive.

In property-casualty reinsurance, the non-renewal of the net quota share treaty with Royal & SunAlliance as at 1 January 2005 adversely affected premium income in the third quarter 2005, as it had from January to June. Likewise, American Re's withdrawal from US business where prices and conditions did not meet our requirements also made itself felt. The resulting losses in premium were partially offset by newly acquired business, especially from the Asian region. Overall, premiums decreased by 3.7% to €3.6bn (3.7bn) in the quarter under review. For the first nine months, premium income in this segment totalled €10.9bn (11.7bn), 7.1% less than in the previous year.

At €1,367m (639m), major-loss expenditure was above average in the third quarter. The tropical cyclone season in the Atlantic Ocean began uncommonly early this year, with Hurricanes Dennis and Emily striking in mid-July. The Munich Re Group's losses from these two natural catastrophes amount to €31m. Katrina, the third major hurricane in 2005, left a trail of devastation in its path from the southern tip of Florida across the Gulf of Mexico, especially where it made landfall on the US Gulf Coast. With wind speeds of up to 280 km/h and peak gusts of up to 350 km/h, Katrina was one of the severest storms ever to hit the Gulf of Mexico and one of the worst natural disasters in the history of the United States. Although hundreds of thousands of people from the area around New Orleans fled the storm, over a thousand people perished. The city and area around New Orleans were hit very hard. After the levees failed, parts of New Orleans lay under more than seven metres of water. The Munich Re Group's loss burdens will be limited by the retrocession covers concluded for the general lines of property business. On the basis of an overall economic loss of more than US\$ 100bn, some US\$ 30bn of which we assume was insured, we expect a burden for Munich Re of approximately €1,190m and of €817m after taking retrocession covers into account. However, the uncertainties are still high, especially with regard to the insured market loss.

Altogether, the Group's burden from the Atlantic cyclones in the third quarter of 2005 was €1.5bn before retrocessions and €1.1bn after; the post-tax impact on the Group result was around €750m.

Although Hurricane Rita, which followed in September, reached a loss potential similar to Katrina's in the course of its development, it caused far less devastation in the end. At present, we anticipate losses for the Munich Re Group of around €260m before tax.

In the third quarter, we also had to cope with considerable flood losses in other parts of the world. In August, heavy rains triggered floods in the German, Austrian and Swiss Alps, which we expect will result in a burden on the pre-tax result of approximately €115m. This is the most expensive natural catastrophe in Switzerland to date and the severest since the earthquake in Basle in 1356. On top of this, the Indian city of Mumbai was ravaged by floods caused by the heaviest monsoon rains in nearly 100 years, resulting in hundreds of fatalities. We anticipate that this natural catastrophe will cost us about €30m.

At €1,390m (554m), the cost burden from natural catastrophes for the first nine months of 2005 is far above the average. Of this total, €1,240m was attributable to the third quarter alone.

The combined ratio therefore stood at 124.6% (105.8%) for the months of July to September 2005 and at 108.2% (98.8%) for the first three quarters. It includes 12.6 percentage points for natural catastrophes and 3.5 percentage points for the strengthening of American Re's loss reserves in the second quarter.

Our reinsurers' investment result came to €1.5bn (0.8bn) between July and September and €3.6bn (2.5bn) in the first nine months. This favourable development compared with the previous year is primarily the result of three factors: lower writedowns, lower losses on disposals, and higher gains from the reduction of our portfolio of participating interests.

Key reinsurance figures

		Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004
Gross premiums written	€bn	16.7	17.5	5.5	5.5
Loss ratio non-life	%	79.8	70.8	97.0	77.5
Expense ratio non-life	%	28.4	28.0	27.6	28.3
Combined ratio non-life	%	108.2	98.8	124.6	105.8
Thereof natural catastrophes	Percentage points	12.6	4.6	32.9	14.2
Investment result	€m	3,637	2,460	1,458	755
Result before amortisation of goodwill	€m	2,150	2,173	313	400
Consolidated result	€m	1,027	1,392	344	294
Thereof attributable to minority interests	€m	-	5	-	-

		30.9.2005	31.12.2004
Investments	€bn	85.9	81.2
Net underwriting provisions	€bn	62.6	58.2

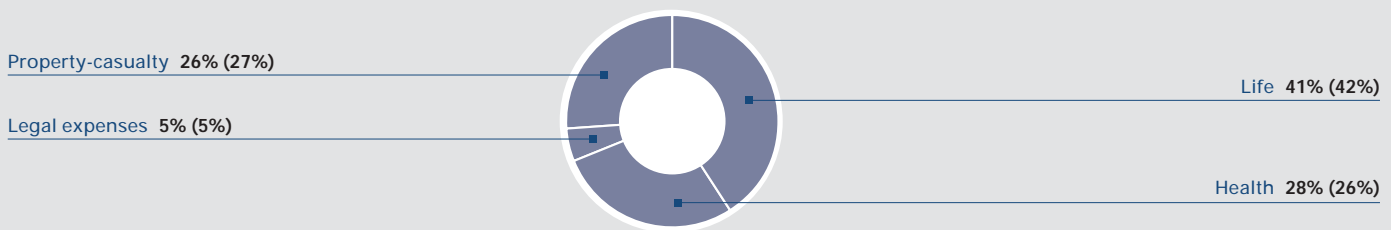
Primary insurance

- Consolidated result for the first three quarters at €457m and thus about 150% higher than last year
- Premium growth of 0.6% in life insurance; new business in the third quarter 5.2% up on the same quarter last year
- Increased sales of supplementary health insurances
- New tariff in motor insurance introduced as at 1 July
- Karlsruher Insurance Group sold at the beginning of October

The primary insurers in the Munich Re Group – ergo, Karlsruher, Europäische Reiseversicherung and the Watkins Syndicate – continued their very good development in the third quarter. Compared with the same period last year, the operating result improved to €298m (151m). For the first nine months it rose to €787m (464m). At €457m (183m), the consolidated result for the primary insurance segment was substantially higher than in the same period last year.

Gross premiums written grew by 0.7% to €4.13bn (4.10bn) in the months July to September and show a rise of 2.5% to €13.3bn (13.0bn) since the beginning of the year. In the life and health segment, growth for the first nine months reached 3.5%. The property-casualty segment (including legal expenses insurance) recorded slight premium growth of 0.2% for this period.

Gross premiums by class of insurance q1–3 2005



In life insurance, premium income was 3.3% lower than in the same quarter last year, totalling €1.7bn (1.8bn). Premium volume from January to September amounted to €5.43bn (5.40bn), an increase of 0.6% on the first nine months of last year. Including the savings premiums of unit-linked life insurance and capitalisation products like “Riester” pensions, premiums grew by 5.2%. In the first quarter of 2005, new business in Germany had been 8.2% down on the same quarter last year, as was to be expected after the year-end boom in 2004, despite some of these policies not being placed to account until the new year. Since then, new business has recovered and was 5.2% higher in the third quarter than in the same period last year. Altogether, owing to the subdued start to 2005, new business production since the beginning of the year is 3.6% lower than in the same period last year.

In health insurance, premium income grew to €1.2bn (1.1bn) in the third quarter, a rise of 6.5% on the same period last year. From January to September, premium was up 8.2% to €3.7bn (3.4bn). The better figures for Germany are partly attributable to the fact that at the beginning of the year we raised premiums for in-force policies to take account of the rise in healthcare costs. We were again very successful in selling supplementary insurances. Compared with last year, the number of persons insured increased by 1.6% in comprehensive insurance and by 11.0% in supplementary insurance, not least due to our partnerships with statutory health insurers and clients’ growing need to make private provision.

In property-casualty business, including legal expenses insurance, we recorded premium income of €1.18bn (1.17bn) in the third quarter, representing slight growth of 1.3% compared with the same period last year. From January to September, our primary insurers wrote gross premiums of €4.18bn (4.17bn), or 0.2% more than in the same period last year. In personal lines business, growth was especially good in homeowners and liability insurance. With the scheduled introduction of a new motor tariff as at 1 July, which takes into account additional and more individual client risk features, we have responded to the keener price competition in German motor insurance. In this tariff, we have remained true to our principle of "profitability takes precedence over growth".

Despite the flooding in Bavaria and Austria, claims experience in the third quarter of 2005 was normal. Including legal expenses insurance, the combined ratio amounts to 91.4% (90.0%) and is thus, as expected, only slightly higher than the ratio for the same period last year, in which exceptionally low claims costs were incurred.

The primary insurers' investment result totalled €1.6bn (0.9bn) for the third quarter and showed a year-on-year rise of 36.7% to €4.5bn (3.3bn) for the first three quarters. We have taken advantage of the positive capital market environment to further reduce our investments in the financial sector. Owing to the favourable development of the stock markets and in particular to the fall in interest rates, net unrealised gains increased compared with the end of 2004.

At the beginning of the fourth quarter, Munich Re and Württembergische Leben agreed on the sale of the Karlsruher Insurance Group. As a result, Munich Re will sell its 90%-plus stake in Karlsruher Lebensversicherung ag. The transaction is subject to the approval of the regulatory authorities.

The buyer, Württembergische Leben, is a good partner for Karlsruher Leben with its strong regional orientation. The Karlsruher Insurance Group wrote gross premiums of €1,285m and recorded a consolidated result of €21m in the business year 2004.

Key primary insurance figures

		Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004
Gross premiums written	€bn	13.3	13.0	4.1	4.1
Loss ratio property-casualty	%	58.2	58.6	58.4	58.5
Expense ratio property-casualty	%	32.8	32.2	30.3	30.6
Combined ratio property-casualty	%	91.0	90.8	88.7	89.1
Combined ratio legal expenses insurance	%	101.5	97.7	100.4	93.1
Combined ratio property-casualty including legal expenses insurance	%	93.5	92.2	91.4	90.0
Investment result	€m	4,514	3,302	1,598	917
Result before amortisation of goodwill	€m	791	565	298	177
Consolidated result	€m	457	183	137	86
Thereof attributable to minority interests	€m	54	48	23	22

		30.9.2005	31.12.2004
Investments	€bn	118.7	115.2
Net underwriting provisions	€bn	101.4	96.1

Key figures of the ergo Insurance Group

		Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004
Gross premiums written	€m	11,796	11,473	3,689	3,698
Loss ratio property-casualty	%	57.9	58.9	58.5	60.4
Expense ratio property-casualty	%	33.0	32.2	31.7	30.7
Combined ratio property-casualty	%	90.9	91.1	90.2	91.1
Combined ratio legal expenses insurance	%	99.7	97.5	100.8	93.3
Combined ratio property-casualty including legal expenses insurance	%	93.0	92.6	92.6	91.6
Investment result	€m	4,215	3,260	1,552	980
Result before amortisation of goodwill	€m	755	542	308	165
Consolidated result	€m	414	207	149	83
Thereof attributable to minority interests	€m	18	31	11	14

		30.9.2005	31.12.2004
Investments	€m	98,851	97,001
Shareholders' equity	€m	4,069	3,506
Net underwriting provisions	€m	90,281	85,494

Asset management

- Investments in financial sector further reduced
- Pleasing investment result of €8,052m (5,730m) for the first three quarters
- Assets of around €2.6bn (2.4bn) in meag retail funds

In the third quarter, which is traditionally difficult for equities, Hurricanes Katrina and Rita gave rise to considerable volatility on the stock markets. Despite the uncertainties surrounding the further development of the economy in the USA, the most important indices recorded gains. The S&P 500, the lead index for US shares, climbed by 3.2%. It thus shows a rise of 1.4% since the beginning of the year. The Euro Stoxx 50 advanced by 7.8% in the past quarter, making its gain this year 16.2%. The Japanese Nikkei 225 registered an even more pronounced increase of 17.2% in the third quarter.

Money market rates and yields on ten-year German government bonds moved sideways in narrow bands in the period under review, remaining almost unchanged compared with the previous quarter at 2.18% and 3.15% respectively. In the USA, on the other hand, yields rose by 0.3 to 0.5 percentage

points over the whole maturities range. This was a market reaction to the Federal Reserve's increase in the federal funds rate to 3.75%. At the end of the third quarter, the yield on ten-year US government bonds stood at 4.32%.

The exchange rate for the US dollar against the euro at the end of the quarter was US\$ 1.20, almost the same level as at the beginning.

Our strategy of reducing the concentration risk of our investments in the German financial services sector was taken a stage further in the third quarter, when we cut back our stake in Allianz by almost three percentage points to just under 5%, realising a capital gain of €563m. In the first half-year, we had already reduced our participation in Commerzbank to just below 5% and sold our interest in bhw. In addition, the Munich Re Group had disposed of its shareholding in man.

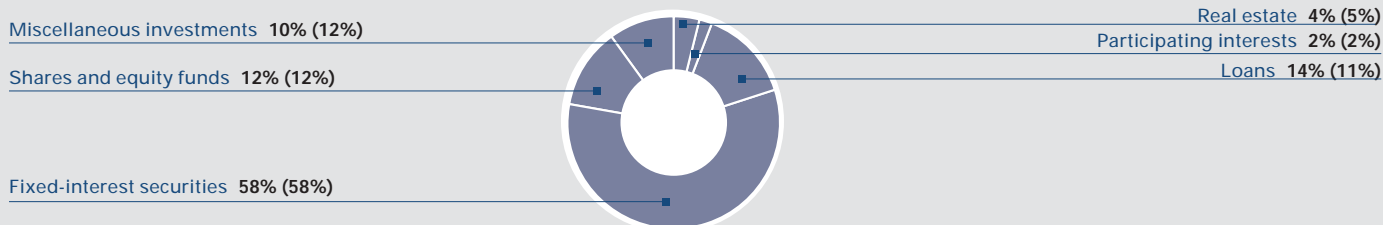
As far as the Munich Re Group's investment of 18.3% in HypoVereinsbank is concerned, we have accepted UniCredit's exchange offer. On completion of the exchange,

our Group's stake in UniCredit will be at least 6.3%, approximately half of which will be held by Munich Re and half by the ergo Insurance Group.

Investment mix

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Asset management		Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		30.9. 2005	31.12. 2004	30.9. 2005	31.12. 2004
	30.9. 2005	31.12. 2004	30.9. 2005	31.12. 2004	30.9. 2005	31.12. 2004	30.9. 2005	31.12. 2004				
Real estate	692	731	780	928	5,078	6,634	191	710	28	43	6,769	9,046
Investments in affiliated enterprises	15	14	17	16	54	45	125	69	12	14	223	158
Investments in associated enterprises	685	625	807	753	1,561	1,726	523	543	67	78	3,643	3,725
Loans	74	40	69	34	24,890	19,279	1,293	929	28	28	26,354	20,310
Other securities held to maturity	-	-	-	-	476	518	14	44	-	-	490	562
Other securities available for sale												
- Fixed-interest	16,859	15,230	27,357	24,707	57,471	57,791	4,619	4,533	12	9	106,318	102,270
- Non-fixed-interest	4,672	4,373	5,797	5,473	11,127	10,822	1,936	1,999	20	19	23,552	22,686
Other securities held for trading												
- Fixed-interest	14	-	553	-	64	61	304	290	-	-	935	351
- Non-fixed-interest	-	-	4	-	2	-	5	5	-	-	11	5
- Derivatives	131	54	144	61	695	186	3	-	-	-	973	301
Other investments	6,407	6,818	7,615	8,354	2,172	2,913	244	260	904	373	17,342	18,718
Total	29,549	27,885	43,143	40,326	103,590	99,975	9,257	9,382	1,071	564	186,610	178,132

* After elimination of intra-Group reinsurance across segments.

Investment mix as at 30.9.2005 (31.12.2004)

As at 30 September 2005, the Munich Re Group's own investments amounted to €186.6bn (178.1bn).

The portfolio has grown by 4.8% since the beginning of the year, mainly due to investment of the cash flow from our underwriting business in fixed-interest securities and loans and to increases in the market prices of existing securities items.

Following the brief rise in interest rates in August, yields on ten-year German government bonds, which are significant for the European area, fell to a historical low of 3.0% in September, a fact that had a positive effect on the valuation reserves of our fixed-interest securities. The valuation reserves of our equities profited from the good performance of the stock market.

The investment result in the first three quarters totalled €8.1bn (5.7bn), the increase being largely due to the good result from the disposal of investments.

The retail funds of meag munich ergo AssetManagement GmbH acquired new assets of around €50m in the third quarter. Assets managed by meag in retail funds thus rose to over €2.6bn (2.4bn), also thanks to the pleasing development of the capital markets. The assets managed for institutional clients totalled €2.6bn (2.3bn).

At the end of the third quarter, meag and ergo Trust had assets under management of €4.9bn (4.6bn) in open-ended and closed-end funds for private investors and €8.3bn (8.2bn) for institutional investors. As from the business year 2006, the real estate activities of ergo Trust GmbH will be merged into those of meag munich ergo AssetManagement GmbH in Munich. This change will allow us not only to take greater advantage of the opportunities offered by the international real estate markets to meet the Munich Re Group's investment requirements but also to systematically expand institutional third-party business.

Since 21 June 2005 and 15 July 2005, the asset management units of the Munich Re Group in Hong Kong and New York have been renamed meag Hong Kong Ltd. and meag New York Corporation respectively, reflecting their stronger integration into meag.

Consolidated balance sheet as at 30 September 2005

Assets			31.12.2004		Change	
	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	%
A. Intangible assets						
I. Goodwill		3,277		3,144	133	4.2
II. Other intangible assets		1,179		1,243	-64	-5.1
			4,456	4,387	69	1.6
B. Investments						
I. Real estate		6,769		9,046	-2,277	-25.2
II. Investments in affiliated enterprises and associated enterprises		3,866		3,883	-17	-0.4
III. Loans		26,354		20,310	6,044	29.8
IV. Other securities						
1. Held to maturity	490			562	-72	-12.8
2. Available for sale	129,870			124,956	4,914	3.9
3. Held for trading	1,919			657	1,262	192.1
		132,279		126,175	6,104	4.8
V. Other investments						
1. Deposits retained on assumed reinsurance	13,174			14,530	-1,356	-9.3
2. Miscellaneous	2,753			2,869	-116	-4.0
		15,927		17,399	-1,472	-8.5
			185,195	176,813	8,382	4.7
C. Investments for the benefit of life insurance policyholders who bear the investment risk			1,415	1,319	96	7.3
D. Ceded share of underwriting provisions			7,810	6,964	846	12.1
E. Receivables			9,158	8,683	475	5.5
F. Cash with banks, cheques and cash in hand			2,654	2,027	627	30.9
G. Deferred acquisition costs			8,702	8,396	306	3.6
H. Deferred tax			3,898	4,326	-428	-9.9
I. Other assets			3,853	1,876	1,977	105.4
Total assets			227,141	214,791	12,350	5.7

Equity and liabilities	31.12.2004			Change	
	€m	€m	€m	€m	%
A. Shareholders' equity					
I. Issued capital and capital reserve	7,388		7,388	–	–
II. Revenue reserves	8,236		7,018	1,218	17.4
III. Other reserves	5,188		3,957	1,231	31.1
IV. Consolidated result attributable to Munich Re shareholders	1,332		1,833	–501	–27.3
V. Minority interests	541		541	–	–
		22,685	20,737*	1,948	9.4
B. Subordinated liabilities		3,411	3,393	18	0.5
C. Gross underwriting provisions					
I. Unearned premiums	6,581		5,874	707	12.0
II. Provision for future policy benefits	103,885		101,926	1,959	1.9
III. Provision for outstanding claims	48,051		42,839	5,212	12.2
IV. Other underwriting provisions	12,037		9,324	2,713	29.1
		170,554	159,963	10,591	6.6
D. Gross underwriting provisions for life insurance policies where the investment risk is borne by the policyholders		1,423	1,328	95	7.2
E. Other accrued liabilities		3,788	3,450	338	9.8
F. Liabilities					
I. Notes and debentures	1,082		2,242	–1,160	–51.7
II. Other liabilities	16,909		16,612	297	1.8
		17,991	18,854	–863	–4.6
G. Deferred tax liabilities		7,225	7,041	184	2.6
H. Other deferred items		64	25	39	156.0
Total equity and liabilities		227,141	214,791	12,350	5.7

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003). For details, please see notes on recognition and measurement.

Consolidated income statement for the period 1 January to 30 September 2005

Items	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004 (adjusted)*	Change	
	€m	€m	€m	%
1. Gross premiums written	28,625	28,932	-307	-1.1
2. Net earned premiums	26,804	27,216	-412	-1.5
3. Investment result	8,052	5,730	2,322	40.5
Thereof:				
- Income from associated enterprises	160	131	29	22.1
4. Other income	1,110	846	264	31.2
Total income (2-4)	35,966	33,792	2,174	6.4
5. Net expenses for claims and benefits	25,121	23,816	1,305	5.5
6. Net operating expenses	6,681	6,302	379	6.0
7. Other expenses	1,281	913	368	40.3
Total expenses (5-7)	33,083	31,031	2,052	6.6
8. Result before amortisation of goodwill	2,883	2,761	122	4.4
9. Amortisation of goodwill	4	172	-168	-97.7
10. Operating result	2,879	2,589	290	11.2
11. Finance costs	290	323	-33	-10.2
12. Taxes on income	1,206	688	518	75.3
13. Consolidated result	1,383	1,578	-195	-12.4
Thereof:				
- Attributable to Munich Re shareholders	1,332	1,527	-195	-12.8
- Attributable to minority interests	51	51	-	-
	€	€	€	%
Earnings per share	5.83	6.68	-0.85	-12.7

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003).

Consolidated income statement for the period 1 July to 30 September 2005

Items	Q3 2005	Q3 2004 (adjusted)*	Change	
	€m	€m	€m	%
1. Gross premiums written	9,245	9,256	-11	-0.1
2. Net earned premiums	8,934	9,055	-121	-1.3
3. Investment result	3,078	1,667	1,411	84.6
Thereof:				
– Income from associated enterprises	-	24	-24	-100.0
4. Other income	316	263	53	20.2
Total income (2–4)	12,328	10,985	1,343	12.2
5. Net expenses for claims and benefits	9,157	8,008	1,149	14.3
6. Net operating expenses	2,145	2,097	48	2.3
7. Other expenses	373	291	82	28.2
Total expenses (5–7)	11,675	10,396	1,279	12.3
8. Result before amortisation of goodwill	653	589	64	10.9
9. Amortisation of goodwill	-	51	-51	-100.0
10. Operating result	653	538	115	21.4
11. Finance costs	86	104	-18	-17.3
12. Taxes on income	54	48	6	12.5
13. Consolidated result	513	386	127	32.9
Thereof:				
– Attributable to Munich Re shareholders	492	365	127	34.8
– Attributable to minority interests	21	21	-	-
	€	€	€	%
Earnings per share	2.16	1.60	0.56	35.0

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003).

Consolidated income statement (quarterly breakdown)

Items	Q3 2005	Q2 2005	Q1 2005	Q4 2004 (adjusted)*	Q3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q2 2004 (adjusted)*	Q1 2004 (adjusted)*
	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m
1. Gross premiums written	9,245	9,220	10,160	9,139	9,256	9,318	10,358
2. Net earned premiums	8,934	9,053	8,817	9,318	9,055	9,111	9,050
3. Investment result	3,078	2,517	2,457	2,311	1,667	2,209	1,854
Thereof:							
– Income from associated enterprises	–	96	64	–462	24	33	74
4. Other income	316	476	318	270	263	231	352
Total income (2–4)	12,328	12,046	11,592	11,899	10,985	11,551	11,256
5. Net expenses for claims and benefits	9,157	8,151	7,813	7,820	8,008	7,935	7,873
6. Net operating expenses	2,145	2,280	2,256	2,545	2,097	2,070	2,135
7. Other expenses	373	517	391	921	291	336	286
Total expenses (5–7)	11,675	10,948	10,460	11,286	10,396	10,341	10,294
8. Result before amortisation of goodwill	653	1,098	1,132	613	589	1,210	962
9. Amortisation of goodwill	–	4	–	172	51	66	55
10. Operating result	653	1,094	1,132	441	538	1,144	907
11. Finance costs	86	101	103	103	104	107	112
12. Taxes on income	54	811	341	24	48	388	252
13. Consolidated result	513	182	688	314	386	649	543
Thereof:							
– Attributable to Munich Re shareholders	492	164	676	306	365	628	534
– Attributable to minority interests	21	18	12	8	21	21	9
	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m
Earnings per share	2.16	0.72	2.96	1.34	1.60	2.75	2.33

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003).

Changes in Group shareholders' equity

	Shareholder's equity attributable to Munich Re shareholders							Minority interests	Total shareholders' equity*	
	Issued capital	Capital reserve	Revenue reserves		Other reserves		Consolidated result			
			Revenue reserves before deduction of own shares	Own shares held	Unrealised gains and losses	Reserve from currency translation	Valuation result from cash flow hedges			
All figures in €m										
Status at 31.12.2004	588	6,800	7,176	-158	4,621	-674	10	1,833	541	20,737
Currency translation	-	-	-	-	-	525	-	-	1	526
Allocation to revenue reserves	-	-	1,376	-	-	-	-	-1,376	-	-
Change in consolidated group	-	-	-32	-	-8	-	-	-	-11	-51
Change resulting from valuation at equity	-	-	13	-	75	-	-	-	1	89
Unrealised gains and losses on other securities	-	-	-	-	643	-	-	-	19	662
Consolidated result	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,332	51	1,383
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-457	-	-457
Share buy-backs	-	-	-	-50	-	-	-	-	-	-50
Changes from cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4	-	-	-4
Other changes	-	-	-89	-	-	-	-	-	-61	-150
Status at 30.9.2005	588	6,800	8,444	-208	5,331	-149	6	1,332	541	22,685

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003).

Changes in Group shareholders' equity

	Shareholder's equity attributable to Munich Re shareholders							Minority interests	Total shareholders' equity*	
	Issued capital	Capital reserve	Revenue reserves		Other reserves		Consolidated result			
			Revenue reserves before deduction of own shares	Own shares held	Unrealised gains and losses	Reserve from currency translation	Valuation result from cash flow hedges			
All figures in €m										
Status at 31.12.2003	588	6,800	7,930	-107	4,511	-399	10	-434	483	19,382
Currency translation	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	2	64
Allocation to revenue reserves	-	-	-720	-	-	-	-	720	-	-
Change in consolidated group	-	-	8	-	-3	7	-	-	-	12
Change resulting from valuation at equity	-	-	-1	-	116	-	-	-	-	115
Unrealised gains and losses on other securities	-	-	-	-	-906	-	-	-	10	-896
Consolidated result	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,527	51	1,578
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-286	-	-286
Share buy-backs	-	-	-	-46	-	-	-	-	-	-46
Changes from cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other changes	-	-	125	-	-	-	-	-	-26	99
Status at 30.9.2004	588	6,800	7,342	-153	3,718	-330	10	1,527	520	20,022

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003).

Consolidated cash flow statement for the period 1 January to 30 September 2005

	Q1-3 2005 €m	Q1-3 2004 €m
Consolidated result	1,383	1,578
Net change in underwriting provisions	7,812	6,890
Change in deferred acquisition costs	-282	-485
Change in deposits retained and accounts receivable and payable	98	-1,612
Change in other receivables and liabilities	386	-646
Gains and losses on the disposal of investments	-2,922	-1,383
Change in securities held for trading	-1,312	-136
Change in other balance sheet items	540	-55
Other income/expenses without impact on cash flow	-63	964
I. Cash flows from operating activities	5,640	5,115
Inflows from the sale of consolidated enterprises	60	345
Outflows from the acquisition of consolidated enterprises	-28	-58
Change from the acquisition, sale and maturities of other investments	-2,611	-3,459
Change from the acquisition and sale of investments for unit-linked life insurance	51	-134
Other	-582	-61
II. Cash flows from investing activities	-3,110	-3,367
Inflows from increases in capital	-	-
Dividend payments	-468	-295
Change from other financing activities	-1,456	-488
III. Cash flows from financing activities	-1,924	-783
Cash flows for the reporting period (I+II+III)	606	965
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	21	3
Cash at the beginning of the business year	2,027	1,884
Cash at the end of the reporting period	2,654	2,852
Additional information		
Taxes on income (net)	289	417
Interest paid	375	438

Segment reporting

Assets	Reinsurance			
	Life and health		Property-casualty	
	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m
A. Intangible assets	259	239	1,339	1,206
B. Investments				
I. Real estate	692	731	780	928
II. Investments in affiliated enterprises and associated enterprises	3,610	3,449	3,956	3,842
III. Loans	309	244	322	258
IV. Other securities				
1. Held to maturity	–	–	–	–
2. Available for sale	21,531	19,603	33,154	30,180
3. Held for trading	145	54	701	61
	21,676	19,657	33,855	30,241
V. Other investments	9,597	9,949	11,119	11,890
	35,884	34,030	50,032	47,159
C. Investments for the benefit of life insurance policyholders who bear the investment risk	–	–	–	–
D. Ceded share of underwriting provisions	1,674	1,403	3,924	3,483
E. Other segment assets	5,272	4,720	9,234	9,173
Total segment assets	43,089	40,392	64,529	61,021

	Primary insurance				Asset management		Consolidation		Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m
	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m						
	1,917	1,961	962	1,014	6	5	-27	-38	4,456	4,387
	5,080	6,642	190	710	28	43	-1	-8	6,769	9,046
	2,728	3,009	3,449	3,361	111	119	-9,988	-9,897	3,866	3,883
	26,518	20,893	1,410	1,011	159	185	-2,364	-2,281	26,354	20,310
	476	518	14	44	-	-	-	-	490	562
	68,598	68,613	6,586	6,532	32	28	-31	-	129,870	124,956
	761	247	312	295	-	-	-	-	1,919	657
	69,835	69,378	6,912	6,871	32	28	-31	-	132,279	126,175
	761	1,597	407	390	904	373	-6,861	-6,800	15,927	17,399
	104,922	101,519	12,368	12,343	1,234	748	-19,245	-18,986	185,195	176,813
	1,415	1,319	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,415	1,319
	9,035	8,756	1,728	1,529	-	-	-8,551	-8,207	7,810	6,964
	11,907	10,001	3,701	2,801	234	183	-2,083	-1,570	28,265	25,308
	129,196	123,556	18,759	17,687	1,474	936	-29,906	-28,801	227,141	214,791

Segment reporting

Equity and liabilities	Reinsurance			
	Life and health		Property-casualty	
	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m
A. Subordinated liabilities	1,474	1,453	1,584	1,587
B. Gross underwriting provisions				
I. Unearned premiums	224	230	5,071	4,571
II. Provision for future policy benefits	18,837	19,468	696	642
III. Provision for outstanding claims	5,457	5,238	36,833	31,988
IV. Other underwriting provisions	839	722	282	214
	25,357	25,658	42,882	37,415
C. Gross underwriting provisions for life insurance policies where the investment risk is borne by the policyholders	-	-	-	-
D. Other accrued liabilities	457	300	873	785
E. Other segment liabilities	3,741	3,154	8,025	9,337
Total segment liabilities	31,029	30,565	53,364	49,124

	Life and health		Primary insurance		Asset management		Consolidation		Total		
	30.9.2005	31.12.2004	30.9.2005	31.12.2004	30.9.2005	31.12.2004	30.9.2005	31.12.2004	30.9.2005	31.12.2004	
	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	
	64	-	363	353	-	-	-74	-	3,411	3,393	
	102	79	1,504	1,208	-	-	-320	-214	6,581	5,874	
	90,751	88,155	346	278	-	-	-6,745	-6,617	103,885	101,926	
	2,065	2,010	4,753	4,637	-	-	-1,057	-1,034	48,051	42,839	
	11,137	8,604	108	108	-	-	-329	-324	12,037	9,324	
	104,055	98,848	6,711	6,231	-	-	-8,451	-8,189	170,554	159,963	
	1,423	1,343	-	-	-	-	-	-15	1,423	1,328	
	1,018	1,024	1,411	1,287	59	84	-30	-30	3,788	3,450	
	17,906	17,642	5,304	5,224	1,326	773	-11,022	-10,210	25,280	25,920	
	124,466	118,857	13,789	13,095	1,385	857	-19,577	-18,444	204,456	194,054	
									Shareholders' equity	22,685	20,737
									Total equity and liabilities	227,141	214,791

Segment reporting

Income statement 1.1–30.9.2005

	Reinsurance			
	Life and health		Property-casualty	
	Q1–3 2005 €m	Q1–3 2004 (adjusted)* €m	Q1–3 2005 €m	Q1–3 2004 (adjusted)* €m
1. Gross premiums written	5,836	5,739	10,903	11,739
Thereof:				
– From insurance transactions with other segments	673	732	709	759
– From insurance transactions with external third parties	5,163	5,007	10,194	10,980
2. Net earned premiums	5,463	5,429	10,029	10,957
3. Investment result	1,440	994	2,197	1,466
Thereof:				
– Income from associated enterprises	12	9	75	57
4. Other income	196	113	363	302
Total income (2–4)	7,099	6,536	12,589	12,725
5. Net expenses for claims and benefits	4,365	4,739	8,174	7,858
6. Net operating expenses	1,608	1,206	2,792	2,970
7. Other expenses	197	80	402	235
Total expenses (5–7)	6,170	6,025	11,368	11,063
8. Result before amortisation of goodwill	929	511	1,221	1,662
9. Amortisation of goodwill	–	1	–	70
10. Operating result	929	510	1,221	1,592
11. Finance costs	63	80	164	194
12. Taxes on income	184	96	712	340
13. Consolidated result	682	334	345	1,058
Thereof:				
– Attributable to Munich Re shareholders	682	334	345	1,053
– Attributable to minority interests	–	–	–	5

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003).

		Primary insurance				Asset management		Consolidation		Total	
Life and health		Property-casualty									
Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004 (adjusted)*
€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m
9,104	8,794	4,181	4,171	-	-	-1,399	-1,511	28,625	28,932		
1	2	16	18	-	-	-1,399	-1,511	-	-		
9,103	8,792	4,165	4,153	-	-	-	-	28,625	28,932		
8,278	7,876	3,034	2,954	-	-	-	-	26,804	27,216		
4,020	3,004	494	298	25	37	-124	-69	8,052	5,730		
55	60	24	-	-6	5	-	-	160	131		
642	502	575	558	193	171	-859	-800	1,110	846		
12,940	11,382	4,103	3,810	218	208	-983	-869	35,966	33,792		
10,737	9,439	1,864	1,780	-	-	-19	-	25,121	23,816		
1,247	1,141	1,036	991	-	-	-2	-6	6,681	6,302		
681	566	687	710	173	159	-859	-837	1,281	913		
12,665	11,146	3,587	3,481	173	159	-880	-843	33,083	31,031		
275	236	516	329	45	49	-103	-26	2,883	2,761		
-	62	4	39	-	-	-	-	4	172		
275	174	512	290	45	49	-103	-26	2,879	2,589		
2	3	62	49	2	-	-3	-3	290	323		
136	104	130	125	24	20	20	3	1,206	688		
137	67	320	116	19	29	-120	-26	1,383	1,578		
108	45	295	90	21	27	-119	-22	1,332	1,527		
29	22	25	26	-2	2	-1	-4	51	51		

Segment reporting

Income statement 1.7–30.9.2005

	Reinsurance			
	Life and health		Property-casualty	
	Q3 2005 €m	Q3 2004 (adjusted)* €m	Q3 2005 €m	Q3 2004 (adjusted)* €m
1. Gross premiums written	1,929	1,832	3,577	3,715
Thereof:				
– From insurance transactions with other segments	201	226	179	153
– From insurance transactions with external third parties	1,728	1,606	3,398	3,562
2. Net earned premiums	1,770	1,785	3,420	3,576
3. Investment result	515	297	943	458
Thereof:				
– Income from associated enterprises	4	–1	20	11
4. Other income	50	61	89	138
Total income (2–4)	2,335	2,143	4,452	4,172
5. Net expenses for claims and benefits	1,370	1,532	3,450	2,826
6. Net operating expenses	564	396	913	995
7. Other expenses	55	45	122	121
Total expenses (5–7)	1,989	1,973	4,485	3,942
8. Result before amortisation of goodwill	346	170	–33	230
9. Amortisation of goodwill	–	1	–	24
10. Operating result	346	169	–33	206
11. Finance costs	17	26	48	62
12. Taxes on income	41	2	–137	–9
13. Consolidated result	288	141	56	153
Thereof:				
– Attributable to Munich Re shareholders	288	141	56	153
– Attributable to minority interests	–	–	–	–

* Adjusted owing to first-time application of IAS 1 (rev. 2003).

		Primary insurance				Asset management		Consolidation		Total	
Life and health		Property-casualty									
Q3 2005	Q3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q3 2005	Q3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q3 2005	Q3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q3 2005	Q3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q3 2005	Q3 2004 (adjusted)*	Q3 2005	Q3 2004 (adjusted)*
€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m	€m
2,944	2,929	1,181	1,166	-	-	-386	-386	9,245	9,256		
-	-	6	7	-	-	-386	-386	-	-		
2,944	2,929	1,175	1,159	-	-	-	-	9,245	9,256		
2,707	2,673	1,037	1,021	-	-	-	-	8,934	9,055		
1,436	827	162	90	9	10	13	-15	3,078	1,667		
-35	18	10	-3	1	-1	-	-	-	24		
220	125	203	143	65	54	-311	-258	316	263		
4,363	3,625	1,402	1,254	74	64	-298	-273	12,328	10,985		
3,676	3,052	653	598	-	-	8	-	9,157	8,008		
337	380	332	330	-	-	-1	-4	2,145	2,097		
239	156	230	186	56	51	-329	-268	373	291		
4,252	3,588	1,215	1,114	56	51	-322	-272	11,675	10,396		
111	37	187	140	18	13	24	-1	653	589		
-	19	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	51		
111	18	187	133	18	13	24	-1	653	538		
1	1	21	16	1	-	-2	-1	86	104		
78	6	61	42	7	6	4	1	54	48		
32	11	105	75	10	7	22	-1	513	386		
17	1	97	63	10	7	24	-	492	365		
15	10	8	12	-	-	-2	-1	21	21		

Segment reporting

Investments*	Reinsurance		Primary insurance		Asset management		Total	
	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m	30.9.2005 €m	31.12.2004 €m
Europe	42,288	43,074	110,243	106,802	1,013	515	153,544	150,391
North America	25,884	21,540	1,466	1,669	46	38	27,396	23,247
Asia and Australasia	3,028	2,517	820	625	4	3	3,852	3,145
Africa, Near and Middle East	693	595	78	119	-	-	771	714
Latin America	799	485	240	142	8	8	1,047	635
Total	72,692	68,211	112,847	109,357	1,071	564	186,610	178,132

*After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

Gross premiums written*	Reinsurance		Primary insurance		Total	
	Q1-3 2005 €m	Q1-3 2004 €m	Q1-3 2005 €m	Q1-3 2004 €m	Q1-3 2005 €m	Q1-3 2004 €m
Europe	7,702	8,515	13,096	12,751	20,798	21,266
North America	5,051	5,488	85	65	5,136	5,553
Asia and Australasia	1,448	1,126	43	56	1,491	1,182
Africa, Near and Middle East	495	494	39	69	534	563
Latin America	661	364	5	4	666	368
Total	15,357	15,987	13,268	12,945	28,625	28,932

*After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

Gross premiums written*	Reinsurance		Primary insurance		Total	
	Q3 2005 €m	Q3 2004 €m	Q3 2005 €m	Q3 2004 €m	Q3 2005 €m	Q3 2004 €m
Europe	2,312	2,550	4,070	4,069	6,382	6,619
North America	1,739	1,955	32	2	1,771	1,957
Asia and Australasia	510	399	-	2	510	401
Africa, Near and Middle East	162	140	14	15	176	155
Latin America	403	124	3	-	406	124
Total	5,126	5,168	4,119	4,088	9,245	9,256

*After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

Notes

Recognition and measurement

This quarterly report as at 30 September 2005 has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In the quarterly financial statements, we have complied with all new and amended ifrs standards whose application is compulsory for the first time for periods beginning on 1 January 2005. The following changes are of significance in this context:

ias 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, stipulates that for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005, minority interests have to be shown in the income statement not as expenses before the consolidated result but as appropriation of profit after the consolidated result. Correspondingly, minority interests in the balance sheet have to be shown as part of shareholders' equity.

In order to provide a better insight into our operating result, we show finance costs separately in the income statement for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. By finance costs we understand all interest and other expenses attributable to strategic debt. Debt has a strategic character for us if it does not have an original, direct link with our underwriting business. The previous year's figures have been adjusted accordingly.

Under ifrs 2, Share-based Payment, obligations arising out of our long-term incentive plans (stock appreciation rights) have to be measured at fair value for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. Up to now, these obligations have been measured at their intrinsic value (difference between current share price and initial share price for the stock appreciation rights). The fair value takes into account not only the intrinsic value but also the possibility of growth in value up to the date of forfeiture or expiry of the rights and is determined on the basis of recognised valuation models, taking into account the exercise conditions. During the two-year vesting period, the amount to be reserved is measured pro rata temporis.

The changeover to fair value requires a one-off adjustment of €11.5m in the provisions concerned, which has been recognised in income in the business year.

Under the new ifrs 3, Business Combinations, and the updated ias 36, Impairment of Assets, amortisation of goodwill on a straight-line basis has to be discontinued. Instead, the goodwill must be tested for impairment, i.e. the carrying amount of goodwill is compared with the recoverable amount and written down for impairment if necessary.

The amended rules of ias 16, Property, Plant and Equipment, regarding the calculation of depreciation (component approach) have been taken into account in valuing developed real estate.

The first-time application of other new or amended ifrs standards, particularly ifrs 4, Insurance Contracts, has had no material impact.

The financial statements include adjustments of –€35.3m to the revenue reserves, made in accordance with ias 8 as a result of a change in valuation methods to improve presentation.

Otherwise, the same principles of recognition, measurement and consolidation have been applied as in our consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2004.

Changes in the consolidated group

There were no significant changes in the group of consolidated companies in the first nine months of 2005.

Foreign currency translation

Munich Re's reporting currency is the euro (€). The following table shows the exchange rates of the most important currencies for our business (exchange rate for €1 in each case):

Currency translation	Balance sheet		Q3 2005	Q2 2005	Q1 2005	Q3 2004	Income statement	
	30.9.2005	31.12.2004					Q2 2004	Q1 2004
Australian dollar	1.57880	1.73395	1.60501	1.63782	1.68700	1.72222	1.68814	1.63427
Canadian dollar	1.39925	1.62860	1.46595	1.56661	1.60773	1.59919	1.63748	1.64815
Pound sterling	0.68150	0.70795	0.68331	0.67843	0.69373	0.67228	0.66688	0.68042
Rand	7.66515	7.65770	7.93395	8.07194	7.87516	7.79333	7.93235	8.46186
Swiss franc	1.55435	1.54565	1.55348	1.54375	1.54902	1.53623	1.53775	1.56825
US dollar	1.20565	1.35925	1.21973	1.25887	1.31156	1.22233	1.20494	1.25018
Yen	136.6480	139.2820	135.6200	135.3510	137.0570	134.3640	132.1350	134.0120

Intangible assets

All figures in €m	30.9.2005	31.12.2004
I. Goodwill	3,277	3,144
II. Other intangible assets	1,179	1,243
– Software	434	461
– Purchased insurance portfolios	676	708
– Other	69	74
Total	4,456	4,387

Other securities – Available for sale

All figures in €m	Carrying amounts		Unrealised gains/losses		Amortised cost	
	30.9.2005	31.12.2004	30.9.2005	31.12.2004	30.9.2005	31.12.2004
Fixed-interest securities	106,318	102,270	4,862	3,764	101,456	98,506
Non-fixed-interest securities						
– Shares	20,789	19,950	5,536	4,342	15,253	15,608
– Investment funds	1,920	1,743	342	168	1,578	1,575
– Other	843	993	119	166	724	827
	23,552	22,686	5,997	4,676	17,555	18,010
Total	129,870	124,956	10,859	8,440	119,011	116,516

Minority interests

These are mainly minority interests in the ergo Insurance Group.

All figures in €m	30.9.2005	31.12.2004
Unrealised gains and losses	107	87
Consolidated result	51	59
Other equity components	383	395
Total	541	541

Subordinated liabilities

All figures in €m	30.9.2005	31.12.2004
Munich Re Finance b.v., Amsterdam 6.75%, €3,000m, Bonds 2003/2023 S&P rating: a–	2,974	2,973
Munich Re Finance b.v., Amsterdam 7.625%, €300m, Bonds 2003/2028 S&P rating: a–	437	420
Total	3,411	3,393

Investment result

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Asset management		Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004
	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004				
Real estate	14	-10	46	-40	187	25	4	11	1	-	252	-14
Investments in affiliated enterprises	-	-	1	-1	1	-30	15	4	-2	-	15	-27
Investments in associated enterprises	12	9	75	57	55	60	24	-	-6	5	160	131
Loans	2	2	2	4	883	721	32	21	1	1	920	749
Other securities held to maturity	-	-	-	-	21	26	1	1	-	-	22	27
Other securities available for sale												
- Fixed-interest	585	481	962	836	2,140	2,151	176	160	1	1	3,864	3,629
- Non-fixed-interest	278	110	1,011	550	1,169	558	213	106	2	2	2,673	1,326
Other securities held for trading												
- Fixed-interest	-	-	8	2	5	2	7	-7	-	-	20	-3
- Non-fixed-interest	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1
- Derivatives	7	-4	32	-15	-97	32	-3	-4	-	-	-61	9
Other investments	374	307	53	80	80	-143	6	3	24	26	537	273
Expenses for the management of investments, other expenses	26	20	104	103	199	226	22	19	-	3	351	371
Total	1,246	875	2,086	1,370	4,246	3,177	453	276	21	32	8,052	5,730

* After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Asset management		Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004
	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004				
Real estate	4	-25	20	-95	106	-182	4	-9	1	-	135	-311
Investments in affiliated enterprises	-	-	-	-	-3	-	16	1	-2	-	11	1
Investments in associated enterprises	4	-1	20	11	-35	18	10	-3	1	-1	-	24
Loans	1	1	-	-	272	278	11	7	1	1	285	287
Other securities held to maturity	-1	-	-	-	7	8	-	-	-	-	6	8
Other securities available for sale												
- Fixed-interest	114	79	434	387	698	790	54	51	1	-	1,301	1,307
- Non-fixed-interest	144	14	585	199	525	24	76	43	2	1	1,332	281
Other securities held for trading												
- Fixed-interest	-	-	6	-	2	3	5	2	-	-	13	5
- Non-fixed-interest	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1
- Derivatives	-7	1	-16	4	-5	87	-2	-2	-	-	-30	90
Other investments	79	163	20	42	46	-115	-	2	4	9	149	101
Expenses for the management of investments, other expenses	7	4	37	38	68	79	13	7	-	-1	125	127
Total	331	228	1,032	510	1,546	833	161	85	8	11	3,078	1,667

* After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Asset management		Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		Q1-3	Q1-3	Q1-3	Q1-3
	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Investment income												
Regular income	1,007	855	1,248	1,251	3,331	3,348	279	272	36	32	5,901	5,758
Income from write-ups	34	12	121	67	197	137	2	7	-	-	354	223
Gains on the disposal of investments	327	133	1,197	710	1,541	1,166	250	152	2	7	3,317	2,168
Other income	-	12	-	-	151	34	-	-	-	-	151	46
	1,368	1,012	2,566	2,028	5,220	4,685	531	431	38	39	9,723	8,195
Investment expenses												
Writedowns on investments	39	50	157	323	489	577	20	60	1	-	706	1,010
Losses on the disposal of investments	32	43	129	182	190	488	34	72	11	-	396	785
Management expenses, interest expenses and other expenses	51	44	194	153	295	443	24	23	5	7	569	670
	122	137	480	658	974	1,508	78	155	17	7	1,671	2,465
Total	1,246	875	2,086	1,370	4,246	3,177	453	276	21	32	8,052	5,730

* After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Asset management		Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004
	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004
Investment income												
Regular income	206	217	510	500	1,063	1,085	87	77	11	10	1,877	1,889
Income from write-ups	2	4	13	37	109	73	-	2	-	-	124	116
Gains on the disposal of investments	163	25	665	272	595	425	107	71	2	1	1,532	794
Other income	-	12	-	-	62	-	-	-	-	-	62	12
	371	258	1,188	809	1,829	1,583	194	150	13	11	3,595	2,811
Investment expenses												
Writedowns on investments	11	30	43	202	137	415	3	26	1	-	195	673
Losses on the disposal of investments	7	-	40	49	52	135	17	29	2	-	118	213
Management expenses, interest expenses and other expenses	22	-	73	48	94	200	13	10	2	-	204	258
	40	30	156	299	283	750	33	65	5	-	517	1,144
Total	331	228	1,032	510	1,546	833	161	85	8	11	3,078	1,667

* After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

Net expenses for claims and benefits

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004
	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004		
Gross	4,001	4,012	8,556	7,794	11,537	10,466	2,519	2,239	26,613	24,511
Ceded share	304	153	798	322	137	144	253	76	1,492	695
Net	3,697	3,859	7,758	7,472	11,400	10,322	2,266	2,163	25,121	23,816

* After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		Q3 2005	Q3 2004
	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004		
Gross	1,334	1,319	3,732	2,789	3,935	3,331	979	725	9,980	8,164
Ceded share	161	48	440	83	47	19	175	6	823	156
Net	1,173	1,271	3,292	2,706	3,888	3,312	804	719	9,157	8,008

* After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

Net operating expenses

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004
	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004		
Gross	1,535	1,240	2,787	2,891	1,467	1,303	1,251	1,240	7,040	6,674
Ceded share	123	138	188	146	17	51	31	37	359	372
Net	1,412	1,102	2,599	2,745	1,450	1,252	1,220	1,203	6,681	6,302

* After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

All figures in €m*	Reinsurance				Primary insurance				Total	
	Life and health		Property-casualty		Life and health		Property-casualty		Q3 2005	Q3 2004
	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004		
Gross	564	401	912	973	438	429	389	420	2,303	2,223
Ceded share	74	11	49	53	22	43	13	19	158	126
Net	490	390	863	920	416	386	376	401	2,145	2,097

* After elimination of intra-Group transactions across segments.

Number of staff

The number of staff employed by the Group as at 30 September 2005 totalled 29,455 (29,851) in Germany and 10,951 (11,111) in other countries.

	30.9.2005	31.12.2004
Reinsurance companies	6,753	6,612
Primary insurance companies	32,969	33,703
Asset management	684	647
Total	40,406	40,962

Contingent liabilities, other financial commitments

In comparison with the situation at 31 December 2004 there have been no material changes in financial commitments of significance for the assessment of the Group's financial position. No contingent liabilities have been entered into for the benefit of Board members.

Earnings per share

The earnings per share figure is calculated by dividing the consolidated net income for the reporting period by the weighted average number of shares.

Events after the balance sheet date

On 5 October 2005, the governing bodies of our Group companies holding hvb shares accepted UniCredit's offer to hvb shareholders to exchange each hvb share for five UniCredit shares. On completion of the exchange offer, the Munich Re Group's stake in UniCredit would be between 6.5% and 7.0% as things stand at present, approximately half of which will be held by Munich Re and half by companies of the ergo Insurance Group.

At the beginning of October, Munich Re and Württembergische Leben agreed on the sale of the Karlsruher Insurance Group. The sale is subject to the approval of the regulatory authorities.

In the second half of October, Hurricane Wilma caused heavy losses in Central and North America, which will probably impact us with an amount of us\$ 400m.

Earnings per share		Q1-3 2005	Q1-3 2004	Q3 2005	Q3 2004
Consolidated result attributable to Munich Re shareholders	€m	1,332	1,527	492	365
Weighted average number of shares		228,287,183	228,802,101	227,992,836	228,586,159
Earnings per share	€	5.83	6.68	2.16	1.60

© November 2005

Münchener Rückversicherungs-Gesellschaft

Königinstrasse 107

80802 München

Germany

Tel.: +49 (89) 3891-0

Fax: +49 (89) 399056

<http://www.munichre.com>

Responsible for content

Central Division: Group Accounting

Printed by

Druckerei Fritz Kriechbaumer

Wettersteinstrasse 12

82024 Taufkirchen, Germany



© 2005

Münchener Rückversicherungs-Gesellschaft

Königinstrasse 107

80802 München

Germany

Order number: 302-04706